T	December 13, 2023
2	
3	Gerard J. Roerty, Jr.
4	Vice President, General Counsel & Secretary
5	Swedish Match USA, Inc.
6	1021 East Cary Street, Suite 1600
7	Richmond, VA 23219
8	Phone:(b) (6)
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10	
11	Food and Drug Administration
12	Center for Tobacco Products
13	Document Control Center
14	Building 71, Room G335
15	10903 New Hampshire Avenue
16	Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002
17	
18	SUBJECT: [AMENDMENT – POST-MARKET SURVEILLANCE STUDIES WAVE REPORTS] Modified Risk Tobacco
19	Product Application Renewal MR0000256
20	Dear Sir or Madam:
21	
22	On July 17, 2023, Swedish Match USA, Inc. ("Swedish Match", "our" or "we") submitted our
23	Modified Risk Tobacco Product Application Renewal to Center for Tobacco Products.
24	
25	On December 12, 2023, we received an email referencing our renewal submission – MR0000256,
26	explaining that CTP was unable to locate the General Snus Patterns of Use Study - Wave 3 and requesting a
27	timeline as to when each Wave was fielded.
28	
29	Under the MRTP reporting requirements, Swedish Match had full intention to submit all required
30	study phases with our submission. We believe that due to the timing of when reports were received from
31	our vendor, the Wave 3 study was erroneously omitted and not included in error with our Swedish Match
32	PMTA MRTP Combined Postmarket Annual Report dated Oct 28, 2022. The Wave 4 study was included with
33	that submission.
34	
35	After reviewing the Wave Report documents in our possession, we now submit ALL Post Market
36	Surveillance Study Wave Reports to fulfill the document requirements for Section 1 – Annual Post-Market
37	Surveillance and Studies Report Summary (please see document summary below).
38	
39	If further information is required, please feel free to contact me.
40	Sincerely yours.
41	(b) (c)
42	
43	
44	Gerard J. Roerty, Jr.

Vice President, General Counsel & Secretary

45 <u>Attachment A – General Snus Patterns of Use Study Timeline</u>

46 Attachment B - PMSS Wave Technical Report Summary

- 47 B.1 General Snus Patterns of Use Study Wave 1 Technical Report_v1.0_070CT2020_Final
- 48 B.2 General Snus Patterns of Use Study Wave 2 Technical Report_v2.0_13JUL2021_Final
- 49 B.3 General Snus Patterns of Use Study Wave 3 Technical Report_v2.0_10FEB2022_Final
- 50 B.4 General Snus Patterns of Use Study Wave 4 Technical Report_v1.0_04NOV2022_Final
- 51 B.5 General Snus Patterns of Use Study Longitudinal Report_v1.0_10APR2023_Final

MRTP PMSS SUBMISSIONS

MRTP Order - 10/22/19

"Respondents will complete surveys at Baseline, and again at 6 months, 1 year and 2 years post Baseline period".

PMSS Submission Research Timelines

- Wave 1 (Baseline; Month 0) July 25, 2020 to August 17, 2020
- Wave 2 (Month 6) February 2, 2021 to March 6, 2021
- Wave 3 (Month 12) August 5, 2021 to September 7, 2021
- Wave 4 (Month 24) August 4 2022 to September 5, 2022



General Snus® Patterns of Use Study

Baseline Study Report

SMU 19-01GENS

Product Name:	General Snus®
First Subject Enrolled:	July 25, 2020
Last Subject Completed:	August 17, 2020
Principal Investigators:	(b) (4)
Sponsor:	Swedish Match North America
	Tryggve Ljung, MD., Ph.D., Vice President Scientific Affairs
Version:	1.0 - Final
Report Date:	October 7, 2020

Confidentiality Statement

This document and the information it contains is confidential and the proprietary property of Swedish Match North America. The information is not to be disclosed or transmitted to any party without the express approval of Swedish Match North America, or its parent and affiliate companies, and any such unauthorized use or disclosure is expressly prohibited.

2. SYNOPSIS

Sponsor:

Swedish Match North America (SMNA)

Two James Center 1021 East Cary Street, Suite 1600 Richmond, VA 23219

Name of Finished Product: General Snus®

Name of Active Ingredient: Not applicable

Study Title: General Snus® Patterns of Use Study

Investigator: (b) (4)

Publication (reference): Not applicable

Studied Period: Wave 1 Baseline

Start of data collection: July 25, 2020

End of data collection: August 17, 2020

Objective: The overarching research questions within this study are as follows: (i) How do General Snus[®] users use tobacco and nicotine products (TNP), and (ii) how do they perceive health risks associated with cigarettes and General Snus[®]? These questions will be studied using a self-reported survey examining patterns of use for the previous 30 days (Baseline-Wave 1) and assessment of TNP use among the same General Snus[®] users again at 6 months (Wave 2), 1-year (Wave 3) and 2-year (Wave 4) intervals post baseline.

Primary Objectives:

Use behavior will be assessed, utilizing data from all 4 waves of the study:

1. Compare TNP patterns of use, between all 4 waves. The study will examine self-reported usage patterns for participants, in aggregate, over time. The study will report on frequency of use of *General* Snus® use, as well as other TNP, if multiple TNP use is reported. Of specific interest will be usage patterns of cigarettes. Intent to quit and actual quitting of cigarettes will be assessed at each wave of the study.

- 2. Among *General* Snus[®] users, compare consumption patterns of cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] over the last 30 days (Baseline) with consumption patterns in Waves 2 through 4. Of particular interest is whether usage of *General* Snus[®] offsets usage of cigarettes.
- 3. Characterize *General* Snus[®] users in terms of prior TNP use and demographics and compare this to new users of smokeless TNP as reported in the Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health (PATH)
- 4. Compare the tendencies of General Snus® users to quit cigarettes or use General Snus® in an incremental fashion, in a supplemental fashion, or in complete substitution of cigarettes.

Secondary Objectives:

Risk Perception and understanding of the MRTP claim will be assessed utilizing data from all 4 Waves of the study:

- 1. Assess perceptions of risk of certain health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease, and lung cancer, separately) among *General* Snus[®] users.
 - a. Assess the absolute risk attributed to using only *General* Snus[®] daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes daily, and never having used any TNPs.
- 2. Assess the extent to which *General* Snus® users understand the risk reduction as stated in the modified risk claim

Methodology: General Snus[®] user groups were recruited directly from purchasers of General Snus[®] through invitation stickers placed directly on General Snus[®] canisters

A third-party vendor, News America Marketing, was hired to place the study invitation stickers on product packaging (e.g., each individual *General* Snus® canister) for all varieties of *General* Snus® available at retail outlets, from July 25 – August 7, 2020. The sticker initiative targeted approximately 10,600 retail stores carrying *General* Snus® across all locations where *General* Snus® was sold at the time of recruitment. Additionally, the sticker identified a website where users who were interested in participating accessed the survey through a secure and unique survey link. The first set of questions were the survey screener, designed to qualify the participant using the study inclusion and exclusion criteria. Once qualified, all respondents accessed a web survey online via a computer, smartphone, or tablet. The study was a 15-minute survey where participants were asked to self-report TNP use within the past 30 days.

This study will be a longitudinal, prospective study that consists of multiple waves to gain an understanding of how *General* Snus[®] is used by consumers. Respondents completed surveys at Baseline, and will also be questioned at 6 months, 1 year and 2 years post Baseline period. All participants for the Baseline wave must have reported use of *General* Snus[®] at least once in the previous 30 days and reported use on some days or every day.

In addition to reporting TNP use, participants will report their perceptions of health risk and their understanding of the modified risk claim.

Number of Patients (Planned and Analyzed):

Planned: The Baseline study was planned to recruit a total sample of 1500 participants but was able to exceed target with 1669 participants. Each participant who participated in the Baseline study agreed to participate in the subsequent waves. Respondents who completed the Baseline study may participate in any of the subsequent waves.

Analyzed: The study retained 1655 participants at baseline: *General* Snus[®] users. Fourteen out of the 1669 participants were excluded from analysis because they failed the attention check question in the survey. The number of respondents that completed all four study waves will be determined after completion of each wave.

Inclusion Criteria:

In addition to the already mentioned cohort definitions, respondents met the following criteria to be included in the study:

- Have used *General* Snus[®] at least once or more within past 30 days prior AND use it every day or some days prior to study initiation
- Minimum age of 21 years
- Agree to participate in four surveys over the two-year period
- Able to read and speak English
- Currently a resident of the United States
- Individuals who provide electronic informed consent and personal contact information

Exclusion Criteria:

Respondents who met any of the following criteria were excluded from the study:

- Respond as "don't know" or "decline to answer" to specific demographics (gender, geographical region)
- Unwilling or unable to provide electronic informed consent and personal contact information
- Employed in any of the following fields or professions: market research, marketing, advertising, manufacturers of TNP, or physicians
- Have taken part in a consumer research study on tobacco in the past 2 weeks

Statistical Methods: All baseline analyses performed for the *General* Snus[®] Patterns of Use Study were descriptive in nature.

Descriptive analyses provide summary statistics for all variables. Summary statistics include counts and proportions for categorical variables and means, standard deviations, medians, minimums and maximums for ordinal and continuous variables. Descriptive statistics describe the sample as well as verify the quality of the data. Inferential statistical testing will be conducted to evaluate change in primary and secondary outcome measures (i.e., patterns of use, risk perception, understanding of claim) from baseline and each follow-up wave of the study. Baseline vs. each follow-up (waves 2, 3, and 4) will be conducted using paired sample t-tests for continuous variables and McNemar test for categorical variables in order to account for correlated measures

The study team formatted and properly labelled the data sets (including all responses from respondents and the date that the survey was completed) using Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (IBM SPSS Statistics v23, 2015) and R software (version 3.5.2) so they were suitable for analysis. The data sets contained a subject ID number and did not contain any information that could be used to identify individual respondents.

Results and Discussion:

Overall, the *General* Snus® respondents and New *General* Snus® cohorts were comparable, though the new product user cohort was slightly younger, more were female, more had some college but no degree, and reported an annual household income less than \$49,999. However, due the small sample size of the new users (n=52), this data may be difficult to generalize and make conclusions.

Primary Objective 1: Evaluate baseline TNP use in the past 30 days.

Reported TNP use in the past 30 days: Among the 1655 *General* Snus® respondents, at least 40% of ever users (from 43.3% to 62.3%) reported other TNP use, including E-cigarettes, moist snuff, nicotine pouches, cigars, cigarillos, or filtered cigars filled with tobacco products while about 30% of ever users (from 19.8% to 32.7%) reported smoking, chewing tobacco, using pipe tobacco, hookah or water pipe tobacco, and aids to help smoking. Of those who reported ever cigarette use (n=914), 32.7% (n=299) smoked over the past 30 days and for those who reported using *General* Snus® over the past 30 days, only 18.1% (n=299) used cigarettes concurrently. Of those who reported ever cigarette use, the majority of participants (67.2%) reported that they did not smoke at all over the past 30 days while 13.1% reported that they smoked every day and 19.6% reported that they smoked on some days.

For these *General* Snus® users, less than a third reported other TNP use and only 18.1% reported smoking concurrently over the past 30 days.

Primary Objective 1: Evaluate baseline intention to quit TNP based on the Motivation to Stop Scale (MTSS) and cigarette quitting behavior

Cigarette quitting behavior and intention to quit TNP based on the MTSS: Among the 299 *General* Snus® users who responded they smoked every day or on some days over the past 30 days, 16.4% reported that they completely quit smoking. Of the 250 that reported they did not completely quit smoking, 44.0% reported that they were currently trying to quit smoking. The average MTSS score for cigarettes was 2.5 suggesting low intentions to quit smoking.

Primary Objective 2: Evaluate baseline average number of days General Snus® pouches and cigarettes were used over the past 30 days.

Reported number of days General Snus[®] pouches and cigarettes were used over the past 30 days: Over the past 30 days, 82.1% of *General* Snus[®] users reported using *General* Snus[®] every day and they used an average of 10.5 pouches per day. The remaining participants reported using *General* Snus[®] on 49.8% of days and an average of 5.3 pouches on the days they are used.

In addition, 7.3% of *General* Snus[®] users reported smoking cigarettes every day at an average of 12.3 cigarettes per day.

Secondary Objective 1: Assess perceptions of absolute risk of certain health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer) among General Snus® users attributed to using to using only General Snus® daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of General Snus® and cigarettes daily, and never having used any TNPs.

Perceptions of Absolute Risk: When looking across all absolute risk metrics, a consistent pattern emerged. Respondents perceived that cigarettes presented the greatest risk of harm across different health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer). Usage of *General* Snus[®] products alone was associated with some risk of health conditions, although at a lower rate than smoking. Never using TNP was generally deemed to carry the lowest risk.

Secondary Objective 2: Assess baseline understanding of the risk reduction as described in the modified risk claim among General Snus[®] users, especially new users.

The majority of respondents comprehended that *General* Snus® puts them at lower risk than smoking cigarettes for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic

bronchitis. The majority of responders also understood the modified risk claim that smoking zero cigarettes would lower their risk of disease.

Similar response patterns were observed within the new user cohort. Although about 20% responded that they did not understand the claim that *General* Snus[®] puts them at lower risk than smoking cigarettes for different diseases, this response came from a small sample of 11 respondents.

Strengths and Limitations of the Baseline Study:

This study was conducted following the guidance of the Center for Tobacco Products (FDA Guidance for Industry, 2011) within the FDA on data for human studies designed to evaluate the risks and benefits to the population, including users and non-users of tobacco products. The study benefitted from the administration of the web-based survey which allowed for improved survey designs and accurate data capture.

Additionally, in virtually all cases survey questions utilized validated scales, or scales directly comparable to studies in literature. In particular, usage of the Motivation to Stop Scale allowed for simple, justifiable interpretation. Scales used in risk perception questions line up with other tobacco-related research, such as HINTS.

There were limitations to the current study, arguably none of which should draw concern regarding data integrity. The data collected were from current users of *General* Snus[®]. The perceived health risk assessments were intended to evaluate real-world perceptions after exposure to real-world information on *General* Snus[®], but obviously they did not have the same contextual, social, and emotional consequences of actual decisions. One could only expect a limited degree of accuracy and extrapolation while capturing behavioral intentions, as unforeseen factors can impact actual behaviors. Thus, differences may arise between stated and actual choices, and stated and actual behaviors. Potential hypothetical bias may be limited by constructing questions that mimic realistic perceptions and behaviors as closely as possible. In addition, since data from this study were dependent on respondent self-reporting, subsequently reported variables may also be subjected to recall bias and the inability to confirm actual tobacco use behavior. Self-reported data collection is a standard approach and any potential problems with recall bias were anticipated to be constant across time points.

Respondents were recruited based on invitation stickers placed directly on *General* Snus® canisters. As a result, recruitment could be considered a convenience sample. Further, due to sample selection during recruitment, respondents who were more interested in research, or perhaps healthy enough to participate, may be over-represented, hence the possibility of

selection bias. Although these issues raised concerns about the external validity of the findings (e.g., our sample may not be fully generalizable to all consumers), the recruitment plan was designed to mirror the underlying populations.

Baseline Study Conclusion:

Baseline study findings support the conclusion that overall, the introduction of *General* Snus[®] does not appear to compromise public health in any way, based on perceptions of risk as assessed in the Baseline study. Specifically, results demonstrated that respondents perceived that cigarettes presented the greatest risk of health conditions which include mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer. Moreover, usage of *General* Snus[®] products alone was associated with some risk of health conditions, although at a lower rate than smoking. Never using TNP was generally deemed to carry the lowest risk.

In addition, current *General* Snus[®] users include a significant number of former cigarette smokers (67.2%) suggesting that use of *General* Snus[®] may support a reduction in smoking.

Final Date: October 7, 2020

3. TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. TITLE	1
2. SYNOPSIS	2
3. TABLE OF CONTENTS	9
3.1 LIST OF IN-TEXT TABLES	11
3.2 LIST OF IN-TEXT FIGURES	12
4. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS OF TERMS	13
5. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES	14
5.1 Investigator and Contributors	
5.2 Sponsor	14
6. ETHICS	14
6.1 Institutional Review Board (IRB)	
6.2 Ethical Conduct of the Study	
6.3 Respondent Information and Consent	14
7. INTRODUCTION	
7.1 Background	
7.2 Rationale	16
8. STUDY OBJECTIVES	
8.1 Primary Objectives	
8.2 Secondary Objectives	17
9. INVESTIGATIONAL PLAN	
9.1 Overall Study Design and Plan: Description	
9.1.1 Study Design	
9.2 Study Cohorts	
9.2.2 Exclusion Criteria	
9.3 Determination of Sample Size	
9.4 Variables of Relevance to the Study	
9.4.1 Outcomes	
9.4.2 Respondent Characteristics	
9.4.3 Respondent Characteristics	
9.5 Time Points of Importance	
10. STATISTICAL ANALYSIS	
10.1 Study Analysis	
10.2 Socio-demographics	
10.3 Statistical Alialysis by Study Objective	
10.4 Changes in the Conduct of the Study or Planned Analyses	
11. STATISTICAL AND ANALYTICAL ISSUES	
11. STATISTICAL AND ANALTTICAL ISSUES	
11.1.1 Data Capture	

11.1.2 Data Management and Analysis QC Process	34
11.2 Missing Data	
11.3 Identification of Outliers	35
12. STUDY RESPONDENTS	36
12.1 Study Fielding Summary	
12.2 Final Sample	
•	
13. WAVE 1 (BASELINE) STUDY RESULTS	
13.1 Descriptive Results 13.2 Demographics and Respondent Characteristics	
13.2 Demographics and Respondent Characteristics	
13.3.1 Primary Objective 1: Baseline TNP use in the past 30 days.	
13.3.2 Baseline intention to quit TNP based on the Motivation to Stop Scale (MTSS)	
cigarette quitting behavior.	
13.3.3 Primary Objective 2: Baseline average number of days <i>General</i> Snus [®] pouches w	
used over the past 30 days	
13.3.4 Primary Objective 2: Baseline average number of days cigarettes were smoked of	
the past 30 days	44
13.3.5 Primary Objective 3: Characterize General Snus® users, especially new users, in te	rms
of prior TNP use and demographics and compare this to new users of smokeless T	'nΡ
as reported in the Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health (PATH)	
13.4 Baseline Results for Secondary Objectives	
13.4.1 Secondary Objective 1: Baseline Perception of absolute risk to using only General	
Snus® daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of General Snus® and cigare	
daily, and never having used any TNPs	
13.4.2 Secondary Objective 2: Baseline understanding of the risk reduction as described	
the modified risk claim among <i>General</i> Snus® users, especially new users	
13.5 Results Summary	51
14. DISCUSSION AND OVERALL CONCLUSIONS	52
14.1 Strengths and Limitations of the Study	
14.2 Overall Baseline Study Conclusions	53
15. REFERENCES	54

3.1 LIST OF IN-TEXT TABLES

Table 1: Patterns of Use Study Cohorts
Table 2: Sample Sizes for Waves 1 to 4 Studies
Table 3. Outcomes Table for Primary Objective 1 – TNP patterns of use among <i>General</i> Snus® users
Table 4. Outcomes Table for Primary Objective 2 – <i>General</i> Snus® and cigarettes pattern of use.
Table 5. Outcomes Table for Primary Objective 3 – TNP patterns of use among <i>General</i> Snus [®] and New <i>General</i> Snus [®] users compared to PATH Study users
Table 6. Outcomes Table for Primary Objective 4 – Quitting cigarettes, incremental use, supplemental use, and completely substituting <i>General</i> Snus® in place of cigarettes
Table 7. Outcomes Table for Secondary Objective 1 – Perceptions of absolute risk29
Table 8. Outcomes Table for Secondary Objective 1 – Perceptions of absolute risk29
Table 9. Outcomes Table for Secondary Objective 1 – Perceptions of absolute risk30
Table 10. Outcomes Table for Secondary Objective 2 – Understanding of the MRTP claim for General Snus®
Table 11. Outcomes Table for Secondary Objective 2 – Understanding of the MRTP claim for General Snus®
Table 12: Fielding Summary
Table 13: Socio-demographics of General Snus® and New General Snus® users37
Table 14. TNP patterns of use for General Snus® users. Reported TNP use in the last 30 days40
Table 15. TNP patterns of use for <i>General</i> Snus® users. Intention to quit TNP based on the Motivation to Stop Scale (MTSS) at Baseline
Table 16. TNP patterns of use for General Snus® users. Quitting cigarettes behavior43
Table 17. General Snus® patterns of use. Outcomes include percent of days that General Snus® is used and average number of General Snus® pouches used
Table 18. Cigarettes pattern of use among <i>General</i> Snus® users. Outcomes include percent of days cigarettes are smoked and average number of cigarettes smoked
The sample size of new users in PATH could not be established at the time of this report and for Table 19. In addition, Table 20 and 21 will be provided in Wave 2 to Wave 4 reporting follow up data from Month 6 to Year 2
Table 22. Perceptions of absolute risk for daily General Snus® users and smokers46
Table 23. Perceptions of absolute risk for dual General Snus® users and smokers and never TNP users
Table 24. Understanding of the MRTP claim for General Snus®

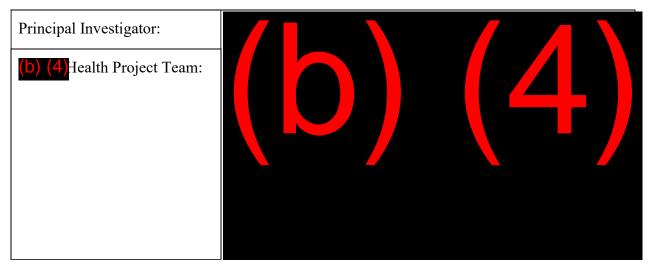
3.2	LIST OF IN-TEXT FIGURES	
Figur	e 1: Summary of Research Phases	17

4. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

Abbreviation or Specialist Term	Definition
CASRO	Council of American Survey Research Organizations
СТР	Center for Tobacco Products
FDA	FDA Food and Drug Administration
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
НСР	Health Care Professional
HINTS	Health Information National Trends Survey
ICF	Informed Consent Form
IRB	IRB Institutional Review Board
MRTP	Modified Risk Tobacco Product
MRTPA	Modified Risk Tobacco Product Application
PATH	Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health
PII	Personally Identifiable Information
PMTA	Premarket Tobacco Product Application
RDD	Random Digit Dialing
SAP	Statistical Analysis Plan
SMNA	Swedish Match North America, LLC
TNP	Tobacco/Nicotine Product(s)
U.S.	United States

5. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES

5.1 Investigator and Contributors



5.2 Sponsor

Sponsor:	Swedish Match North America, LLC
	Tryggve Ljung, MD., Ph.D., Vice President Scientific Affairs

6. ETHICS

6.1 Institutional Review Board (IRB)

Documented approval from a central IRB in the U.S. was obtained prior to the initiation of the study. Sterling, IRB (Atlanta, Georgia) approved this study. When necessary, an extension, amendment or renewal of the IRB approval was obtained from Sterling, IRB and forwarded to SMNA.

6.2 Ethical Conduct of the Study

The study was carried out within an approved indication and in accordance with Center for Tobacco Products (CTP) guidance on data for human studies designed to evaluate the risks and benefits to the population as a whole (CTP Addendum, 2017)¹. Additionally, (b)(4) conducts all our research in accordance with the requirements of our Quality System, which confirms to ISO 20252:2012 the International Standard for Market Research, Certification Number: 1019.

6.3 Respondent Information and Consent

Prior to beginning the survey, potential respondents were provided with a statement of informed consent. The consent informed potential respondents that participation in the study was voluntary,

and that responses remained confidential. It also included information about the goals of the study, the approximate length of the survey, and incentives for participation. Lastly, the statement of informed consent provided potential respondents with the resource references to address any concerns they could have. A link to each panel was given if the respondent had any specific questions about the survey instrument or incentives for participation.

After potential respondents read the statement of informed consent, they were asked, "Do you voluntarily agree to participate in this study?" Respondents who selected "I agree to participate" were able to complete the survey. At any time during survey completion, the respondent could choose to exit the survey should they decided not to participate any further. Data provided by a respondent who exited the survey prematurely were not utilized in any analyses. Respondents who selected "I do not agree to participate" were thanked for their time before exiting. IRB written approval / favorable opinion of the electronic informed consent form and any other written information provided to respondents were obtained prior to the initiation of the study.

7. INTRODUCTION

7.1 Background

In November 2015, Swedish Match North America, (SMNA) received market authorization for *General* Snus[®], a moist tobacco product placed under the upper lip that does not involve spitting or chewing². In its first applications reviewed through the MRTP pathway, the FDA deferred final action on providing *General* Snus[®] a MRTP designation providing some guidance on how SMNA could amend their application to provide greater support for a modified risk designation. SMNA filed its amended MRTPA on September 17, 2018 and the FDA granted the risk modification order on October 22, 2019. This study is being conducted as required for post marketing surveillance following risk modification order.

7.2 Rationale

The protocol and questionnaire were reviewed with FDA and output of this research will be submitted to the agency as part of the surveillance requirement of the MRTP order.

8. STUDY OBJECTIVES

The overarching research questions within this study are as follows: (i) How do General Snus® users use TNP, and (ii) how do they perceive health risks associated with cigarettes and General Snus®? These questions will be studied using a self-reported survey examining patterns of use for the previous 30 days (Baseline-Wave 1) and assessment of TNP use among the same General Snus® users again at 6 months (Wave 2), 1-year (Wave 3) and 2-year (Wave 4) intervals post Baseline.

8.1 Primary Objectives

Use behavior will be assessed, utilizing data from all 4 waves of the study:

- 1. Compare TNP patterns of use, between all 4 waves. The study will examine self-reported usage patterns for participants, in aggregate, over time. The study will report on frequency of use of *General* Snus® use, as well as other TNP, if multiple TNP use is reported. Of specific interest will be usage patterns of cigarettes. Intent to quit and actual quitting of cigarettes will be assessed at each wave of the study.
- 2. Among *General* Snus[®] users, compare consumption patterns of cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] over the last 30 days (Baseline) with consumption patterns in Waves 2 through 4.
 - Of particular interest is whether usage of General Snus® offsets usage of cigarettes.
- 3. Characterize *General* Snus[®] users, especially new users, in terms of prior TNP use and demographics and compare this to new users of smokeless TNP as reported in the Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health (PATH)³.
- 4. Compare the tendencies of General Snus® users to quit cigarettes or use *General* Snus® in an incremental fashion, in a supplemental fashion, or in complete substitution of cigarettes.

8.2 Secondary Objectives

Risk Perception and understanding of the MRTP claim will be assessed utilizing data from all 4 Waves of the study:

- 1. Assess perceptions of risk of certain health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer, separately) among *General* Snus® users.
 - a. Asses the absolute risk attributed to using only *General* Snus[®] daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes daily, and never having used any TNPs.
- 2. Assess the extent to which *General* Snus[®] users, especially new users, understand the risk reduction as described in the modified risk claim

9. INVESTIGATIONAL PLAN

9.1 Overall Study Design and Plan: Description

9.1.1 Study Design

As noted previously, the *General* Snus® Patterns of Use Study seeks to evaluate TNP patterns of use among *General* Snus® users through a Baseline Study focused on 30-day recall of TNP use, accompanied by follow up studies comprised of another 30-day recall period at 6-months, 1- and 2-year intervals after the Baseline study.

Baseline Wave 2 Wave 3 Wave 4 Survey Wave 1 Design 6 months Retrospective 2 yrs post and 1 yr post 30-Day Recall Baseline Baseline **Testing** Baseline Survey (n=540*)(n 900*) (n=1,200*) (n=1500)

Figure 1: Summary of Research Phases

*Study population estimated for Waves 2, 3 and 4, were based on (b)(4) experience in implementing multiple wave longitudinal studies, coupled with enhanced retention strategies.

For the Baseline Study, all participants who qualified and signed the electronic Informed Consent form accessed a web survey online via a computer, smartphone, or tablet. The Baseline Wave was a 15-minute survey where participants were asked to self-report TNP use history within the past 30 days. A 30-day recall period was selected based both upon review of the available tobacco and nicotine peer reviewed literature utilizing 30-day recall for understanding current and recent usage of TNP as well as applying the PATH methodology of asking consumers to recall specific TNP use in a 30-day period.³

Prior to launching the study in full, (b)(4) conducted a quality check of the survey. The primary objective of this quality check was to confirm that all facets of the data collection process function according to protocol; items of specific interest include the length of interview, and the accuracy of the web-based instrument (i.e., survey), all of which worked to ensure the primary objectives of the research were met.

At the completion of the Baseline Wave 1, *General* Snus® users were reminded about the next wave of the study. Interim reminders between each wave will be sent to each participant at 3-month intervals to reduce the attrition rate between surveys.

9.2 Study Cohorts

The study population consisted of U.S. adults ages 21 years or older who were current users of *General* Snus[®], where a current user is defined as having reported using *General* Snus[®] within 30 days prior to receiving the survey invitation. The study included respondents from the cohorts described in Table 1

Table 1: Patterns of Use Study Cohorts

Current General Snus®	All <i>General</i> Snus [®] users were recruited through the canister sticker program. Users were then confirmed through the screener to:
users	Have used <i>General</i> Snus [®] at least once over the past 30 days

9.2.1 Inclusion Criteria

In addition to the cohorts to be included in this study, respondents had to meet the following criteria to be included:

- Have used *General* Snus[®] at least once or more within past 30 days prior AND use it every day or some days prior to study initiation
- Minimum age of 21 years
- Agree to participate in four surveys over the two-year period
- Able to read and speak English
- Currently a resident of the United States
- Individuals who provide electronic informed consent and personal contact information

9.2.2 Exclusion Criteria

Respondents who meet any of the following criteria were excluded from the study:

- Respond as "don't know" or "decline to answer" to specific demographics (gender, geographical region)
- Unwilling or unable to provide electronic informed consent and personal contact information
- Employed in any of the following fields or professions: market research, marketing, advertising, manufacturers of TNP, or physicians
- Have taken part in a consumer research study on tobacco in the past 2 weeks

9.3 Determination of Sample Size

The Wave 1 or Baseline Study targeted a total sample of n=1,500 participants. Each participant who participated in the Baseline study agreed to participate in the subsequent waves.

Additionally, periodic reminders will be sent at 3-month intervals to all participants in the Baseline study in an attempt to retain participants for each subsequent wave. Respondents who completed the Baseline study may participate in any of the subsequent waves.

Using retention strategies, which included increased honoraria, periodic reminders, and allowing a respondent to continue in any subsequent wave, so long as they complete the Baseline wave, [(b)(4)] anticipates a 40% drop out rate each year, resulting an estimated sample of n=1200 participants in Wave 2, n=900 participants in Wave 3 and n=540 participants in Wave 4⁴. With an estimated population of at least 40,000 *General* Snus® users in the U.S., a sample size of 540 would provide 0.05% margin of error with 95% confidence interval.

Table 2: Sample Sizes for Waves 1 to 4 Studies.

Cohort Number	Completing Wave 1 (Baseline) Study	Completing Wave 2 Study	Completing Wave 3 Study	Completing Wave 4 Study
Current General Snus® users	1655	TBD	TBD	TBD

9.4 Variables of Relevance to the Study

9.4.1 Outcomes

9.4.1.1 Outcomes for Primary Objectives

Outcomes that were used to evaluate the primary objectives are as follows:

Reported use in the last 30 days was assessed by using one item observing **frequency** of use for cigarettes, General Snus[®] and other TNP used over the last 30 days. The item is based on the approach employed in PATH for observing current TNP use.³ Response options for frequency of use included "Every day," "Some Days," "Not at All," and "Don't know".

Self-reported consumption for both cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] was assessed with questions regarding daily use in each wave of the survey. Examples of reported *General* Snus[®] consumption survey questions can be found in the *General* Snus[®] Pattern of Use Study protocol. Similar consumption questions were asked of those who also reported using cigarettes in the previous 30 days.

Average number of *General* Snus[®] pouches used per day for everyday users were assessed using one item asked of participants who report using *General* Snus[®] every day. The item reported the number of *General* Snus[®] pouches used each day. This item was based on the approach employed in PATH for observing TNP use².

Average number of General Snus[®] **pouches used per day for somedays users** was assessed using two items asked of participants who reported using **General** Snus[®] some days. One item reported the number of days **General** Snus[®] pouches was used. The second item reported the number of **General** Snus[®] pouches used on each of those days. These items were based on the approach employed in PATH for observing TNP use².

Average Percent of days General Snus® is used in aggregate was derived based on the item in the survey assessing General Snus® usage in everyday users and the items assessing General Snus® in the some day users.

Intention to quit cigarettes was assessed using the Motivation to Stop Scale (MTSS).⁵ The MTSS consists of one item with seven response options ranging from 1 (lowest) to 7 (highest level of motivation to stop smoking), also including "Don't know." Scale developers found that odds of quit attempts increased linearly with increasing levels of motivation. In the current study, we used the MTSS both for assessing intention to quit cigarettes and for other TNPs. Consistent with published research using the MTSS, we reported the mean MTSS score.⁵ The MTSS was

selected for use in the *General* Snus[®] Patterns of Use Study due to its brevity and validation as a strong and accurate predictor of quit attempts. Low intention to stop was defined as a MTSS score of 1-3, and high intention to stop will be defined as a MTSS score of 4-7.

Quitting behaviors for cigarettes was assessed with items assessing past and current quitting and for those who have not or are not currently trying to quit, by assessing intention to quit. Respondents who have not quit using cigarettes in the past 30 days, were asked if they are currently trying to quit. Currently trying to quit was assessed using one item asking "Are you currently trying to quit smoking cigarettes with "yes" or "no" response options.

9.4.1.2 Outcomes for Secondary Objectives

Outcomes that were used to evaluate the secondary objectives were as follows:

Perceptions of absolute risk was assessed using a single-choice scale (5-point Likert scale, fully anchored; from 1= Very low chance to 5= Very high chance, also including "Don't know" and "Decline to answer") for each of three health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease, and lung cancer). This scale was modified from the risk perception scale in HINTS.⁶

Understanding of the MRTP claim was assessed using two items to determine risk perception relative to cigarettes and the elements stated in the claim. The first item was whether there is correct understanding of the claim for using *General* Snus[®] instead of cigarettes. Response options included *General* Snus[®] "puts you at lower risk for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis", "Does not affect your risk for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis", "Puts you at higher risk for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis", "None of the above," "Don't know" and "Decline to answer."

The second item is whether there was correct understanding on the number of cigarettes smoked per day to lower the risk of diseases. Response options were zero, up to 5, or up to 20 cigarettes, "As many as you want to smoke", "Don't know" and "Decline to answer."

Summaries of the outcomes for primary and secondary objectives, including measurement domain, subcategories, measurement details, and metrics, are presented in Tables 3-6 and 7-11, respectively.

9.4.2 Respondent Characteristics

Sociodemographic Variables

- New *General* Snus[®] users were defined as first time General Snus[®] use less than 30 days ago.
- US region of residence was assessed using a single item asking the respondent what state they spend most days of the year in.

- **Age of the respondent** was assessed using a single item asking the respondent how many years old they are. Age of respondent was categorized and reported using the following age groups: 21-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, and 55+ years old. Decline to answer was presented as an option.
- **Gender** was assessed using a single item asking the respondent if they are male or female. Decline to answer was presented as an option.
- Racial or ethnic background was assessed using a single item asking the respondent which best describes their racial/ethnic background. Response options included: Caucasian/White, Black/African American, Hispanic (e.g., Latin American, Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban), Asian or Pacific Islander, Native American or Alaskan native, mixed racial background, other, don't know, and decline to answer.
- **Highest grade or level of school completed** was assessed using a single item asking the respondent which response corresponded to the highest level of education they have attained. Response options included: Less than high school, some high school no diploma, General Educational Development (GED), high school graduate diploma, some college but no degree, Associate degree, Bachelor's degree (e.g., BA, AB, BS), Postgraduate degree (e.g., MBA, PhD, JD, etc.), don't know, and decline to answer.
- **Marital Status** was assessed using a single item asking the respondent their marital status. Response options included: Now married, widowed, divorced, separated, never married, and decline to answer.
- Household income in the last 12 months was assessed using a single item asking respondents which category best described their total household income in the last 12 months. Response options included: Less than \$10,000, \$10,000 to \$14,999, \$15,000 to \$24,999, \$25,000 to \$34,999, \$35,000 to \$49,999, \$50,000 to \$74,999, \$75,000 to \$99,999, \$100,000 to \$199,999, \$200,000 or more, don't know, and decline to answer.

Table 3. Outcomes Table for Primary Objective 1 – TNP patterns of use among General Snus® users.

Measurement Domain	Subcategory	Measurement Details	Metric
	Cigarettes		
	E-cigarettes		
	Moist snuff		
	Chewing tobacco		Patterns of use over the last 30 days has
Patterns of use: Reported use General Snus®	General Snus®	O	3 response options: "Every day," "Some
(Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, Nicotine pouches	Nicotine pouches	frequency of use (10 TNPs in total).	days" and "Not at all." "Don't know"
Year 2)	Cigars, cigarillos or filtered		and "Decline to answer" are also
	cigars filled with tobacco		available as response options.
	Pipe tobacco		
	Hookah or water pipe tobacco		
	Aids to help stop smoking		
		Resnonse based on the validated	The MTSS ⁵ has 7 response options
Patterns of use:		Motivation to Stop Scale (MTSS) ⁵	smoking to 7= I REALLY want to stop
(Baseline)	Cigarenes	will be used to measure intent to quit smoking.	smoking and intend to in the next month. A "Don't know" response is also
			available.
Patterns of use: Quitting behavior	Cigarettes	1) One item assessing quitting behavior for cigarettes over the past 30 days.	1) Quitting behavior for cigarettes over the past 30 days response options are "yes" and "no"
Year 2)		2) One item assessing current quitting behavior for cigarettes if	2) Respondents who have not quit using cigarettes in the past 30 days, will be

response to quitting behavior in the past 30 days is no Response options are "yes" and "no" Response options are "yes" and "no"	
response to quitting behavior in the past 30 days is no	

Table 4. Outcomes Table for Primary Objective 2 - General Snus® and cigarettes pattern of use.

Measurement Domain	Subcategory	Measurement Details	Metric
Patterns of use: Average reported General Snus® use everyday (Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, Year 2)	<i>General</i> Snus [®]	One item assessing the number of General Snus® pouches used $\frac{\text{everyday}}{\text{over the past 30 days}}$	One item assessing the number of pouches everyday at Baseline, Month 6, Year General Snus® pouches used everyday 1, and Year 2 will be derived based on the number of General Snus® pouches used each number of General Snus® pouches used each day
Patterns of use: Average reported General Snus® use on some days (Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, Year 2)	<i>General</i> Snus [®]	One item assessing the number of General Snus® pouches used on some days One item assessing how many days were General Snus® pouches used over the past 30 days	Average reported number of <i>General</i> Snus® pouches on some days at Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, and Year 2 will be derived based on the number of <i>General</i> Snus® pouches over the number of days used

Patterns of use: Percent of days General Snus® is used (Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, Year 2)	General Snus®	One item assessing the number of General Snus® pouches used everyday over the past 30 days.	The percent of days that General Snus® pouches were used everyday over a 30 day period at Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, and Year 2 will be derived based on the number of days General Snus® pouches were used, divided by the 30 day period.
Patterns of use: Average reported cigarettes smoked everyday (Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, Year 2)	<i>General</i> Snus [®]	One item assessing the number of cigarettes smoked everyday over the past 30 days	Average reported number of cigarettes smoked everyday at Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, and Year 2 will be derived based on the number of cigarettes smoked each day
Patterns of use: Average reported cigarettes smoked on some days (Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, Year 2)	General Snus®	One item assessing the number of cigarettes smoked on some days over the past 30 days One item assessing how many smoking days were there over the past 30 days	Average reported number of cigarettes smoked on some days at Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, and Year 2 will be derived based on the number of cigarettes smoked over the number of days smoked

The percent of days that cigarettes were smoked everyday over a 30 day period at Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, and Year 2 will be derived based on the number of days cigarettes were smoked, divided by the 30 day period.
One item assessing the number of cigarettes smoked everyday over the past 30 days.
General Snus®
Patterns of use: Percent of days cigarettes were smoked General Snus® 1, Year 2)

Table 5. Outcomes Table for Primary Objective 3 – TNP patterns of use among *General* Snus® and New *General* Snus® users compared to PATH Study users

Measurement Domain	Subcategory	Measurement Details	Metric
	Cigarettes		
	E-cigarettes		
	Moist snuff		
; ;	Chewing tobacco		Patterns of use over the last 30 days has 3
Patterns of use:	General Snus®	One item for any TMB	response options: "Every day," "Some days"
Month & Von. 1 Von.	Nicotine pouches	framework of use (10 TNDs in total)	and "Not at all." "Don't know" and "Decline
2 PATH)	Cigars, cigarillos or filtered	irequency of use (10 1111 s III total).	to answer" are also available as response
(11111111111111111111111111111111111111	cigars filled with tobacco		options.
	Pipe tobacco		
	Hookah or water pipe tobacco		
	Aids to help stop smoking		

Table 6. Outcomes Table for Primary Objective 4 - Quitting cigarettes, incremental use, supplemental use, and completely substituting General Snus® in place of cigarettes.

Measurement Domain	Subcategory	Measurement Details	Metric
Patterns of use: Quitting smoking cigarettes among General Snus® users at Month 6, Year 1, and	Cigarettes	One item assessing the number of times cigarettes were smoked everyday or on some days over the past 30 days.	Quitting all cigarettes during the Month 6, Year 1 and Year 2 will be derived based on the number of cigarettes smoked. Respondents who smoked everyday or on some days during the Baseline period but none during the Month 6, Year 1 and Year 2 periods will be considered to have quit all cigarette use
rear z cigarette use		One item assessing whether cigarette smokers have completely quit smoking	Completely quit smoking will be assessed at Month 6, Year 1 and Year 2 with response options of "yes" and "no"
Patterns of use: Complete Substitution of General Snus® in place cigarettes at Month 6, Year 1, and Year 2	Cigarettes	One item assessing the number of times cigarettes were smoked everyday or on some days during the Baseline period. One item assessing the number of times cigarettes were smoked everyday or on some days during the Month 6, Year 1 and Year 2 periods.	Completely substituting of <i>General</i> Snus® in place of smoking cigarettes during the Month 6, Year 1 and Year 2 will be derived based on the number of cigarettes smoked. <i>General</i> Snus® users who smoked cigarettes during the Baseline period but use only <i>General</i> Snus® during the Month 6, Year 1 and Year 2 periods will be considered to have completely substituted <i>General</i> Snus® in place of smoking cigarettes.

in Table 6 above. Incremental General Snus® use is defined as number of cigarettes smoked in the Month 6, Year 1, and Year 2 periods be greater * Note: Incremental and supplemental use will be evaluated for General Snus® users based on the average daily reported use outcome presented

Table 7. Outcomes Table for Secondary Objective 1 - Perceptions of absolute risk.

Measurement Domain	Subcategory	Measurement Details	Metric
Absolute risk attributed Mouth cancer to using General Snus®	Mouth cancer	One item for each health condition (3 health conditions total) will assess the	Absolute risk perception of a person
and to smoking Cigarettes daily but using Heart disease	Heart disease	perception of the absolute risk from: a) daily use of only <i>General</i> Snus [®] and	suffering from each health condition will be assessed with "Very low chance," "Low chance," "Moderate chance," "High chance"
(Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, Year 2)	Lung cancer	b) daily use of only cigarettes and no other TNP.	and "Very high chance." "Don't know" is also available as a response option.

Table 8. Outcomes Table for Secondary Objective 1 - Perceptions of absolute risk.

Measurement Domain	Subcategory	Measurement Details	Metric
Absolute risk attributed to dual use of General	Mouth cancer		Absolute risk perception of a person suffering from each health condition will be
Snus® and smoking cigarettes daily but using Heart disease		health conditions total) will assess the perception of the absolute risk from the lise of <i>General</i> Spins® and smoking	assessed with "Very low chance," "Low chance," "Moderate chance," "High chance"
(Baseline, Month 6, Year Lung cancer 1, Year 2)		cigarettes daily	cigarettes daily and "Very high chance." "Don't know" is also available as a response option.

Table 9. Outcomes Table for Secondary Objective 1 - Perceptions of absolute risk.

Measurement Domain	Subcategory	Measurement Details	Metric
Absolute risk attributed Mouth cancer	Mouth cancer	One item for each health condition (3	Absolute risk perception of a person One item for each health condition (3) suffering from each health condition will be
to never naving used any TNPs	Heart disease	health conditions total) will assess the	assessed with "Very low chance," "Low
(Basalina Month & Vaar		perception of the absolute risk from	chance," "Moderate chance," "High chance"
(Dascille, Mollill 9, 10al		never having used any TNP.	and "Very high chance." "Don't know" is
1, 10al 2)	Lung cancer		also available as a response option.

Table 10. Outcomes Table for Secondary Objective 2 – Understanding of the MRTP claim for General Snus®

Measurement Domain	Subcategory	Measurement Details	Metric
Understanding of the MRTP claim for risk of disease from using General Snus® instead of	<i>General</i> Snus [®]	One item assessing whether the risk for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung	One item assessing whether the risk for lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic mouth cancer, heart disease, lung bronchitis", "Does not affect your risk for the risk for lung cancer, heart disease, lung bronchitis", "Does not affect your risk for the risk for lung bronchitis", "Does not affect your risk for the risk for lung bronchitis", "Does not affect your risk for lung bronchitis", "Does not affect your risk for lung bronchitis", "Does not affect your risk for lung lung lung lung lung lung lung lung
cigarettes (Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, Year 2)	New <i>General</i> Snus® users	cancer, stoke, emphysema, and enronic bronchitis is lower, the same, or higher with <i>General</i> Snus® vs. smoking cigarettes	bronchitis is lower, the same, or higher with <i>General</i> Snus® vs. smoking cigarettes cigarettes cigarettes cigarettes cigarettes cof the above?, "Don't know", and "Decline to answer?.

Table 11. Outcomes Table for Secondary Objective 2 - Understanding of the MRTP claim for General Snus®

Measurement Domain	Subcategory	Measurement Details	Metric
Understanding of the MRTP claim for number General Snus® of cigarettes smoked to	<i>General</i> Snus®	One item assessing the number of cigarettes smoked to lower the risk for	Understanding of the MRTP claim will have 6 response options including: "Zero
(Baseline, Month 6, Year 1, Year 2)	New <i>General</i> Snus® users	mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis	cigarettes", "As many as you want to smoke", "Don't know" and "Decline to answer".

9.4.3 Respondent Characteristics

9.4.3.1 Socio-demographic Variables

State of residence, which will be assessed using a single item asking the respondent what state they spend most days of the year in.

Age of the respondent will be assessed using a single item asking the respondent how many years old they are. Age of respondent will be categorized for reporting using the following age groups: 21-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, and 55+ years old.

Gender will be assessed using a single item asking the respondent if they are male or female. Decline to answer is also an option.

9.5 Time Points of Importance

Time points of importance in the Prospective Study included the 30-day period for Baseline (Wave 1), Month 6 (Wave 2), Year 1 (Wave 3) and Year 2 (Wave 4).

10. STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

10.1 Study Analysis

All analyses performed for the *General* Snus® Patterns of Use Study included descriptive analysis and inferential statistical testing of changes over time, across waves of the study.

Descriptive Analysis

Descriptive statistics used to understand the distribution of socio-demographic and outcomes variables (see Sections 9.4.1 and 9.4.2) were based on the raw data (i.e., prior to any recoding or any aggregation required for the final presentation of results). Respondents with values for variables that are illogical or deemed unreliable, as determined by the underlying distribution, will be considered for removal prior to performing the main analyses. (See Section 11.2 and 11.4 for details regarding this process). Numeric variables were described using total sample size, number of missing observations (if applicable), means, standard deviations, medians, minimums, and maximums. Categorical variables will be described using frequencies, percentages, and the number of missing observations (if applicable).

Unless otherwise specified in the table, descriptive statistics reported for the main analyses included the number of non-missing observations, means, standard deviations, and 95% confidence intervals (CIs), for numeric variables. For categorical variables, they included the number of non-missing observations, frequencies, percentages, and 95% CIs for the percentage of respondents endorsing each category.

Inferential Statistical Testing (after Wave 1 or Baseline Study)

Inferential statistical testing will be conducted to evaluate change in primary and secondary outcome measures (i.e., patterns of use, risk perception, understanding of claim) from baseline and each follow-up wave of the study. Baseline vs. each follow-up (Waves 2, 3, and 4) will be conducted using paired sample t-tests for continuous variables and McNemar test for categorical variables in order to account for correlated measures. These inferential statistical comparisons will reveal whether changes are occurring across the waves of the study within individuals. For paired sample t-tests, means (baseline and follow-up), standard deviations (baseline and follow-up), t-test statistic, degrees of freedom, and p-value will be reported. For McNemar tests, proportions in percentages (baseline and follow-up) and p-values will be reported. Any two-sided p-values of less than 0.05 will be considered to be statistically significant.

The study team formatted and properly labelled the data sets (including all responses from respondents and the date that the survey was completed) using Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (IBM SPSS Statistics v23, 2015) and R software (version 3.5.2) so they were suitable for analysis. The data sets contained a subject ID number and did not contain any information that could be used to identify individual respondents.

10.2 Socio-demographics

Descriptive statistics were summarized in this Wave 1 (Baseline) Study report for all sociodemographic variables outlined in **Section 9.4.2**. Specifically, state of residence, age of respondent, gender, racial or ethnic background, highest grade or level of school completed, marital status, and household income in the last 12 months, were reported for the *General* Snus[®] users.

10.3 Statistical Analysis by Study Objective

10.3.1 Primary and Secondary Objectives

Descriptive statistics for accomplishing primary and secondary objectives for patterns of *General* Snus[®] use will be provided after completion of the Wave 2, Wave 3, and Wave 4 accordingly.

10.4 Changes in the Conduct of the Study or Planned Analyses

There were no changes made to the protocol or statistical analysis plan.

11. STATISTICAL AND ANALYTICAL ISSUES

11.1 Data Capture and Management

11.1.1 Data Capture

The web-based survey was created by the (b)(4) programming team using Decipher® software for web-based survey programming (v117, Fresno, CA). After the survey has been programmed and tested, the survey link and content were reviewed by a separate team within (b)(4) if fielding operations group from the perspective of the respondent (i.e., the link was reviewed online and not within the Decipher® software).

The data collected for this study was monitored for adherence with the Study Protocol (Attachment 16.3). All data were collected using a programmed web survey (Attachment 16.2). Prior to initiating the study, the appropriate edit programming was conducted to assure the final dataset required minimal cleaning of invalid responses. These programming procedures for the web-based survey data entry tool included response ranges, consistency checks, skip patterns, and other special edit procedures where applicable. At every step of data processing, results or creating grouping variables were cross-checked by (b)(4) operations team members who independently replicated the results and/or verified that the data had been handled appropriately and accurately. Any inconsistencies identified during this process were corrected before data were provided to (b)(4) analytical team to begin study analysis.

11.1.2 Data Management and Analysis QC Process

- Until the approval of the *General* Snus® Patterns of Use SAP (Attachment 16.4) by SMNA, the data remained blinded and locked.
- Once the data were unlocked, the analytical team performed the following checks prior to conducting data analyses specified in the SAP:
 - The classification of participants into the study cohorts based on self-reported use or non-use of TNP was confirmed.
 - o Completion of the survey was verified, and any respondent who did not complete the full survey was removed from analysis.
 - o It was verified that respondents satisfied the inclusion and exclusion criteria.
 - The actual quota frequencies for each study cohort in the data set was compared against the quota frequencies specified in the Study Protocol. Any discrepancies were documented in the final report.
- All variable coding followed as specified in the SAP (e.g., grouping age by age brackets, grouping the number of adults/children in the household, and total household income in the last 12 months).
- All statistical analyses and results output were validated by another researcher on the analytical team for quality control. Validation covered:

- o Correct coding of variables.
- o Correct use of statistical methods as specified in the analysis section.
- Correct export of results from R software (version 3.5.2) output to Excel tables.

11.2 Missing Data

The structure of the Study questionnaire did not have "true" missing data. The online survey did not allow respondents to proceed without receiving an answer to the present question. No partially completed surveys will be included in the final Study analyses. For the Study, data points are either missing because the respondent selected "Don't know" or "Decline to answer," or they did not qualify to answer the question due to survey skip logic. Thus, these types of missing data were kept as is and will be reported descriptively (percentages and counts). The questionnaire was designed so that instructions were easy to understand and as clear as possible, to help avoid missing data.

The Baseline period questionnaire did not allow respondents to proceed without answering the present question. Hence, missing observations for completed surveys arise because the respondent selected "Don't know" or "Decline to answer," or s/he did not qualify to answer the question due to prior answers. No modifications took place in these instances.

The rationale and utilization of "Don't know" and "Decline to answer" response options were as follows:

- In this study, a "Decline to answer" response option without a "Don't Know" option was provided for any question where there was personally sensitive information, but the answer would be known to the respondent (e.g., age, gender, etc.).
- "Don't know" and "Decline to answer" options were provided for all other questions.

11.3 Identification of Outliers

When conducting online research, invariably some respondents will find a way to complete the survey without attempting to provide accurate, relevant responses. To ensure that those respondents did not compromise the integrity of the data, measures were taken to eliminate their data from consideration prior to actual analyses. This process required objectivity and removed respondent data regardless of directionality. The process seeked to identify the following respondent types:

- Respondents who are "speeders", defined as those who complete the survey in under 2 minutes.
- Respondents who were found to be inattentive. Specifically, we included an item at the end of the survey (Section C [demographics]) to serve as an attention check, "For this question, please select number two to demonstrate your attention."

Data from these respondents were flagged in the data file. Additionally, the number of respondents flagged and the rationale for their identification as outliers were reported in this Wave 1 (Baseline) report.

12. STUDY RESPONDENTS

12.1 Study Fielding Summary

The fielding summary for number of respondents who entered the Wave 1 Baseline survey, those who did not complete the survey, those who were terminated (and the reasons for termination) are summarized in Table 12 below.

Table 12: Fielding Summary

	Current <i>General</i> Snus® users
Number of respondents who entered the survey	4581
Number of respondents who did not complete the survey	1864
Number of respondents who were terminated based inclusion/exclusion criteria/quota filled/Intellectual Property blocker	1048
Number of respondents who failed the attention check	14
Total respondents retained	1655

12.2 Final Sample

There were 1655 participants who met the criteria for the Wave 1 (Baseline) Study and were *General* Snus[®] users which exceeded the targeted 1,500 participants.

13. WAVE 1 (BASELINE) STUDY RESULTS

13.1 Descriptive Results

All respondents were included in the raw data descriptive results (Descriptive Tables 1a to 4; Appendix 16.1), and descriptive statistical analyses for overall *General* Snus[®] users are presented in Tables 13-24.

13.2 Demographics and Respondent Characteristics

The overall demographic results (for *General* Snus® and for New *General* Snus® users) are summarized in Descriptive Table 2; Attachment 16.1 and in Table 13.

Overall *General* Snus® respondents' mean age was 36.1 years (range: 21-79 years) (Descriptive Table 1b; Attachment 16.1). Among *General* Snus® users, the New *General* Snus® product users were defined as first time General Snus® use less than 30 days ago. The New *General* Snus® users were younger with mean ages of 34.2 years (range: 21 to 63 years) (Descriptive Table 1b; Attachment 16.1). There were more male respondents in the *General* Snus® users (91.7%) than within the New *General* Snus® user cohorts (82.7%) (Table 13). The majority of respondents (89.9% in the *General* Snus® users and 80.4% within New *General* Snus® users) were Caucasian (Table 13).

The largest proportion of all *General* Snus[®] respondents had a Bachelor's degree (34.6%). Within the New *General* Snus[®] product users, the majority had some college but no degree (30.8%) (Table 13). A little more than a quarter of all respondents (28.0%) reported a household income of \$100,000.00 or more per year while the same proportion of respondents (28.8%) within the New *General* Snus[®] product users reported an annual household income between \$25,000 to \$49,999 (Table 13). Half of all respondents (50.8%) and half of those within the New *General* Snus[®] (50.0%) were reported to be married at the time of the survey (Table 13).

Table 13: Socio-demographics of General Snus® and New General Snus® users.

	General Snus® users	New General Snus® users*
	N	N
	1655	52
U.S. census region		
Northeast (%)	199 (12.0%)	5 (9.6%)
Midwest (%)	467 (28.2%)	19 (36.5%)
South (%)	567 (34.3%)	18 (34.6%)
West (%)	422 (25.5%)	10 (19.2%)
Respondent age		
21-24 (%)	161 (9.7%)	12 (23.1%)
25-34 (%)	704 (42.5%)	18 (34.6%)
35-44 (%)	489 (29.5%)	10 (19.2%)
45-54 (%)	198 (12.0%)	9 (17.3%)
55+ (%)	103 (6.2%)	3 (5.8%)
Gender		
Male (%)	1517 (91.7%)	43 (82.7%)
Female (%)	138 (8.3%)	9 (17.3%)
Racial or ethnic background		

Caucasian/White (%)	1471 (89.9%)	41 (80.4%)
Black/African American (%)	24 (1.5%)	2 (3.9%)
Hispanic (e.g. Latin American, Mexican, Puerto		
Rican, Cuban) (%)	42 (2.6%)	1 (2.0%)
Asian or Pacific Islander (%)	19 (1.2%)	3 (5.9%)
Native American or Alaskan Native (%)	17 (1.0%)	1 (2.0%)
Mixed racial background (%)	52 (3.2%)	2 (3.9%)
Other (%)	12 (0.7%)	1 (2.0%)
Highest grade or level of school completed		
Less than high school (%)	3 (0.2%)	1 (1.9%)
Some high school, no diploma (%)	23 (1.4%)	0 (0.0%)
General Educational Development (GED) (%)	60 (3.6%)	8 (15.4%)
High school graduate - diploma (%)	175 (10.6%)	10 (19.2%)
Some college but no degree (%)	442 (26.8%)	16 (30.8%)
Associate degree (%)	179 (10.9%)	4 (7.7%)
Bachelor's degree (ex. BA, AB, BS) (%)	571 (34.6%)	9 (17.3%)
Post-graduate degree (e.g. MBA, PhD, JD, etc.) (%)	195 (11.8%)	4 (7.7%)
Marital status		
Now married (%)	841 (50.8%)	26 (50.0%)
Widowed (%)	19 (1.1%)	2 (3.8%)
Divorced (%)	145 (8.8%)	3 (5.8%)
Separated (%)	36 (2.2%)	3 (5.8%)
Never married (%)	601 (36.3%)	18 (34.6%)
Decline to answer (%)	13 (0.8%)	0 (0.0%)
Household income in the last 12 months		
Less than \$25,000 (%)	142 (8.6%)	10 (19.2%)
\$25,000 to \$49,999 (%)	366 (22.1%)	15 (28.8%)
\$50,000 to \$74,999 (%)	339 (20.5%)	9 (17.3%)
\$75,000 to \$99,999 (%)	282 (17.0%)	9 (17.3%)
\$100,000 or more (%)	463 (28.0%)	8 (15.4%)
Don't know (%)	5 (0.3%)	0 (0.0%)
Decline to answer (%)	58 (3.5%)	1 (1.9%)

^{*}Per study protocol, new General Snus® users will be defined as first time General Snus® use less than 30 days ago.

13.3 Baseline Results for Primary Objectives

Descriptive statistical analyses for overall users are presented in Descriptive Tables 3a-3b (Attachment 16.1).

13.3.1 Primary Objective 1: Baseline TNP use in the past 30 days.

Among the respondents that used *General* Snus® in the past 30 days, the highest proportion of respondents reported doing so every day (82.1%), followed by some days (17.9%) (Table 14). Of

those who reported ever cigarette use (n=914), 32.7% (n=299) smoked over the past 30 days and for those who reported using *General* Snus® over the past 30 days, only 18.1% (n=299) used cigarettes concurrently. Of those who reported ever cigarette use, the majority of participants (67.2%) reported that they did not smoke at all over the past 30 days while 13.1% reported that they smoked every day and 19.6% reported that they smoked on some days (Table 14).

Among respondents who reported ever E-cigarettes use (n=642), 43.3% (n=278) used E-cigarettes over the past 30 days and among those who reported using *General* Snus® in the past 30 days, 16.8% (n=278) used E-cigarettes during the same time period. Similar to cigarette use pattern, of those who reported ever E-cigarette use, more than half did not use any E-cigarettes at all over the past 30 days (56.2%), 27.6% used on some days and 15.7% reported E-cigarette use everyday (Table 14).

Over 60% of respondents reported ever use of moist snuff (n=1069). Of those, 51.4% (n=549) used moist snuff products over the past 30 days and among those who reported using *General* Snus® over the past 30 days, 33.2% (n=549) also used moist snuff during the same time period. More users of moist snuff use the product on some days (34.1%) than every day (17.3%) (Table 14).

Among respondents who reported ever use of nicotine pouches (n=880), 62.3% (n=548) used them over the past 30 days. For those who reported using *General* Snus[®] in the past 30 days, 33.1% (n=548) also used nicotine pouches during the same time period. More users of nicotine pouches use them on some days (51.2%) than every day (11.0%) (Table 14).

Almost 50% of respondents reported ever use of cigars, cigarillos, or filtered cigars filled with tobacco products (n=771). Of those, 48.5% (n=374) used those products over the past 30 days. Of the 771 who reported using *General* Snus® over the past 30 days, 22.5% (n=374) also used cigars, cigarillos, or filtered cigars filled with tobacco products during the same time period. More users of cigars, cigarillos, or filtered cigars filled with tobacco products them on some days (46.8%) than every day (1.7%) (Table 14).

There were less than 31% of responders who were ever users for the remainder TNPs in the past 30 days including chewing tobacco (n=508, 30.6%), pipe tobacco use (n=328, 19.8%), hookah or water pipe tobacco use (n=402, 24.2%), or use of aids to help smoking (n=389, 23.5%). Details about frequency of use of these TNPs can be found in Table 14.

Of note, participants were asked about snus use which included *General* Snus® so data for that TNP was presented in Table 14 but considered to be duplicate results.

Table 14. TNP patterns of use for $\it General~Snus^{\it @}$ users. Reported TNP use in the last 30 days

	General Snus® users
	Baseline
	n (%) (95% CI)
	1655
Reported <u>cigarette</u> use	
N*	914
Every day (%)	120 (13.1%) (11.0% - 15.5%)
Some days (%)	179 (19.6%) (17.1% - 22.3%)
Not at all (%)	614 (67.2%) (64.0% - 70.2%)
Don't Know (%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.6%)
Reported <u>E-cigarette</u> use N*	642
Every day (%)	101 (15.7%) (13.0% - 18.8%)
Some days (%)	177 (27.6%) (24.1% - 31.2%)
Not at all (%)	361 (56.2%) (52.3% - 60.1%)
Don't Know (%)	3 (0.5%) (0.1% - 1.4%)
Reported moist snuff use N*	1069
Every day (%)	185 (17.3%) (15.1% - 19.7%)
Some days (%)	364 (34.1%) (31.2% - 37.0%)
Not at all (%)	513 (48.0%) (45.0% - 51.0%)
Don't Know (%)	7 (0.7%) (0.3% - 1.3%)
Reported chewing tobacco use	
N*	508
Every day (%)	13 (2.6%) (1.4% - 4.3%)
Some days (%)	116 (22.8%) (19.3% - 26.7%)
Not at all (%)	374 (73.6%) (69.6% - 77.4%)

Don't Know (%)	5 (1.0%) (0.3% - 2.3%)
Reported snus use	
N*	1621
Every day (%)	1387 (85.6%) (83.8% - 87.2%)
Some days (%)	234 (14.4%) (12.8% - 16.2%)
Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 0.2%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 0.2%)
Reported General Snus® pouch use	,
N*	1655
Every day (%)	1358 (82.1%) (80.1% - 83.9%)
Some days (%)	297 (17.9%) (16.1% - 19.9%)
Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 0.2%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 0.2%)
D	(0.070 - 0.270)
Reported <u>nicotine pouches</u> use N*	880
Every day (%)	97 (11.0%) (9.0% - 13.3%)
Some days (%)	451 (51.2%) (47.9% - 54.6%)
Not at all (%)	323 (36.7%) (33.5% - 40.0%)
Don't Know (%)	9 (1.0%) (0.5% - 1.9%)
Reported cigars, cigarillos, filtered cigars filled with tobacco use	,
N*	771
Every day (%)	13 (1.7%) (0.9% - 2.9%)
Some days (%)	361 (46.8%) (43.3% - 50.4%)
Not at all (%)	390 (50.6%) (47.0% - 54.2%)
Don't Know (%)	7 (0.9%) (0.4% - 1.9%)
Reported pipe tobacco use	(0.170 1.270)
N*	328
Every day (%)	7 (2.1%) (0.9% - 4.3%)

Some days (%)	103 (31.4%) (26.4% - 36.7%)
Not at all (%)	216 (65.9%) (60.4% - 71.0%)
Don't Know (%)	2 (0.6%) (0.1% - 2.2%)
Reported hookah or water pipe tobacco use	
N*	402
Every day (%)	3 (0.7%) (0.2% - 2.2%)
Some days (%)	76 (18.9%) (15.2% - 23.1%)
Not at all (%)	317 (78.9%) (74.5% - 82.7%)
Don't Know (%)	6 (1.5%) (0.5% - 3.2%)
Reported aids to help stop smoking use	
N*	389
Every day (%)	8 (2.1%) (0.9% - 4.0%)
Some days (%)	68 (17.5%) (13.8% - 21.6%)
Not at all (%)	311 (79.9%) (75.6% - 83.8%)
Don't Know (%)	2 (0.5%) (0.1% - 1.8%)

CI: Confidence Interval

13.3.2 Baseline intention to quit TNP based on the Motivation to Stop Scale (MTSS) and cigarette quitting behavior.

Baseline quitting cigarettes behavior: Among *General* Snus® users who responded they smoked every day or on some days over the past 30 days (n=299), 16.4% reported that they completely quit smoking. Of those that reported they did not completely quit smoking (n=250), 44.0% reported that they were currently trying to quit smoking cigarettes over the past 29 days (Table 16).

Respondents' intention to quit smoking was assessed among those who reported that they are currently not trying to quit, using the MTSS. The MTSS consisted of one item with seven response options ranging from 1 ("I don't want to stop") to 7 ("I really want to stop and intend to in the next month") (Table 15). The average MTSS score was 2.50 suggesting low intentions to quit smoking given that a score of 2 was defined as "I think I should stop smoking but don't really want to" and a score of 3 was defined as "I want to stop smoking but haven't thought about when".

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

Table 15. TNP patterns of use for *General* Snus® users. Intention to quit TNP based on the Motivation to Stop Scale (MTSS) at Baseline.

	General Snus® users	
	Baseline	
	1655	
Intention to quit <u>cigarettes</u>		
N*	131	
Mean ± Std Dev	2.50 ± 1.62	
(95%CI)	(2.22 - 2.78)	

CI: Confidence Interval

The MTSS has 7 response options ranging from 1=I don't want to stop smoking to 7=I REALLY want to stop smoking and intend to in the next month. A "Don't know" response is also available.

The MTSS was validated to predict quit attempts for cigarette usage but has been adapted to measure quit intention for other TNP.

Intention to quit cigarettes was asked only among those not currently trying to quit smoking cigarettes.

Table 16. TNP patterns of use for General Snus® users. Quitting cigarettes behavior.

	General Snus® users
	Baseline
	1655
Reported completely quit smoking cigarettes over the past 30 days	
N*	299
Yes (%) (95%CI)	49 (16.4%) (12.4% - 21.1%)
No (%) (95%CI)	250 (83.6%) (78.9% - 87.6%)
Reported currently trying to quit smoking cigarettes	
N*	250
Yes (%) (95%CI)	110 (44.0%) (37.8% - 50.4%)
No (%) (95%CI)	140 (56.0%) (49.6% - 62.2%)

CI: Confidence Interval

Completely quit smoking cigarettes was asked only among those who smoked every day or some days in the past 30 days.

Currently trying to quit smoking cigarettes was asked only among those who did not completely quit cigarettes over the past 29 days.

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

13.3.3 Primary Objective 2: Baseline average number of days *General* Snus® pouches were used over the past 30 days

Over the past 30 days, 1358 (82.1% of *General* Snus[®] users) reported using *General* Snus[®] every day. These 1358 participants reported using an average of 10.5 *General* Snus[®] pouches per day.

The remaining 297 participants reported that they used *General* Snus[®] on 49.8% of days and use an average of 5.3 *General* Snus[®] pouches on the days they are used (Table 17).

Table 17. General Snus® patterns of use. Outcomes include percent of days that General Snus® is used and average number of General Snus® pouches used.

	General Snus® users
	Baseline
	n (%) (95% CI)
	1655
	297
Percent of days that General Snus® is used	$49.84\% \pm 27.68\%$
	(46.68% - 53.00%)
	1358
Average number of General Snus® pouches used everyday	10.45 ± 6.58
	(10.10 - 10.80)
	297
Average number of General Snus® pouches used on some days	5.28 ± 4.63
	(4.75 - 5.80)

CI: Confidence Interval

Percent of days that General Snus® is used was calculated based on days used in the past 30 days. The question was asked only among some day users.

13.3.4 Primary Objective 2: Baseline average number of days cigarettes were smoked over the past 30 days

Over the past 30 days, 120 (7.3% of *General* Snus® users) reported smoking cigarettes every day. These 120 participants reported smoking an average of 12.3 cigarettes per day.

The remaining 179 participants reported that they smoked on 31.0% of days and use an average of 4.81 cigarettes on the days they smoked (Table 18).

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

Table 18. Cigarettes pattern of use among *General* Snus® users. Outcomes include percent of days cigarettes are smoked and average number of cigarettes smoked.

	General Snus® users
	Baseline
	n (%) (95% CI)
	1655
	179
Percent of days that cigarettes are smoked	$31.04\% \pm 27.14\%$
	(27.04% - 35.05%)
	120
Average number of cigarettes smoked everyday	12.31 ± 7.16
	(11.01 - 13.60)
Average number of cigarettes smoked on some days	179
	4.81 ± 5.55
	(3.99 - 5.63)

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

Percent of days that cigarettes are smoked was calculated based on days used in the past 30 days. The question was asked only among some day users.

13.3.5 Primary Objective 3: Characterize *General* Snus® users, especially new users, in terms of prior TNP use and demographics and compare this to new users of smokeless TNP as reported in the Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health (PATH)

The sample size of new users in PATH could not be established at the time of this report and for Table 19. In addition, Table 20 and 21 will be provided in Wave 2 to Wave 4 reporting follow up data from Month 6 to Year 2.

13.4 Baseline Results for Secondary Objectives

Descriptive statistical analyses for overall users are presented in Descriptive Table 4 (Attachment 16.1).

13.4.1 Secondary Objective 1: Baseline Perception of absolute risk to using only *General* Snus[®] daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes daily, and never having used any TNPs

Respondents were asked to assess the absolute risk of developing three health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer) across four scenarios: using only *General* Snus[®] daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes daily, and never having

CI: Confidence Interval

used TNP. For each scenario and condition, response options ranged from a very low to a very high risk of developing these conditions

Considering a person who uses *General* Snus[®] products every day but uses no other TNP, respondents reported a low to moderate risk of developing mouth cancer and heart disease, and a very low to low risk of developing lung cancer (Table 22).

Respondents reported that daily smokers who use no other TNP have a moderate to high chance of developing mouth cancer and a high to very high chance of developing heart disease or lung cancer (Table 22).

Respondents also perceived that daily dual users of *General* Snus® products and cigarettes were to have a moderate to high risk of developing mouth cancer and high to very high risk of developing heart disease and lung cancer.

Lastly, respondents reported that those who have never used any TNP have a very low to low risk of developing mouth cancer or lung cancer and a low to moderate risk of developing heart disease (Table 23).

When looking across all absolute risk metrics, a consistent pattern emerged. Respondents perceived that cigarettes presented the greatest risk of harm. Usage of *General* Snus[®] products alone was associated with some risk of health conditions, although at a lower rate than smoking. Never using TNP was generally deemed to carry the lowest risk.

Table 22. Perceptions of absolute risk for daily General Snus® users and smokers

	Risk to a person who uses General Snus® every day but uses no other TNP	Risk to a person who smokes cigarettes every day but uses no other TNP
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)
	Baseline	Baseline
Absolute risk of mouth cancer		
N*	1655	1655
Very Low Chance (%)	217 (13.1%) (11.5% - 14.8%)	53 (3.2%) (2.4% - 4.2%)

Low Chance (%)	577 (34.9%) (32.6% - 37.2%)	271 (16.4%) (14.6% - 18.2%)
Moderate Chance (%)	573 (34.6%) (32.3% - 37.0%)	674 (40.7%) (38.3% - 43.1%)
High Chance (%)	210 (12.7%) (11.1% - 14.4%)	475 (28.7%) (26.5% - 30.9%)
Very High Chance (%)	64 (3.9%) (3.0% - 4.9%)	165 (10.0%) (8.6% - 11.5%)
Don't know (%)	14 (0.8%) (0.5% - 1.4%)	17 (1.0%) (0.6% - 1.6%)
Absolute risk of heart disease		
N*	1655	1655
Very Low Chance (%)	300 (18.1%) (16.3% - 20.1%)	20 (1.2%) (0.7% - 1.9%)
Low Chance (%)	647 (39.1%) (36.7% - 41.5%)	48 (2.9%) (2.1% - 3.8%)
Moderate Chance (%)	564 (34.1%) (31.8% - 36.4%)	374 (22.6%) (20.6% - 24.7%)
High Chance (%)	98 (5.9%) (4.8% - 7.2%)	803 (48.5%) (46.1% - 51.0%)
Very High Chance (%)	13 (0.8%) (0.4% - 1.3%)	390 (23.6%) (21.5% - 25.7%)
Don't know (%)	33 (2.0%) (1.4% - 2.8%)	20 (1.2%) (0.7% - 1.9%)
Absolute risk of <u>lung cancer</u> N*	1655	1655
Very Low Chance (%)	810 (48.9%) (46.5% - 51.4%)	21 (1.3%) (0.8% - 1.9%)
Low Chance (%)	631 (38.1%) (35.8% - 40.5%)	51 (3.1%) (2.3% - 4.0%)
Moderate Chance (%)	169 (10.2%) (8.8% - 11.8%)	238 (14.4%) (12.7% - 16.2%)
High Chance (%)	21 (1.3%) (0.8% - 1.9%)	692 (41.8%) (39.4% - 44.2%)
Very High Chance (%)	7 (0.4%) (0.2% - 0.9%)	644 (38.9%) (36.6% - 41.3%)
Don't know (%)	17 (1.0%) (0.6% - 1.6%)	9 (0.5%) (0.2% - 1.0%)

CI: Confidence Interval

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

 $\label{thm:continuous} Table~23.~Perceptions~of~absolute~risk~for~dual~General~Snus@~users~and~smokers~and~never~TNP~users$

	Risk to a person who uses dual <i>General</i> Snus® and smokes cigarettes every day but uses no other TNP	Risk to a person who has never used any TNP
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)
	Baseline	Baseline
Absolute risk of mouth cancer N*	1655	1655
Very Low Chance (%)	28 (1.7%) (1.1% - 2.4%)	741 (44.8%) (42.4% - 47.2%)
Low Chance (%)	169 (10.2%) (8.8% - 11.8%)	653 (39.5%) (37.1% - 41.9%)
Moderate Chance (%)	518 (31.3%) (29.1% - 33.6%)	187 (11.3%) (9.8% - 12.9%)
High Chance (%)	552 (33.4%) (31.1% - 35.7%)	38 (2.3%) (1.6% - 3.1%)
Very High Chance (%)	368 (22.2%) (20.3% - 24.3%)	9 (0.5%) (0.2% - 1.0%)
Don't know (%)	20 (1.2%) (0.7% - 1.9%)	27 (1.6%) (1.1% - 2.4%)
Absolute risk of <u>heart disease</u> N*	1655	1655
Very Low Chance (%)	23 (1.4%) (0.9% - 2.1%)	178 (10.8%) (9.3% - 12.3%)
Low Chance (%)	69 (4.2%) (3.3% - 5.2%)	371 (22.4%) (20.4% - 24.5%)
Moderate Chance (%)	420 (25.4%) (23.3% - 27.5%)	870 (52.6%) (50.1% - 55.0%)
High Chance (%)	673 (40.7%) (38.3% - 43.1%)	159 (9.6%) (8.2% - 11.1%)
Very High Chance (%)	442 (26.7%) (24.6% - 28.9%)	29 (1.8%) (1.2% - 2.5%)
Don't know (%)	28 (1.7%) (1.1% - 2.4%)	48 (2.9%) (2.1% - 3.8%)
Absolute risk of <u>lung cancer</u>	,	
N*	1655	1655
Very Low Chance (%)	36 (2.2%) (1.5% - 3.0%)	546 (33.0%) (30.7% - 35.3%)
Low Chance (%)	65 (3.9%) (3.0% - 5.0%)	739 (44.7%) (42.2% - 47.1%)
Moderate Chance (%)	331 (20.0%) (18.1% - 22.0%)	303 (18.3%) (16.5% - 20.3%)

High Chance (%)	684 (41.3%) (38.9% - 43.7%)	32 (1.9%) (1.3% - 2.7%)
Very High Chance (%)	523 (31.6%) (29.4% - 33.9%)	8 (0.5%) (0.2% - 1%)
Don't know (%)	16 (1.0%) (0.6% - 1.6%)	27 (1.6%) (1.1% - 2.4%)

CI: Confidence Interval *Number of non-missing responses

13.4.2 Secondary Objective 2: Baseline understanding of the risk reduction as described in the modified risk claim among *General* Snus® users, especially new users

Almost 70% of all respondents (69.8%) understood the modified risk claim that *General* Snus[®] use puts them at lower risk than smoking cigarettes for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis. The majority of responders (80.3%) also understood the modified risk claim that smoking zero cigarettes would lower their risk of disease (Table 24).

Similar response patterns were observed within the New *General* Snus® users cohort with 61.5% of respondents reporting that they understood the modified risk claim that *General* Snus® use puts them at lower risk than smoking cigarettes for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis. Although about 20% (21.2%) responded that they did not understand this claim, this response came from a small sample of 11 respondents. The majority of new users (84.4%) did understand the modified risk claim that smoking zero cigarettes would lower their risk of disease (Table 24).

Table 24. Understanding of the MRTP claim for General Snus®.

	General Snus® users	New General Snus® users*
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)
	Baseline	Baseline
Understanding of the MRTP claim for risk of disease from using <i>General</i> Snus® instead of cigarettes:		
N*	1655	52
Puts them at lower risk for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis (%)	1155 (69.8%) (67.5% - 72.0%)	32 (61.5%) (47.0% - 74.7%)
Does not affect their risk for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis (%)	147 (8.9%) (7.6% - 10.4%)	2 (3.8%) (0.5% - 13.2%)
Puts them at higher risk for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis (%)	106 (6.4%) (5.3% - 7.7%)	5 (9.6%) (3.2% - 21.0%)

None (%)	87 (5.3%) (4.2% - 6.4%)	2 (3.8%) (0.5% - 13.2%)
Don't know (%)	156 (9.4%) (8.1% - 10.9%)	11 (21.2%) (11.1% - 34.7%)
Decline to answer (%)	4 (0.2%) (0.1% - 0.6%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 6.8%)
Understanding the MRTP claim for number of cigarettes smoked to lower risk of disease:		
N*	1155	32
Zero cigarettes (%)	928 (80.3%) (77.9% - 82.6%)	27 (84.4%) (67.2% - 94.7%)
Up to 5 cigarettes (%)	85 (7.4%) (5.9% - 9.0%)	2 (6.2%) (0.8% - 20.8%)
Up to 20 cigarettes (%)	32 (2.8%) (1.9% - 3.9%)	1 (3.1%) (0.1% - 16.2%)
As many as you want to smoke (%)	17 (1.5%) (0.9% - 2.3%)	1 (3.1%) (0.1% - 16.2%)
Don't know (%)	91 (7.9%) (6.4% - 9.6%)	1 (3.1%) (0.1% - 16.2%)
Decline to answer (%)	2 (0.2%) (0.0% - 0.6%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 10.9%)

CI: Confidence Interval

Number of cigarettes smoked to lower risk of disease was asked only among those who said using *General* Snus® instead of cigarettes puts them at lower risk of diseases.

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

13.5 Results Summary

Results and Discussion:

Overall, the *General* Snus[®] respondents and New *General* Snus[®] cohorts were comparable, though the new product user cohort was slightly younger, more were female, more had some college but no degree, and reported an annual household income less than \$49,999. However, due the small sample size of the new users (n=52), this data may be difficult to generalize and make conclusions.

Primary Objective 1: Evaluate baseline TNP use in the past 30 days.

Reported TNP use in the past 30 days: Among the 1655 *General* Snus® respondents, at least 40% of ever users (from 43.3% to 62.3%) reported other TNP use, including E-cigarettes, moist snuff, nicotine pouches, cigars, cigarillos, or filtered cigars filled with tobacco products while about 30% of ever users (from 19.8% to 32.7%) reported smoking, chewing tobacco, using pipe tobacco, hookah or water pipe tobacco, and aids to help smoking. Of those who reported ever cigarette use (n=914), 32.7% (n=299) smoked over the past 30 days and for those who reported using *General* Snus® over the past 30 days, only 18.1% (n=299) used cigarettes concurrently. Of those who reported ever cigarette use, the majority of participants (67.2%) reported that they did not smoke at all over the past 30 days while 13.1% reported that they smoked every day and 19.6% reported that they smoked on some days.

Primary Objective 1: Evaluate baseline intention to quit TNP based on the Motivation to Stop Scale (MTSS) and cigarette quitting behavior

Cigarette quitting behavior and intention to quit TNP based on the MTSS: Among the 299 General Snus® users who responded they smoked every day or on some days over the past 30 days, 16.4% reported that they completely quit smoking. Of the 250 that reported they did not completely quit smoking, 44.0% reported that they were currently trying to quit smoking. The average MTSS score for cigarettes was 2.5 suggesting low intentions to quit smoking.

Primary Objective 2: Evaluate baseline average number of days General Snus® pouches and cigarettes were used over the past 30 days.

Reported number of days General Snus® pouches and cigarettes were used over the past 30 days: Over the past 30 days, 82.1% of *General* Snus® users reported using *General* Snus® every day and they used an average of 10.5 pouches per day. The remaining participants reported using *General* Snus® on 49.8% of days and an average of 5.3 pouches on the days they are used.

In addition, 7.3% of *General* Snus[®] users reported smoking cigarettes every day at an average of 12.3 cigarettes per day.

Secondary Objective 1: Assess perceptions of absolute risk of certain health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer) among General Snus® users attributed to using to using only General Snus® daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of General Snus® and cigarettes daily, and never having used any TNPs.

Perceptions of Absolute Risk: When looking across all absolute risk metrics, a consistent pattern emerged. Respondents perceived that cigarettes presented the greatest risk of harm across different health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer). Usage of *General* Snus® products alone was associated with some risk of health conditions, although at a lower rate than smoking. Never using TNP was generally deemed to carry the lowest risk.

Secondary Objective 2: Assess baseline understanding of the risk reduction as described in the modified risk claim among General Snus[®] users, especially new users.

The majority of respondents comprehended that *General* Snus® puts them at lower risk than smoking cigarettes for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis. The majority of responders also understood the modified risk claim that smoking zero cigarettes would lower their risk of disease.

Similar response patterns were observed within the new user cohort. Although about 20% responded that they did not understand the claim that *General* Snus® puts them at lower risk than smoking cigarettes for different diseases, this response came from a small sample of 11 respondents.

14. DISCUSSION AND OVERALL CONCLUSIONS

The principal research questions, "How do General Snus® users use TNP, and how do they perceive health risks associated with cigarettes and General Snus®? These questions were were addressed in this observational Pattern of Use Baseline study.

14.1 Strengths and Limitations of the Study

This study was conducted following the guidance of the Center for Tobacco Products (FDA Guidance for Industry, 2011) within the FDA on data for human studies designed to evaluate the risks and benefits to the population, including users and non-users of tobacco products. The study benefitted from the administration of the web-based survey which allowed for improved survey designs and accurate data capture.

Additionally, in virtually all cases survey questions utilized validated scales, or scales directly comparable to studies in literature. In particular, usage of the Motivation to Stop Scale allowed for simple, justifiable interpretation. Scales used in risk perception questions line up with other tobacco-related research, such as HINTS.

There were limitations to the current study, arguably none of which should draw concern regarding data integrity. The data collected were from current users of *General* Snus[®]. The perceived health risk assessments were intended to evaluate real-world perceptions after exposure to real-world information on *General* Snus[®], but obviously they did not have the same contextual, social, and emotional consequences of actual decisions. One could only expect a limited degree of accuracy and extrapolation while capturing behavioral intentions, as unforeseen factors can impact actual behaviors. Thus, differences may arise between stated and actual choices, and stated and actual behaviors. Potential hypothetical bias may be limited by constructing questions that mimic realistic perceptions and behaviors as closely as possible. In addition, since data from this study were dependent on respondent self-reporting, subsequently reported variables may also be subjected to recall bias and the inability to confirm actual tobacco use behavior. Self-reported data collection is a standard approach and any potential problems with recall bias were anticipated to be constant across time points.

Respondents were recruited based on invitation stickers placed directly on *General* Snus[®] canisters. As a result, recruitment could be considered a convenience sample. Further, due to sample selection during recruitment, respondents who were more interested in research, or perhaps healthy enough to participate, may be over-represented, hence the possibility of selection bias. Although these issues raised concerns about the external validity of the findings (e.g., our sample may not be fully generalizable to all consumers), the recruitment plan was designed to mirror the underlying populations.

14.2 Overall Baseline Study Conclusions

Baseline study findings support the conclusion that overall, the introduction of *General* Snus[®] does not appear to compromise public health in any way, based on perceptions of risk as assessed in the Baseline study. Specifically, results demonstrated that respondents perceived that cigarettes presented the greatest risk of health conditions which include mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer. Moreover, usage of *General* Snus[®] products alone was associated with some risk of health conditions, although at a lower rate than smoking. Never using TNP was generally deemed to carry the lowest risk.

In addition, current *General* Snus[®] users include a significant number of former cigarette smokers (67.2%) suggesting that use of *General* Snus[®] may support a reduction in smoking.

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Swedish Match North America July 2021



General Snus® Patterns of Use Study

Wave 2 Study Report

SMU 19-01GENS

Product Name:	General Snus®
First Respondent Enrolled:	February 2, 2021
Last Respondent Completed:	March 6, 2021
Principal Investigators:	(b)(4)
Sponsor:	Swedish Match North America
	Tryggve Ljung, MD., Ph.D., Vice President Scientific Affairs
Version:	2.0 - Final
Report Date:	July 13, 2021

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2. SYNOPSIS

Sponsor:

Swedish Match North America (SMNA)

Two James Center 1021 East Cary Street, Suite 1600 Richmond, VA 23219

Name of Finished Product: General Snus®

Name of Active Ingredient: Not applicable

Study Title: General Snus® Patterns of Use Study

Investigator: (b)(4)

Publication (reference): Not applicable

Studied Period: Wave 1 Baseline

Start of data collection: July 25, 2020

End of data collection: August 17, 2020

Wave 2

Start of data collection: February 2, 2021

End of data collection: March 6, 2021

Objective: The overarching research questions within this study are as follows: (i) How do General Snus[®] users use tobacco and nicotine products (TNP), and (ii) how do they perceive health risks associated with cigarettes and General Snus[®]? These questions will be studied using a self-reported survey examining patterns of use for the previous 30 days (Baseline-Wave 1) and assessment of TNP use among the same General Snus[®] users again at 6 months (Wave 2), 1-year (Wave 3) and 2-year (Wave 4) intervals post baseline.

Primary Objectives:

Use behavior will be assessed, utilizing data from all 4 waves of the study:

- 1. Compare TNP patterns of use, between all 4 waves. The study will examine self-reported usage patterns for participants, in aggregate, over time. The study will report on frequency of *General* Snus[®] use, as well as other TNP, if multiple TNP use is reported. Of specific interest will be usage patterns of cigarettes. Intent to quit and actual quitting of cigarettes will be assessed at each wave of the study.
- 2. Among *General* Snus[®] users, compare consumption patterns of cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] over the last 30 days (Baseline) with consumption patterns in Waves 2 through 4. Of particular interest is whether usage of *General* Snus[®] offsets usage of cigarettes.
- 3. Characterize *General* Snus® users in terms of prior TNP use and demographics and compare this to new users of smokeless TNP as reported in the Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health (PATH).
- 4. Compare the tendencies of *General* Snus® users to quit cigarettes or use *General* Snus® in an incremental fashion, in a supplemental fashion, or in complete substitution of cigarettes.

Secondary Objectives:

Risk Perception and understanding of the MRTP claim will be assessed utilizing data from all 4 Waves of the study:

- 1. Assess perceptions of risk of certain health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease, and lung cancer, separately) among *General* Snus[®] users.
 - a. Assess the absolute risk attributed to using only *General* Snus[®] daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes daily, and never having used any TNPs.
- 2. Assess the extent to which *General* Snus® users understand the risk reduction as stated in the modified risk claim

Methodology: General Snus[®] user groups were recruited directly from purchasers of General Snus[®] through invitation stickers placed directly on General Snus[®] canisters

A third-party vendor, News America Marketing, was hired to place the study invitation stickers on product packaging (e.g., each individual *General* Snus® canister) for all varieties of *General* Snus® available at retail outlets, from July 25 – August 7, 2020. The sticker initiative targeted approximately 10,600 retail stores carrying *General* Snus® across all locations where *General* Snus® was sold at the time of recruitment. Additionally, the sticker identified a website where users who were interested in participating accessed the survey through a secure and unique survey link. The first set of questions were the survey screener, designed to qualify the participant using the study inclusion and exclusion criteria. Once qualified, all respondents accessed a web survey online via a computer, smartphone, or tablet. The study was a 15-minute survey where participants were asked to self-report TNP use within the past 30 days.

This study will be a longitudinal, prospective study that consists of multiple waves to gain an understanding of how *General* Snus[®] is used by consumers. Respondents completed surveys at Baseline, and will also be questioned at 6 months, 1 year and 2 years post Baseline period. All participants for the Baseline wave must have reported use of *General* Snus[®] at least once in the previous 30 days and reported use on some days or every day.

In addition to reporting TNP use, participants will report their perceptions of health risk and their understanding of the modified risk claim.

Number of Patients (Planned and Analyzed):

Planned: The Baseline study was planned to recruit a total sample of 1500 participants but was able to exceed target with 1669 participants. Each participant who participated in the Baseline study agreed to participate in the subsequent waves. Respondents who completed the Baseline study may participate in any of the subsequent waves.

Analyzed: The study retained 1655 participants (*General* Snus® users) at baseline. Fourteen out of the 1669 participants were excluded from baseline analysis because they failed the attention check question in the survey. In Wave 2 (6 months follow-up), the study retained 706 participants but 11 were exclused from analysis due to failing the attention check. Thus, a total of 695 participants were retained for analysis.

Inclusion Criteria:

In addition to the already mentioned cohort definitions, respondents met the following criteria to be included in the study:

- Have used *General* Snus[®] at least once or more within past 30 days prior AND use it every day or some days prior to study initiation
- Minimum age of 21 years
- Agree to participate in four surveys over the two-year period
- Able to read and speak English
- Currently a resident of the United States
- Individuals who provide electronic informed consent and personal contact information

Exclusion Criteria:

Respondents who met any of the following criteria were excluded from the study:

- Respond as "don't know" or "decline to answer" to specific demographics (gender, geographical region)
- Unwilling or unable to provide electronic informed consent and personal contact information
- Employed in any of the following fields or professions: market research, marketing, advertising, manufacturers of TNP, or physicians

• Have taken part in a consumer research study on tobacco in the past 2 weeks

Statistical Methods: All analyses performed for the *General* Snus[®] Patterns of Use Study were descriptive in nature.

Descriptive analyses provide summary statistics for all variables. Summary statistics include counts and proportions for categorical variables and means, standard deviations, medians, minimums, and maximums for ordinal and continuous variables. Descriptive statistics describe the sample as well as verify the quality of the data. Inferential statistical testing will be conducted to evaluate change in primary and secondary outcome measures (i.e., patterns of use, risk perception, understanding of claim) from baseline and each follow-up wave of the study. Baseline vs. each follow-up (waves 2, 3, and 4) will be conducted using paired sample t-tests for continuous variables and McNemar test for categorical variables in order to account for correlated measures.

The study team formatted and properly labelled the data sets (including all responses from respondents and the date that the survey was completed) using Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (IBM SPSS Statistics v23, 2015) and R software (version 3.5.2) so they were suitable for analysis. The data sets contained a subject ID number and did not contain any information that could be used to identify individual respondents.

Results and Discussion:

Baseline: Overall, the *General* Snus[®] respondents and New *General* Snus[®] cohorts were comparable, though the new product user cohort was slightly younger, more were female, more had some college but no degree, and reported an annual household income less than \$49,999. However, due the small sample size of the new users (n=52), this data may be difficult to generalize and make conclusions.

Wave 2: The sociodemographic characteristics of the respondents who returned at Wave 2 of the study were comparable to those observed at Baseline, across both the *General* Snus[®] users and the New *General* Snus[®] users cohorts, although the Wave 2 participants were slightly older across cohorts, with females being more prevalent among the returning new users, compared with those enrolled at Baseline.

Primary Objective 1: Evaluate baseline TNP use in the past 30 days.

Baseline: Among the 1655 *General* Snus® respondents, at least 40% of ever users (from 43.3% to 62.3%) reported other TNP use, including E-cigarettes, moist snuff, nicotine pouches, cigars, cigarillos, or filtered cigars filled with tobacco products while about 30% of ever users (from 19.8% to 32.7%) reported smoking, chewing tobacco, using pipe tobacco, hookah or water pipe tobacco, and aids to help smoking. A total of n=914, (55.2%) reported ever cigarette use, and

among these n=299 (18.1%)smoked over the past 30 days. Of those who reported ever cigarette use, the majority of participants (67.2%) reported that they did not smoke at all over the past 30 days while 13.1% reported that they smoked every day and 19.6% reported that they smoked on some days. For these *General* Snus® users, less than a third reported other TNP use and only 18.1% reported smoking concurrently over the past 30 days.

Wave 2: Among the *General* Snus[®] users who returned at Month 6 (n=695), 94.1% of them reported using *General* Snus[®] pouches over the past 30 days, with 74.5% (n=518) using every day, 19.6% (n=136) using some days, and 5.9% (n=41) of them reported not using *General* Snus[®] product at all. Of all *General* Snus[®] users who participated in the second wave of the study (n=695), 12.3% (n=86) of them smoked cigarettes every day (4.0%, n=28) or some days (8.3%, n=58), and 87.2% (n=606) of them reported not using cigarettes at all, over the past 30 days. The most common TNPs used concurrently with the *General* Snus[®] product were cigarettes, E-cigarettes, nicotine pouches, moist snuff, and cigars, cigarillos, or filtered cigars filled with tobacco (ranging from 37.6% to 12.4%).

At 6 months follow-up, the reported cigarette smoking in the past 30 days decreased for both everyday users (4.0%) and some days users (8.3%) among all *General* Snus® users (n=695), compared with the results observed at Baseline (7.3% [everyday use] and 10.8% [some days use], respectively) among overall respondents (n=1655). A similar trend regarding TNP use was observed for the Month 6 respondents across all other reported TNPs used, except for those using nicotine pouches and the *General* Snus® product. While the reported *General* Snus® use among all participants decreased for everyday users from 82.1% at Baseline to 74.5% at Month 6, it increased slightly for some days users in the past 30 days, from 17.9% at Baseline to 19.6% at Wave 2.

Primary Objective 1: Evaluate baseline intention to quit TNP based on the Motivation to Stop Scale (MTSS) and cigarette quitting behavior

Baseline: Among the 299 *General* Snus® users who responded they smoked every day or on some days over the past 30 days, 16.4% reported that they completely quit smoking over the past 29 days. Of the 250 that reported they did not completely quit smoking, 44.0% reported that they were currently trying to quit smoking. The average MTSS score for cigarettes was 2.5 suggesting low intentions to quit smoking.

Wave 2: Among *General* Snus® users who smoked cigarettes (n=86), at 6 months follow-up, 8.1% (n=7) of them reported that they completely quit smoking cigarettes in the past 29 days. However, 40.5% (n=32) of those who did not report quitting smoking cigarettes in the past 29 days (n=79), were currently trying to quit cigarette smoking. However, given that the overall percentage of regular cigarette use among *General* Snus® users decreased from 18.1% (n=299)

to 12.3% (n=86) between Baseline and Month 6, these results could indicate that some *General* Snus® users quit cigarette smoking before the reported period of 29 days, at the time of the Wave 2 survey.

Primary Objective 2: Evaluate baseline average number of days General Snus® pouches and cigarettes were used over the past 30 days.

Baseline: Over the past 30 days, 82.1% of *General* Snus[®] users reported using *General* Snus[®] every day and they used an average of 10.5 pouches per day. The remaining participants reported using *General* Snus[®] on 49.8% of days and an average of 5.3 pouches on the days they are used. In addition, 7.3% of *General* Snus[®] users reported smoking cigarettes every day at an average of 12.3 cigarettes per day. Further, 10.8% of *General* Snus[®] users reported smoking cigarettes some days day at an average of 4.81 cigarettes per day.

Wave 2: Among the *General* Snus[®] users who returned for the 6 months follow-up (n=695), 74.5% (n=518) of them reported using *General* Snus[®] every day and they used an average of 10.2 pouches per day, while 19.6% (n=136) of them reported using on average 6.3 *General* Snus[®] pouches for a mean percentage of 47.7% of days in the past 30 days. The Wave 2 study results for *General* Snus[®] users indicate a similar pattern of *General* Snus[®] use, compared with the results observed at Baseline.

Of the total participants at Wave 2 (n=695), 4.0% (n=28) of them reported smoking on average 11.4 cigarettes every day, while 8.3% (n=58) of them reported smoking on average 3.0 cigarettes for a mean percentage of 25.1% days in the past 30 days days. Compared with the results observed at Baseline, the findings at Month 6 of the study indicate a decrease in the percentage of days cigarettes were smoked among all *General* Snus® users from Baseline (31.0%) to 6 months follow-up (25.0%), although the average number of daily cigarettes used in the past 30 days remained comparable at the first two waves of the study, for both every day and some days cigarette smokers.

Primary Objective 4: Compare the tendencies of General Snus® users to quit cigarettes or use General Snus® in an incremental fashion, in a supplemental fashion, or in complete substitution of cigarettes.

Wave 2: Incremental *General* Snus® use was defined as having greater or the equal cigarette use at Month 6 than at Baseline, while concurrently using *General* Snus®. Supplemental *General* Snus® use was defined as having less cigarette use at Month 6 than at Baseline, while concurrently using *General* Snus®. The participants considered for this analysis were those who did not switch frequency of use from Baseline to Month 6, i.e., everyday users in both waves or some day users in both waves.

For participants who continued to be everyday *General* Snus[®] users at Month 6 (n=492), their average number of *General* Snus[®] pouches used daily in the past 30 days decreased from the daily product usage recorded at Baseline by 0.43, and for those who remained some days users at 6 months follow-up (n=47), their usage of *General* Snus[®] on some days decreased on average by 0.53 pouches, compared with the pattern of use recorded at Baseline.

A similar trend was also observed, at a slightly higher magnitude, among *General* Snus[®] users who smoked cigarettes. The average number of cigarettes used daily by *General* Snus[®] users who continued to be everyday cigarette smokers at Month 6 (n=24), decreased by 0.92 from the daily usage recorded at Baseline, and for those who remained some days smokers at 6 months follow-up (n=27), their average number of cigarettes smoked on some days decreased by 0.89, compared with the pattern of use recorded at Baseline. These findings indicate a tendency for supplemental use of *General* Snus[®] product among those who continued to smoke cigarettes at 6 months follow-up. Among the 299 *General* Snus[®] users who were identified as cigarette smokers at Baseline, 32 of them reported having quit cigarettes at Month 6, with 29 among those completely substituting *General* Snus[®] in place of cigarettes at 6 months follow up.

Secondary Objective 1: Assess perceptions of absolute risk of certain health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer) among General Snus[®] users attributed to using to using only General Snus[®] daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of General Snus[®] and cigarettes daily, and never having used any TNPs.

Baseline and Wave 2: When looking across all absolute risk metrics at the first two phases of the study, a consistent pattern emerged. Respondents perceived that cigarettes presented the greatest risk of harm across different health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer). Usage of *General* Snus[®] products alone was associated with some risk of health conditions, although at a lower rate than smoking. Never using TNP was generally deemed to carry the lowest risk.

Secondary Objective 2: Assess baseline understanding of the risk reduction as described in the modified risk claim among General Snus[®] users, especially new users.

Baseline: The majority of respondents comprehended that *General* Snus[®] puts them at lower risk than smoking cigarettes for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis. The majority of responders also understood the modified risk claim that smoking zero cigarettes would lower their risk of disease. Similar response patterns were observed within the new user cohort. Although about 20% responded that they did not understand the claim that *General* Snus[®] puts them at lower risk than smoking cigarettes for different diseases, this response came from a small sample of 11 respondents.

Wave 2: The response patterns observed at Month 6 are similar across cohorts with those demonstrated at Baseline, although at Month 6 the New *General* Snus[®] users cohort was small (n=16).

Strengths and Limitations of the Baseline Study:

This study was conducted following the guidance of the Center for Tobacco Products (FDA Guidance for Industry, 2011) within the FDA on data for human studies designed to evaluate the risks and benefits to the population, including users and non-users of tobacco products. The study benefitted from the administration of the web-based survey which allowed for improved survey designs and accurate data capture.

Additionally, in virtually all cases survey questions utilized validated scales, or scales directly comparable to studies in literature. In particular, usage of the Motivation to Stop Scale allowed for simple, justifiable interpretation. Scales used in risk perception questions line up with other tobacco-related research, such as HINTS.

There were limitations to the current study, arguably none of which should draw concern regarding data integrity. The data collected were from current users of *General* Snus[®]. The perceived health risk assessments were intended to evaluate real-world perceptions after exposure to real-world information on *General* Snus[®], but obviously they did not have the same contextual, social, and emotional consequences of actual decisions. One could only expect a limited degree of accuracy and extrapolation while capturing behavioral intentions, as unforeseen factors can impact actual behaviors. Thus, differences may arise between stated and actual choices, and stated and actual behaviors. Potential hypothetical bias may be limited by constructing questions that mimic realistic perceptions and behaviors as closely as possible. In addition, since data from this study were dependent on respondent self-reporting, subsequently reported variables may also be subjected to recall bias and the inability to confirm actual tobacco use behavior. Self-reported data collection is a standard approach and any potential problems with recall bias were anticipated to be constant across time points.

Respondents were recruited based on invitation stickers placed directly on *General* Snus[®] canisters. As a result, recruitment could be considered a convenience sample. Further, due to sample selection during recruitment, respondents who were more interested in research, or perhaps healthy enough to participate, may be over-represented, hence the possibility of selection bias. Although these issues raised concerns about the external validity of the findings (e.g., our sample may not be fully generalizable to all consumers), the recruitment plan was designed to mirror the underlying populations.

Study Conclusion:

Baseline: Baseline study findings support the conclusion that overall, the introduction of *General* Snus[®] does not appear to compromise public health in any way, based on perceptions of risk as assessed in the Baseline study. Specifically, results demonstrated that respondents perceived that cigarettes presented the greatest risk of health conditions which include mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer. Moreover, usage of *General* Snus[®] products alone was associated with some risk of health conditions, although at a lower rate than smoking. Never using TNP was generally deemed to carry the lowest risk.

In addition, current *General* Snus[®] users include a significant number of former cigarette smokers (67.s%) suggesting that use of *General* Snus[®] may support a reduction in smoking.

Wave 2: Study findings at Wave 2 confirm the conclusion based on the perceptions of risk assessed in the Baseline study that overall, the introduction of *General* Snus[®] does not appear to compromise public health in any way.

Relative to baseline, use of cigarette smoking at Month 6 demonstrated a pattern of:

- Decreased cigarette smoking in the last 30 days for everyday and some day users
- Decrease in percent of days cigarettes are smoked and average number of cigarettes smoked everyday and on some days

Additionally, at Month 6, 4.2% (n=32) of participants reported having quit cigarettes and another 4.2% (n=29) had completely substituted cigarettes with *General* Snus®.

Risk perception results were similar to baseline results. That is, cigarettes posed the greatest risk of developing health conditions, the use of *General* Snus® alone posed some risks (but lower relative to cigrettes), and not using any TNP carried the lowest risk.

Final Date: July 13, 2021

3. TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. TITLE	1
2. SYNOPSIS	2
3. TABLE OF CONTENTS	11
3.1 LIST OF IN-TEXT TABLES	
3.2 LIST OF IN-TEXT FIGURES	
4. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS OF TERMS	13
5. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES	14
5.1 Investigator and Contributors	
5.2 Sponsor	14
6. WAVE 2 STUDY RESPONDENTS	15
6.1 Study Fielding Summary	
6.2 Final Sample (Wave 2)	15
7. WAVE 2 STUDY RESULTS	_
7.1 Wave 2 Descriptive Results	
7.2 Demographics and Respondent Characteristics	
7.3 Wave 2 Results for Primary Objectives	
 7.3.1 Primary Objective 1: Evaluate TNP use in the past 30 days at Month 6 7.3.2 Primary Objective 1: Evaluate cigarette quitting behavior at Wave 2 	
7.3.3 Primary Objective 2: Evaluate the average number of days <i>General</i> Sn	
and cigarettes were used over the past 30 days at Wave 2	
7.3.4 Primary Objective 3: Characterize <i>General</i> Snus® users, especially new us of prior TNP use and demographics and compare this to new users of smooth as reported in the Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health (PATH).	okeless TNP, I) at Wave 2
7.3.5 Primary Objective 4: Compare the tendencies of <i>General</i> Snus® u	sers to quit
cigarettes or use General Snus® in an incremental fashion, in a suppleme	
or in complete substitution of cigarettes at Wave 2	
7.4 Wave 2 Results for Secondary Objectives	
7.4.1 Secondary Objective 1: Perception of absolute risk to using only <i>General</i>	
smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of <i>General</i> Snus [®] and cigarette never having used any TNPs at Wave 2	
7.4.2 Secondary Objective 2: Understanding of the risk reduction as described as the risk reduction as the risk reduction as described as the risk reduction as the risk reduc	
modified risk claim among General Snus® users, especially new users	
7.5 Wave 2 Results Summary	
8. WAVE 2 DISCUSSION AND OVERALL CONCLUSIONS	43
8.1 Overall Wave 2 Study Conclusions	
9. ATTACHMENTS	
9.1 Descriptive Tables 1-4	
9.2 Study Questionnaire	
9.3 Protocol	
9.4 Statistical Analysis Plan	44

3.1 LIST OF IN-TEXT TABLES

Table 1: Fielding Summary at Wave 215
Table 2. Primary Objective 1 – TNP patterns of use for <i>General</i> Snus® users at Month 6. Reported TNP use in the last 30 days
Table 3. Primary Objective 1 – TNP patterns of use for <i>General</i> Snus® users at Month 6. Quitting cigarettes behavior
Table 4. Primary Objective 2 – Pattern of <i>General</i> Snus® use among <i>General</i> Snus® users at Month 6. Outcomes include percent of days that <i>General</i> Snus® was used and average number of <i>General</i> Snus® pouches used in the past 30 days
Table 5. Primary Objective 2 – Pattern of cigarettes use among <i>General</i> Snus® users at Month 6. Outcomes include percent of days cigarettes were smoked and average number of cigarettes smoked in the past 30 days
Table 6. Primary Objective 4 – <i>General</i> Snus® and cigarettes pattern of use, based on the average daily reported TNP use at Month 6
Table 7. Primary Objective 4 – Among <i>General</i> Snus® users, quitting all TNP use, and completely substituting cigarettes for <i>General</i> Snus® at Month 6
Table 8. Secondary Objective 1 – Perceptions of absolute risk for daily <i>General</i> Snus® users and smokers at the first two waves of study
Table 9. Secondary Objective 1 – Perceptions of absolute risk for dual <i>General</i> Snus® users and smokers and never TNP users at the first two waves of study
Table 10. Secondary Objective 2 – Understanding of the MRTP claim for <i>General</i> Snus® at Month 6

3.2 LIST OF IN-TEXT FIGURES

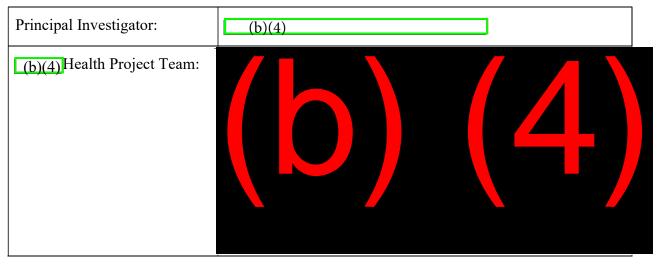
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4. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

Abbreviation or Specialist Term	Definition
CASRO	Council of American Survey Research Organizations
СТР	Center for Tobacco Products
FDA	FDA Food and Drug Administration
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
НСР	Health Care Professional
HINTS	Health Information National Trends Survey
ICF	Informed Consent Form
IRB	IRB Institutional Review Board
MRTP	Modified Risk Tobacco Product
MRTPA	Modified Risk Tobacco Product Application
PATH	Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health
PII	Personally Identifiable Information
PMTA	Premarket Tobacco Product Application
RDD	Random Digit Dialing
SAP	Statistical Analysis Plan
SMNA	Swedish Match North America, LLC
TNP	Tobacco/Nicotine Product(s)
U.S.	United States

5. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES

5.1 Investigator and Contributors



5.2 Sponsor

Sponsor:	Swedish Match North America, LLC	
	Tryggve Ljung, MD., Ph.D., Vice President Scientific Affairs	

6. WAVE 2 STUDY RESPONDENTS

6.1 Study Fielding Summary

The fielding summary for number of respondents who entered the Wave 2 survey, those who did not complete the survey, those who were terminated (and the reasons for termination) are summarized in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Fielding Summary at Wave 2

Number of respondents who entered the Wave 2 survey	931
Number of respondents who were terminated based inclusion/exclusion criteria/quota filled/Intellectual Property blocker	159
Number of respondents who did not complete the Wave 2 survey	66
Number of respondents retained (closed fielding)	706
Total respondents retained at Wave 2 after data quality check*	695

^{*}Data quality check per SAP included outliers, straightliners, speeders, those who failed the attention check question, and illogical responses.

6.2 Final Sample (Wave 2)

Of the respondents enrolled in the initial phase of the study (n=1655 at Baseline), 706 respondents returned at the 6 months follow up and were considered in the Wave 2 study. Among the 706 respondents, 11 failed the attention check, thus, 695 were retained for study analysis. Among them, 16 participants who were classified as New *General* Snus® users at Baseline returned for the Wave 2 (6 months follow-up) study. Of note, at Baseline, among *General* Snus® users, the New *General* Snus® product users were defined as first time *General* Snus® use less than 30 days ago."

7. WAVE 2 STUDY RESULTS

Respondents were recruited from 50 U.S. states, including District of Columbia. Participation at Wave 2 ranged from 0.1% of overall respondents from the District of Columbia (n=1), Rhode Island (n=1), and Wyoming (n=1) to 5.5% of them from California (n=38), Illinois (n=38), and Ohio (n=38) (Descriptive Table 1a; Attachment 8.1). The largest proportion (12.5%) of New *General* Snus[®] users who returned from Baseline were from Colorado (n=2), Illinois (n=2), and Ohio (n=2). The greatest proportion of overall respondents at the second wave of study were from the Southern region (32.7%, n=227), followed by the Midwestern (29.2%, n=203), Western (26.2%, n=182), and Notheastern (11.9%, n=83) regions of the country. More than a third (37.5%, n=6) of the New *General* Snus[®] users who returned from Baseline at Month 6 resided in the

Midwest, followed in equal proportions (31.3%, n=5) by residents from the Southern and Western regions of the country.

7.1 Wave 2 Descriptive Results

All respondents were included in the raw data descriptive results (Tables 1a to 4; Attachment 8.1), and the descriptive statistical analyses presented in Tables 2-10.

7.2 Demographics and Respondent Characteristics

The sociodemographic characteristics of *General* Snus® users and New *General* Snus® users participating in Wave 2 study are summarized in Descriptive Tables 1a-b and Table 2; Attachment 8.1.

The mean age of the overall *General* Snus® users who returned from Baseline at Month 6 was 37.6 (range: 21 to 76 years), with the New *General* Snus® users among them being slightly younger (mean age: 35.3 years, ranging from age 21 to 57), including more female respondents (31.3%) than the overall participants (5.9%), and reporting in a considerably larger proportion (50.1%) an annual household income of less than \$50,000, compared with the *General* Snus® users (28.6%) who participated at Wave 2 (Descriptive Tables 1a-b and Table 2; Attachment 8.1). A majority of respondents across both cohorts (55.3% of *General* Snus® users and 50.0% of New *General* Snus® users) self-identified as married at the time of the survey, and a similar proportion of them (32.7% *General* Snus® users and 31.3% New *General* Snus® users) reported never being married (Descriptive Table 2; Attachment 8.1).

Overall, the sociodemographic characteristics of the participants at Month 6 of the study were comparable to those observed at Baseline, across both the *General* Snus® users and the New *General* Snus® users cohorts, although the Wave 2 participants were slightly older (1-1.5 more years of age) across cohorts, with females being more prevalent among the returning new users (31.3%), compared with the new users enrolled at Baseline (17.3%) (Descriptive Tables 1a-b; Attachment 8.1).

7.3 Wave 2 Results for Primary Objectives

7.3.1 Primary Objective 1: Evaluate TNP use in the past 30 days at Month 6

The TNP patterns of use in the last 30 days for overall respondents at Wave 2 are presented in Table 2 below. Note that comparisons with Baseline results are speaking to the column labelled "Baseline (with autofill)". In the Baseline survey, TNP use in the past 30 days was asked to respondents who indicated ever regularly used or don't know. At follow-up waves, it was asked to everyone. In order to appropriately observe changes in TNP use from baseline to 6 months follow-up, we created "baseline with autofill" whereby those who did not use regularly were coded as "not at all", with the exception of snus, which was autofilled to include *General* Snus® use (e.g.,

there were 34 respondents who used *General* Snus® in the past 30 days but did not ever use snus regularly. They were autofilled to everyday or someday users of snus).

Among the *General* Snus® users who returned at Month 6 (n=695), 94.1% of them reported using *General* Snus® pouches over the past 30 days, with 74.5% (n=518) using every day, 19.6% (n=136) using some days, and 5.9% (n=41) of them reported not using *General* Snus® product at all. Of note, participants were asked about snus use, which included *General* Snus®, therefore data presented for snus use in Table 2 overlaps with *General* Snus® use results.

Among all *General* Snus® users who participated in the second wave of the study (n=695), 12.3% (n=86) of them smoked cigarettes every day (4.0%, n=28) or some days (8.3%, n=50), 14.1% (n=98) of them used E-cigarettes every day (4.9%, n=34) or some days (9.2%, n=64), 28.2% of them (n=196) used moist snuff every day (10.5%, n=73) or some days (17.7%, n=123), and more than one third (37.6%, n=261) of them were using nicotine pouches every day (9.4%, n=65) or some days (28.2%, n=196), over the past 30 days (Table 2).

At 6 months follow-up, the reported cigarette smoking in the past 30 days decreased for both everyday users (4.0%) and some days users (8.3%) among all *General* Snus® users (n=695), compared with the results observed at Baseline (7.3% [everyday use] and 10.8% [some days use], respectively) among overall respondents (n=1655). A similar trend regarding TNP use was observed for the Month 6 respondents across all other reported TNPs used, except for those using nicotine pouches and the *General* Snus® product. The Wave 2 study results indicate an increased everyday use of nicotine pouches (9.4%) among all *General* Snus® users (n=695) in the past 30 days, compared with the results observed at Baseline (5.9%), among overall respondents (n=1655). While the reported *General* Snus® use among all participants decreased for everyday users from 82.1% at Baseline to 74.5% at Month 6, it increased slightly for some days users in the past 30 days, from 17.9% at Baseline to 19.6% at Wave 2 (Table 2).

Among participants who returned at month 6 (n=695), within individual changes in TNP use the past 30 days were examined. Reported everyday use of snus and *General* Snus® pouches decreased significantly (both p<0.0001; Table 2). Reported everday use of nicotine pouches and aids to help stop smoking increased significantly (p=0.012 and 0.004, respectively; Table 2). No other within individual changes in TNP use were statistically significant. There was a total of 41 respondents who used *General* Snus® at baseline but no longer use *General* Snus® at month 6. Their TNP use in the last 30 days is reported in Table 2a. In general, these individuals tended to decrease their everyday useage of TNPs (except for nicotine pouches and aids to help stop smoking) compared with baseline.

Table 2. Primary Objective 1 – TNP patterns of use for General Snus® users at Month 6. Reported TNP use in the last 30 days

		General Snus® users	© users		
	Baseline	Baseline (with autofill)	Baseline responses for participants who returned at Month 6	Month 6	P-value for change from Baseline
	n (%) (95% CI) 1656	n (%) (95% CI) 1655	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	to Month6
Reported <u>cigarette</u> use N*	914	1655	695	695	0.1345
Every day (%)	120 (13.1%) (11.0% - 15.5%)	120 (7.3%) (6.0% - 8.6%)	36 (5.2%) (3.7% - 7.1%)	28 (4.0%) (2.7% - 5.8%)	
Some days (%)	179 (19.6%) (17.1% - 22.3%)	179 (10.8%) (9.4% - 12.4%)	56 (8.1%) (6.1% - 10.3%)	58 (8.3%) (6.4% - 10.7%)	
Not at all (%)	614 (67.2%) (64.0% - 70.2%)	1355 (81.9%) (79.9% - 83.7%)	603 (86.8%) (84.0% - 89.2%)	606 (87.2%) (84.5% - 89.6%)	
Don't Know (%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.6%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.3%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (0.4%) (0.1% - 1.3%)	
Reported E-cigarette use $N*$	642	1655	969	\$69	0.9095
Every day (%)	101 (15.7%) (13.0% - 18.8%)	101 (6.1%) (5.0% - 7.4%)	38 (5.5%) (3.9% - 7.4%)	34 (4.9%) (3.4% - 6.8%)	
Some days (%)	177 (27.6%) (24.1% - 31.2%)	177 (10.7%) (9.2% - 12.3%)	57 (8.2%) (6.3% - 10.5%)	64 (9.2%) (7.2% - 11.6%)	
Not at all (%)	361 (56.2%) (52.3% - 60.1%)	1374 (83.0%) (81.1% - 84.8%)	599 (86.2%) (83.4% - 88.7%)	596 (85.8%) (82.9% - 88.3%)	
Don't Know (%)	3 (0.5%) (0.1% - 1.4%)	3 (0.2%) (0.0% - 0.5%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	
Reported <u>moist snuff</u> use N*	1069	1655	695	\$69	0.5510

Swedish Match North America ort

Protocol No. SMU 19-01GENS General Snus® POU Study Report

Every day (%)	185 (17.3%) (15.1% - 19.7%)	185 (11.2%) (9.7% - 12.8%)	71 (10.2%) (8.1% - 12.7%)	73 (10.5%) (8.3% - 13.0%)	
Some days (%)	364 (34.1%) (31.2% - 37.0%)	364 (22.0%) (20.0% - 24.1%)	143 (20.6%) (17.6% - 23.8%)	123 (17.7%) (14.9% - 20.7%)	
Not at all (%)	513 (48.0%) (45.0% - 51.0%)	1099 (66.4%) (64.1% - 68.7%)	478 (68.8%) (65.2% - 72.2%)	499 (71.8%) (68.3% - 75.1%)	
Don't Know (%)	7 (0.7%)	7 (0.4%) (0.2% - 0.9%)	3 (0.4%) (0.1% - 1.3%)	0 (0.0%)	
Reported chewing tobacco use N*	208	1655	\$69	\$69	0.0680
Every day (%)	13 (2.6%) (1.4% - 4.3%)	13 (0.8%) (0.4% - 1.3%)	5 (0.7%) (0.2% - 1.7%)	4 (0.6%) (0.2% - 1.5%)	
Some days (%)	116 (22.8%) (19.3% - 26.7%)	116 (7.0%) (5.8% - 8.3%)	48 (6.9%) (5.1% - 9.1%)	34 (4.9%) (3.4% - 6.8%)	
Not at all (%)	374 (73.6%) (69.6% - 77.4%)	1521 (91.9%) (90.5% - 93.2%)	639 (91.9%) (89.7% - 93.9%)	655 (94.2%) (92.2% - 95.9%)	
Don't Know (%)	5 (1.0%) (0.3% - 2.3%)	5 (0.3%) (0.1% - 0.7%)	3 (0.4%) (0.1% - 1.3%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.0%)	
Reported <u>snus</u> use N*	1621	1655**	\$69	\$69	<0.0001
Every day (%)	1387 (85.6%) (83.8% - 87.2%)	1409 (85.1%) (83.3% - 86.8%)	622 (89.5%) (87.0% - 91.7%)	518 (74.5%) (71.1% - 77.7%)	
Some days (%)	234 (14.4%) (12.8% - 16.2%)	246 (14.9%) (13.2% - 16.7%)	73(10.5%) (8.3% - 13.0%)	136 (19.6%) (16.7% - 22.7%)	
Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	41 (5.9%) (4.3% - 7.9%)	
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 0.2%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 0.5%)	
Reported <u>General Snus® pouch</u> use N*	1655	1655	\$69	\$69	<0.0001
Every day (%)	1358 (82.1%) (80.1% - 83.9%)	1358 (82.1%) (80.1% - 83.9%)	605 (87.1%) (84.3% - 89.5%)	518 (74.5%) (71.1% - 77.7%)	
Some days (%)	297 (17.9%) (16.1% - 19.9%)	297 (17.9%) (16.1% - 19.9%)	90 (12.9%) (10.5% - 15.7%)	136 (19.6%) (16.7% - 22.7%)	

Protocol No. SMU 19-01GENS General Snus® POU Study Report

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Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 0.2%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 0.2%)	0 (0.0%)	41 (5.9%) (4.3% - 7.9%)	
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	
Reported nicotine pouches use N*	088	1655	\$69	\$69	0.0117
Every day (%)	97 (11.0%) (9.0% - 13.3%)	97 (5.9%) (4.8% - 7.1%)	45 (6.5%) (4.8% - 8.6%)	65 (9.4%) (7.3% - 11.8%)	
Some days (%)	451 (51.2%) (47.9% - 54.6%)	451 (27.3%) (25.1% - 29.5%)	194 (27.9%) (24.6% - 31.4%)	196 (28.2%) (24.9% - 31.7%)	
Not at all (%)	323 (36.7%) (33.5% - 40.0%)	1098 (66.3%) (64.0% - 68.6%)	455 (65.5%) (61.8% - 69.0%)	433 (62.3%) (58.6% - 65.9%)	
Don't Know (%)	9 (1.0%) (0.5% - 1.9%)	9 (0.5%) (0.2% - 1.0%)	1 (0.1%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	
Reported aids to help stop smoking use N*	389	1655	\$69	\$69	0.0040
Every day (%)	8 (2.1%) (0.9% - 4.0%)	8 (0.5%) (0.2% - 1.0%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.0%)	7 (1.0%) (0.4% - 2.1%)	
Some days (%)	68 (17.5%) (13.8% - 21.6%)	68 (4.1%) (3.2% - 5.2%)	26 (3.7%) (2.5% - 5.4%)	41 (5.9%) (4.3% - 7.9%)	
Not at all (%)	311 (79.9%) (75.6% - 83.8%)	1577 (95.3%) (94.2% - 96.3%)	666 (95.8%) (94.1% - 97.2%)	646 (92.9%) (90.8% - 94.7%)	
Don't Know (%)	2 (0.5%) (0.1% - 1.8%)	2 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.4%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	
Reported <u>cigars, cigarillos, filtered cigars</u> <u>filled with tobacco</u> use N*	177	1655	\$69	969	0.0843
Every day (%)	13 (1.7%) (0.9% - 2.9%)	13 (0.8%) (0.4% - 1.3%)	4 (0.6%) (0.2% - 1.5%)	5 (0.7%) (0.2% - 1.7%)	
Some days (%)	361 (46.8%) (43.3% - 50.4%)	361 (21.8%) (19.8% - 23.9%)	152 (21.9%) (18.9% - 25.1%)	130 (18.7%) (15.9% - 21.8%)	
Not at all (%)	390 (50.6%) (47.0% - 54.2%)	1274 (77.0%) (74.9% - 79.0%)	537 (77.3%) (74.0% - 80.3%)	559 (80.4%) (77.3% - 83.3%)	
Don't Know (%)	7 (0.9%) (0.4% - 1.9%)	7 (0.4%) (0.2% - 0.9%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.0%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	

Protocol No. SMU 19-01GENS General Snus® POU Study Report

Swedish Match North America July 2021

Reported pipe tobacco use					
*2	328	1655	\$69	969	0.1995
Every day (%)	7 (2.1%) (0.9% - 4.3%)	7 (0.4%) (0.2% - 0.9%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.0%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.0%)	
Some days (%)	103 (31.4%) (26.4% - 36.7%)	103 (6.2%) (5.1% - 7.5%)	41 (5.9%) (4.3% - 7.9%)	33 (4.7%) (3.3% - 6.6%)	
Not at all (%)	216 (65.9%) (60.4% - 71.0%)	1543 (93.2%) (91.9% - 94.4%)	652 (93.8%) (91.8% - 95.5%)	660 (95.0%) (93.1% - 96.5%)	
Don't Know (%)	2 (0.6%) (0.1% - 2.2%)	2 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	
Reported hookah or water pipe tobacco use					
*2	402	1655	\$69	969	0.8729
Every day (%)	3 (0.7%) (0.2% - 2.2%)	3 (0.2%) (0.0% - 0.5%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	
Some days (%)	76 (18.9%) (15.2% - 23.1%)	76 (4.6%) (3.6% - 5.7%)	19 (2.7%) (1.7% - 4.2%)	18 (2.6%) (1.5% - 4.1%)	
Not at all (%)	317 (78.9%) (74.5% - 82.7%)	1570 (94.9%) (93.7% - 95.9%)	674 (97.0%) (95.4% - 98.1%)	675 (97.1%) (95.6% - 98.2%)	
Don't Know (%)	6 (1.5%) (0.5% - 3.2%)	6 (0.4%) (0.1% - 0.8%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	

CI: Confidence Interval

*Number of non-missing responses

At baseline, use in the past 30 days was asked to respondents who indicated ever regularly used or don't know. At follow-up waves, it was asked to everyone.
**With autofill, those who did not use regularly were coded as "not at all", with the exception of snus, which was autofilled to include General Snus® use (e.g., there were 34 respondents who used General Snus® in the past 30 days but did not ever use snus regularly. They were autofilled to everyday or someday users of suns).

Table 2a. Primary Objective 1 – TNP patterns of use for respondents who were General Snus® users at baseline but didn't use General Snus® at Month 6. Reported TNP use in the last 30 days.

	Non-General Snus	Non-General Snus® users at Month 6
	Baseline	Month 6
	(%) u	(%) u
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
	41	41
Reported cigarette use		
*Z	41	41
Every day (%)	3 (7.3%)	2 (4.9%)
(/0) Sixty Smc3	4 (9.8%)	5 (12.2%)
Some days (70)	(2.7% - 23.1%)	(4.1% - 26.2%)
Not at all (%)	34 (82.9%)	34 (82.9%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Reported E-cigarette use		
*Z	41	41
Every day (%)	4 (9.8%) (2.7% - 23.1%)	3 (7.3%) (1.5% - 19.9%)
Some days (%)	6 (14.6%) (5.6% - 29.2%)	8 (19.5%) (8.8% - 34.9%)
Not at all (%)	31 (75.6%) (59.7% - 87.6%)	30 (73.2%) (57.1% - 85.8%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Reported moist snuff use		
*Z	41	41
Every day (%)	3 (7.3%) (1.5% - 19.9%)	1 (2.4%) (0.1% - 12.9%)

Protocol No. SMU 19-01GENS General Snus® POU Study Report

3 (7.3%) (1.5% - 19.9%)	37 (90.2%) (76.9% - 97.3%)	0 (0.0%)	41	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	41 (100.0%) (91.4% - 100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	41	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	41 (100.0%) (91.4% - 100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	41	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	41 (100.0%) (91.4% - 100.0%)
8 (19.5%) (8.8% - 34.9%)	30 (73.2%) (57.1% - 85.8%)	0 (0.0%)	41	1 (2.4%) (0.1% - 12.9%)	3 (7.3%) (1.5% - 19.9%)	37 (90.2%) (76.9% - 97.3%)	0 (0.0%)	41	28 (68.3%) (51.9% - 81.9%)	13 (31.7%) (18.1% - 48.1%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	41	24 (58.5%) (42.1% - 73.7%)	17 (41.5%) (26.3% - 57.9%)	0 (0.0%)
Some days (%)	Not at all (%)	Don't Know (%)	Reported chewing tobacco use N*	Every day (%)	Some days (%)	Not at all (%)	Don't Know (%)	Reported <u>snus</u> use N*	Every day (%)	Some days (%)	Not at all (%)	Don't Know (%)	Reported General Snus® pouch use N*	Every day (%)	Some days (%)	Not at all (%)

Protocol No. SMU 19-01GENS General Snus® POU Study Report

Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
(°/) women in the control of the con	(0.0% - 8.6%)	(0.0% - 8.6%)
Reported nicotine pouches use		
N*	41	41
Every day (%)	4 (9.8%) (2.7% - 23.1%)	5 (12.2%) (4.1% - 26.2%)
Some days (%)	14 (34.1%) (20.1% - 50.6%)	9 (22.0%) (10.6% - 37.6%)
Not at all (%)	23 (56.1%) (39.7% - 71.5%)	27 (65.9%) (49.4% - 79.9%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Reported aids to help stop smoking use $N*$	41	41
Every day (%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (4.9%) (0.6% - 16.5%)
Some days (%)	5 (12.2%) (4.1% - 26.2%)	6 (14.6%) (5.6% - 29.2%)
Not at all (%)	36 (87.8%) (73.8% - 95.9%)	33 (80.5%) (65.1% - 91.2%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Reported <u>cigars, cigarillos, filtered</u> <u>cigars filled with tobacco</u> use N*	41	41
Every day (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Some days (%)	7 (17.1%) (7.2% - 32.1%)	5 (12.2%) (4.1% - 26.2%)
Not at all (%)	34 (82.9%) (67.9% - 92.8%)	36 (87.8%) (73.8% - 95.9%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 8.6%)
Reported pipe tobacco use		

General Snus® POU Study Report Protocol No. SMU 19-01GENS

July 2021

Swedish Match North America

N^*	41	41
Every day (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 8.6%)	1 (2.4%) (0.1% - 12.9%)
Some days (%)	2 (4.9%) (0.6% - 16.5%)	1 (2.4%) (0.1% - 12.9%)
Not at all (%)	39 (95.1%) (83.5% - 99.4%)	39 (95.1%) (83.5% - 99.4%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Reported hookah or water pipe tobacco use		
N^*	41	41
Every day (%)	1 (2.4%) (0.1% - 12.9%)	0 (0.0%)
Some days (%)	1 (2.4%) (0.1% - 12.9%)	0 (0.0%)
Not at all (%)	39 (95.1%) (83.5% - 99.4%)	41 (100.0%) (91.4% - 100.0%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 8.6%)	0 (0.0%)

CI: Confidence Interval

*Number of non-missing responses At baseline, use in the past 30 days was asked to people who indicated ever regularly used or don't know. At follow-up waves, it was asked to everyone.

7.3.2 Primary Objective 1: Evaluate cigarette quitting behavior at Wave 2

Among *General* Snus® users who smoked cigarettes (n=86), at 6 months follow-up, 8.1% (n=7) of them reported that they completely quit smoking cigarettes in the past 29 days. However, 40.5% (n=32) of those who did not report quitting smoking cigarettes in the past 29 days (n=79), were currently trying to quit cigarette smoking (Table 3). Additionally, among the same individuals who returned at baseline, there was a significant decrease in number of individuals who reported currently trying to quit smoking cigarettes (48.1% vs. 40.5%, p=0.048; Table 3).

The number of *General* Snus® users who smoked cigarettes and quit (n=7) or were trying to quit (n=32) in the past 29 days at Month 6 represent a decrease from the counts observed at Baseline (n=49 and n=110, respectively). However, given that the overall percentage of regular cigarette use among *General* Snus® users decreased from 18.1% (n=299) to 12.3% (n=86) between Baseline and Month 6 (Table 2), these results could indicate that some *General* Snus® users quit cigarette smoking before the reported period of 29 days, at the time of the Wave 2 survey.

Table 3. Primary Objective 1 - TNP patterns of use for General Snus® users at Month 6. Quitting cigarettes behavior

	Gene	General Snus® users		
	Baseline	Baseline responses for participants who returned at Month 6	Month 6	P-value for change from Baseline to Month6
	1655	969	695	
Reported completely quit smoking cigarettes over the past 29 days N*	299	65	98	0.4237
Yes (%) (95%CI)	49 (16.4%) (12.4% - 21.1%)	15 (16.3%) (9.4% - 25.5%)	7 (8.1%) (3.3% - 16.1%)	
No (%) (95%CI)	250 (83.6%) (78.9% - 87.6%)	77 (83.7%) (74.5% - 90.6%)	79 (91.9%) (83.9% - 96.7%)	
Reported currently trying to quit smoking cigarettes N*	250	77	79	0.0488
Yes (%) (95%CI)	110 (44.0%) (37.8% - 50.4%)	37 (48.1%) (36.5% - 59.7%)	32 (40.5%) (29.6% - 52.1%)	
No (%) (95%CI)	140 (56.0%) (49.6% - 62.2%)	40 (51.9%) (40.3% - 63.5%)	47 (59.5%) (47.9% - 70.4%)	

CI: Confidence Interval

*Number of non-missing responses

Completely quit smoking cigarettes was asked only among those who smoked every day or some days in the past 30 days. Currently trying to quit smoking cigarettes was asked only among those who did not completely quit cigarettes over the past 29 days.

7.3.3 Primary Objective 2: Evaluate the average number of days *General* Snus® pouches and cigarettes were used over the past 30 days at Wave 2

Among the *General* Snus[®] users who returned for the 6 months follow-up (n=695), 74.5% (n=518) of them reported using *General* Snus[®] every day and they used an average of 10.2 pouches per day (range: 9.7 to 10.7), while 19.6% (n=136) of them reported using on average 6.3 *General* Snus[®] pouches (range: 5.5 to 7.0) for a mean percentage of 47.7% of days (range: 43.5% to 51.8%) in the past 30 days (Table 4). The Wave 2 study results for *General* Snus[®] users indicate a similar pattern regarding the percentage of days *General* Snus[®] was used and the average number of pouches used every day or on some days in the past 30 days, compared with the results observed at Baseline (p=0.619). Of note, the value of 49.84% of days per month recorded at Baseline is equivalent of 15.0 days, and the value of 47.7% of days per month at Wave 2 represents 14.3 days.

Of the total number of participants at Wave 2 (n=695), 4.0% (n=28) of them reported smoking on average 11.4 cigarettes (range: 8.6 to 14.1) every day, while 8.3% (n=58) of them reported smoking on average 3.0 cigarettes (range: 2.2 to 3.8) for a mean percentage of 25.1% days (range: 19.5% to 30.7%) in the past 30 days days (

Table 5). Compared with the results observed at Baseline, the findings at Month 6 of the study indicate a decrease in the percentage of days cigarettes were smoked among all *General* Snus® users from Baseline (31.0%; range: 27.0% to 35.0%) to 6 months follow-up (25.0%; range: 19.5% to 30.7%). However, among individuals who returned at month 6 (n=695), there was no significant change in percent of days cigarettes were smoked (26.1% vs. 25.1%, p=0.452). Of note, the value of 31.0% of days per month recorded at baseline is equivalent of 9.3 days, and the value of 25.1% of days per month at Wave 2 represents 7.5 days. However, a similar average number of daily cigarettes used in the past 30 days was observed at the first two waves of the study, for both every day and some days cigarette smokers.

Table 4. Primary Objective 2 - Pattern of General Snus® use among General Snus® users at Month 6. Outcomes include percent of days that General Snus® was used and average number of General Snus® pouches used in the past 30 days

		General Snus® users		
	Baseline	Baseline responses for participants who returned at Month 6	Month 6	P-value for change from
	n (%) (95% CI) 1655	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CT)	Baseline to Month6
	297	06	136	0.6190
Percent of days that General Snus® is used	49.84% ± 27.68%	$48.15\% \pm 30.60\%$	$47.65\% \pm 24.42\%$	
	(46.68% - 53.00%)	(41.74% - 54.56%)	(43.51% - 51.79%)	
	1358	909	518	
Average number of General Snus® pouches used everyday	10.45 ± 6.58	10.57 ± 6.79	10.19 ± 6.09	
	(10.10 - 10.80)	(10.02 - 11.11)	(9.66 - 10.71)	
	297	06	136	
Average number of General Snus® pouches used on some days	5.28 ± 4.63	4.68 ± 3.39	6.27 ± 4.46	
	(4.75 - 5.80)	(3.97 - 5.39)	(5.52 - 7.03)	

CI: Confidence Interval *Number of non-missing responses *Percent of days that General Snus® is used was calculated based on days used in the past 30 days. The question was asked only among some days users.

Table 5. Primary Objective 2 – Pattern of cigarettes use among *General* Snus® users at Month 6. Outcomes include percent of days cigarettes were smoked and average number of cigarettes smoked in the past 30 days

		General Snus® users		
	Baseline	Baseline responses for participants who returned at Month 6	Month 6	P-value for change from
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	Month 6
	1655	\$69	969	
	179	99	58	0.4522
Percent of days that cigarettes are smoked	$31.04\% \pm 27.14\%$	$26.07\% \pm 23.15\%$	$25.06\% \pm 21.30\%$	
	(27.04% - 35.05%)	(19.87% - 32.27%)	(19.46% - 30.66%)	
	120	36	28	
Average number of cigarettes smoked everyday	12.31 ± 7.16	11.19 ± 7.52	11.36 ± 7.16	
	(11.01 - 13.60)	(8.65 - 13.74)	(8.58 - 14.13)	
	179	99	58	
Average number of cigarettes smoked on some days	4.81 ± 5.55	4.20 ± 5.50	3.03 ± 3.00	
	(3.99 - 5.63)	(2.72 - 5.67)	(2.24 - 3.82)	

^{*}Number of non-missing responses CI: Confidence Interval

Percent of days that cigarettes are smoked was calculated based on days used in the past 30 days. The question was asked only among some days users.

7.3.4 Primary Objective 3: Characterize *General* Snus® users, especially new users, in terms of prior TNP use and demographics and compare this to new users of smokeless TNP, as reported in the Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health (PATH) at Wave 2

It has been determined that the data available currently cannot address this objective. PATH Wave 5 dataset has not been released yet at the time of the surveys to make comparisons with the current study findings. Although the participants' age group at the time of smokeless tobacco initiation is also provided in PATH for new smokeless users, this categorical variable cannot be solely relied upon to identify new users. Thus, there may not be a way to define new smokeless users between PATH and the current study for them to be comparable.

7.3.5 Primary Objective 4: Compare the tendencies of *General* Snus® users to quit cigarettes or use *General* Snus® in an incremental fashion, in a supplemental fashion, or in complete substitution of cigarettes at Wave 2

Incremental and supplemental use was evaluated for TNP users based on the average daily reported use outcome. Incremental *General* Snus® use was defined as having greater or the equal cigarette use at Month 6 than at Baseline, while concurrently using *General* Snus®. Supplemental *General* Snus® use was defined as having less cigarette use at Month 6 than at Baseline, while concurrently using *General* Snus®. Total participants considered for this analysis were those who did not switch frequency of General Snus use from Baseline to Wave 2 of the study (i.e., everyday General Snus users that continued everyday use, and someday General Snus users that continued some days use).

Findings at the second wave of study revealed that of the 605 everyday *General* Snus® users at Baseline who returned, 492 (81.3%) of them were still using the *General* Snus® product everyday (included in analysis), 89 (14.7%) of them switched to using some days (not included in analysis), and 24 (4.0%) of them switched to not using at all (not included in analysis) at Month 6. Out of the 90 some days *General* Snus® users at baseline who returned, 47 (52.2%) of them were still using the product some days (included in analysis), 26 (28.9%) switched to using everyday (not included in analysis), and 17 (18.9%) of switched to not using at all (not included in analysis) at the 6 months follow-up, as presented in Table 6a below.

Out of the 36 everyday cigarette users at Baseline who returned, 24 (66.7%) of them were still smoking everyday (included in analysis), 7 (19.4%) of them switched to using some days (not included in analysis), and 5 (13.9%) of them switched to not using at all (not included in analysis) at 6 months follow-up. Out of the 56 someday cigarette users at baseline, 27 (48.2%) were still using some days at 6 months follow-up (included in analysis), 2 (3.6%) of them switched to using everyday (not included in analysis), and 27 (48.2%) of them switched to not using at all (not included in analysis) at Month 6, as summarized in Table 6b below.

At Wave 2 of the study, a consistent, albeit small, decrease in the average number of daily *General* Snus® pouches was observed across *General* Snus® users, compared with the corresponding

Baseline observations. For participants who continued to be everyday *General* Snus[®] users at Month 6 (n=492), their average number of *General* Snus[®] pouches used daily in the past 30 days decreased significantly from the daily product usage recorded at Baseline by 0.43 (p=0.045), and for those who remained some days users at 6 months follow-up (n=47), their usage of *General* Snus[®] on some days decreased on average by 0.53 pouches (although not significant, p=0.382), compared with the pattern of use recorded at Baseline (Table 6).

A similar trend was also observed, at a slightly higher magnitude, among *General* Snus[®] users who smoked cigarettes. For instance, the average number of cigarettes used daily by *General* Snus[®] users who continued to be everyday cigarette smokers at Month 6 (n=24), decreased by 0.92 from the daily usage recorded at Baseline, and for those who remained some days smokers at 6 months follow-up (n=27), their average number of cigarettes smoked on some days decreased by 0.89, compared with the pattern of use recorded at Baseline (Table 6). However, note that these changes were not statistically signiciant. Nonetheless, these findings suggest a tendency for supplemental use of *General* Snus[®] product among those who continued to smoke cigarettes at 6 months follow-up.

Among the 299 *General* Snus[®] users who were identified as cigarette smokers at Baseline, 32 (4.6% of n=695 Wave 2 respondents) of them reported quitting cigarettes at Month 6, with 29 (4.2% of n=695 Wave 2 respondents) among those completely substituting *General* Snus[®] in place of cigarettes at 6 months follow up, and the remaining 3 users quitting both TNPs (

Table 7). Of note, at Month 6, those who reported quitting cigarettes were either using *General* Snus[®] pouches or not, unlike those who completely substituted smoking cigarettes with *General* Snus[®] product use and therefore continued to use *General* Snus[®] pouches.

Table 6. Primary Objective 4 – General Snus® and cigarettes pattern of use, based on the average daily reported TNP use at Month 6.

Usage changed from Baseline to Month 6	Baseline usage for participants who didn't switch frequency from baseline to Month6	Month 6 usage for participants who didn't switch frequency from baseline to Month6	P-value for change from Baseline
Mean ± Std Dev	Mean ± Std Dev	Mean ± Std Dev	to Month6
(95%CI)	(95%CI)	(95%CI)	
N*	N*	N*	

Reported <u>General</u> <u>Snus</u> [®] use				
	492	492	492	0.0447
Everyday	-0.43 ± 4.70	10.80 ± 6.92	10.37 ± 6.16	
	(-0.840.01)	(10.18 - 11.41)	(9.82 - 10.92)	
	47	47	47	0.3816
Some days	-0.53 ± 4.13	4.83 ± 4.04	4.30 ± 2.66	
	(-1.74 - 0.68)	(3.64 - 6.02)	(3.52 - 5.08)	
Reported <u>cigarettes</u> use				
	24	24	24	0.1635
Everyday	-0.92 ± 3.12	12.79 ± 7.49	11.88 ± 7.58	
	(-2.23 - 0.40)	(9.63 - 15.95)	(8.68 - 15.07)	
	27	27	27	0.0661
Some days	-0.89 ± 2.41	3.74 ± 2.43	2.85 ± 1.83	
	(-1.84 - 0.06)	(2.78 - 4.70)	(2.13 - 3.58)	

CI: Confidence Interval

Average daily reported TNP use is calculated based on the number of non-missing days over the past 30 days.

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		Frequency of <i>General</i> Snus® used in the past 30 days at Month 6			Total
		Every day	Some days	Not at all	
Frequency of	Every day	492 (81.3%)	89 (14.7%)	24 (4.0%)	605 (100.0%)
General Snus® used in the past 30 days at Baseline	Some days	26 (28.9%)	47 (52.2%)	17 (18.9%)	90 (100.0%)
Total		518 (74.5%)	136 (19.6%)	41 (5.9%)	695 (100.0%)

Table 6b. Dynamic of Cigarette Smokers Cohorts between Baseline and Wave 2

		Frequency	Frequency of cigarettes smoked in past 30 days at Month 6			T. 4.1
		Every day	Some Days	Not at All	Don't Know	Total
Frequency of	Every day	24 (66.7%)	7 (19.4%)	5 (13.9%)	0 (0.0%)	36 (100.0%)
cigarettes	Some Days	2 (3.6%)	27 (48.2%)	27 (48.2%)	0 (0.0%)	56 (100.0%)
smoked in past 30 days at Month 6??	Not at All	2 (0.7%)	17 (6.1%)	260 (92.5%)	2 (0.7%)	281 (100.0%)
Total		28 (7.5%)	51 (13.7%)	292 (78.3%)	2 (0.5%)	373 (100.0%)

^{*} Total respondents with non-missing responses.

Table 7. Primary Objective 4 – Among *General* Snus® users, quitting all TNP use, and completely substituting cigarettes for *General* Snus® at Month 6.

	General Snus® users
	n (%)
	(95% CI)
Respondents quitting cigarettes as of Month 6	32 (4.6%**)
N*	(3.2% - 6.4%)
Respondents completely substituting <i>General</i> Snus® in place of cigarettes at Month 6	29 (4.2%**)
N*	(2.8% - 5.9%)

^{*} Total respondentss with non-missing responses

CI Confidence interval

7.4 Wave 2 Results for Secondary Objectives

Descriptive statistical analyses for overall *General* Snus® users enrolled at Baseline (n=1655) and Wave 2 (n=695) of the study are presented in Table 8 and Table 9.

7.4.1 Secondary Objective 1: Perception of absolute risk to using only *General* Snus® daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of *General* Snus® and cigarettes daily, and never having used any TNPs at Wave 2

Respondents were asked to assess the absolute risk of developing three health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease, and lung cancer) across four scenarios: using only *General* Snus[®] daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes daily, and never having used any TNP. For each scenario and condition, response options ranged from a very low to a very high risk of developing these health conditions, as summarized in Table 8 and Table 9 below.

More than two thirds of all respondents who returned at Month 6 of the study (n=695) associated the daily use of *General* Snus[®] product and no other concurrent TNP with a low to moderate risk of developing mouth cancer or heart disease (71.4% and 75.4%, respectively), and a very low to low risk (88.5%) of developing lung cancer (Table 8). Most Wave 2 respondents also perceived that a person who smokes cigarettes every day and uses no other concurrent TNP has a moderate to high chance of developing mouth cancer or heart disease (69.3% and 76%, respectively), and a

^{**}Percentages were calculated among participants who returned at Month 6 (N = 695).

high to very high chance (77.2%) of developing lung cancer. These findings are comparable to the results observed at Baseline.

Dual use of *General* Snus® pouches and cigarettes was associated by a majority of participants who returned at Month 6 with a moderate to high risk (65.5%) of developing mouth cancer, and high to very high risk of developing heart disease or lung cancer (69.2% and 72.7%, respectively) (Table 9). Lastly, a vast majority of overall respondents at Month 6 reported that those who have never used any TNP have a very low to low risk of developing mouth cancer or lung cancer (86.4% and 80.3%, respectively), and a low to moderate risk (79.4%) of developing heart disease. A similar pattern of perceived absolute risk for each scenario and health condition was observed among overall *General* Snus® users participanting at Baseline.

When looking across all absolute risk metrics at the first two phases of the study, a consistent pattern emerged. Respondents perceived that cigarettes presented the greatest risk of harm across all examined health conditions. Usage of *General* Snus® product alone was associated with some risk regarding those health conditions, although at a lower rate than exclusive or concurrent cigarette smoking. Not surprisingly, never using TNP was generally deemed to carry the lowest health risk.

Table 8. Secondary Objective 1 – Perceptions of absolute risk for daily *General* Snus® users and smokers at the first two waves of study

	Risk to a person who uses General Snus® every day but uses no other TNP		Risk to a person who smokes cigarettes every day but uses no other TNP		
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	
	Baseline	Month 6	Baseline	Month 6	
Absolute risk of mouth cancer					
N*	1655	695	1655	695	
Very Low Chance (%)	217 (13.1%) (11.5% - 14.8%)	83 (11.9%) (9.6% - 14.6%)	53 (3.2%) (2.4% - 4.2%)	19 (2.7%) (1.7% - 4.2%)	
Low Chance (%)	577 (34.9%) (32.6% - 37.2%)	245 (35.3%) (31.7% - 38.9%)	271 (16.4%) (14.6% - 18.2%)	130 (18.7%) (15.9% - 21.8%)	
Moderate Chance (%)	573 (34.6%) (32.3% - 37.0%)	251 (36.1%) (32.5% - 39.8%)	674 (40.7%) (38.3% - 43.1%)	281 (40.4%) (36.8% - 44.2%)	
High Chance (%)	210 (12.7%) (11.1% - 14.4%)	87 (12.5%) (10.1% - 15.2%)	475 (28.7%) (26.5% - 30.9%)	201 (28.9%) (25.6% - 32.4%)	
Very High Chance (%)	64 (3.9%) (3.0% - 4.9%)	25 (3.6%) (2.3% - 5.3%)	165 (10.0%) (8.6% - 11.5%)	61 (8.8%) (6.8% - 11.1%)	

Don't know (%)	14 (0.8%) (0.5% - 1.4%)	4 (0.6%) (0.2% - 1.5%)	17 (1.0%) (0.6% - 1.6%)	3 (0.4%) (0.1% - 1.3%)
Absolute risk of heart disease				
N*	1655	695	1655	695
Very Low Chance (%)	300 (18.1%) (16.3% - 20.1%)	107 (15.4%) (12.8% - 18.3%)	20 (1.2%) (0.7% - 1.9%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.0%)
Low Chance (%)	647 (39.1%) (36.7% - 41.5%)	274 (39.4%) (35.8% - 43.2%)	48 (2.9%) (2.1% - 3.8%)	22 (3.2%) (2.0% - 4.8%)
Moderate Chance (%)	564 (34.1%) (31.8% - 36.4%)	250 (36.0%) (32.4% - 39.7%)	374 (22.6%) (20.6% - 24.7%)	155 (22.3%) (19.3% - 25.6%)
High Chance (%)	98 (5.9%) (4.8% - 7.2%)	51 (7.3%) (5.5% - 9.5%)	803 (48.5%) (46.1% - 51.0%)	373 (53.7%) (49.9% - 57.4%)
Very High Chance (%)	13 (0.8%) (0.4% - 1.3%)	9 (1.3%) (0.6% - 2.4%)	390 (23.6%) (21.5% - 25.7%)	140 (20.1%) (17.2% - 23.3%)
Don't know (%)	33 (2.0%) (1.4% - 2.8%)	4 (0.6%) (0.2% - 1.5%)	20 (1.2%) (0.7% - 1.9%)	3 (0.4%) (0.1% - 1.3%)
Absolute risk of <u>lung cancer</u>				
N*	1655	695	1655	695
Very Low Chance (%)	810 (48.9%) (46.5% - 51.4%)	308 (44.3%) (40.6% - 48.1%)	21 (1.3%) (0.8% - 1.9%)	17 (2.4%) (1.4% - 3.9%)
Low Chance (%)	631 (38.1%)(35.8% - 40.5%)	307 (44.2%)(40.4% - 48.0%)	51 (3.1%)(2.3% - 4.0%)	28 (4.0%)(2.7% - 5.8%)
Moderate Chance (%)	169 (10.2%) (8.8% - 11.8%)	70 (10.1%) (7.9% - 12.6%)	238 (14.4%) (12.7% - 16.2%)	111 (16.0%) (13.3% - 18.9%)
High Chance (%)	21 (1.3%) (0.8% - 1.9%)	6 (0.9%) (0.3% - 1.9%)	692 (41.8%) (39.4% - 44.2%)	286 (41.2%) (37.5% - 44.9%)
Very High Chance (%)	7 (0.4%) (0.2% - 0.9%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.0%)	644 (38.9%) (36.6% - 41.3%)	250 (36.0%) (32.4% - 39.7%)
Don't know (%)	17 (1.0%) (0.6% - 1.6%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.0%)	9 (0.5%) (0.2% - 1.0%)	3 (0.4%) (0.1% - 1.3%)

CI: Confidence Interval
*Number of non-missing responses

Table 9. Secondary Objective 1 – Perceptions of absolute risk for dual *General* Snus® users and smokers and never TNP users at the first two waves of study

	Risk to a person who uses dual General Snus® and smokes cigarettes every day but uses no other TNP			n who has never ny TNP
	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
	Baseline	Month 6	Baseline	Month 6
Absolute risk of $\underline{\text{mouth cancer}}$ N^*	1655	695	1655	695
Very Low Chance (%)	28 (1.7%)	14 (2.0%)	741 (44.8%)	284 (40.9%)
	(1.1% - 2.4%)	(1.1% - 3.4%)	(42.4% - 47.2%)	(37.2% - 44.6%)
Low Chance (%)	169 (10.2%)	71 (10.2%)	653 (39.5%)	316 (45.5%)
	(8.8% - 11.8%)	(8.1% - 12.7%)	(37.1% - 41.9%)	(41.7% - 49.3%)
Moderate Chance (%)	518 (31.3%)	218 (31.4%)	187 (11.3%)	74 (10.6%)
	(29.1% - 33.6%)	(27.9% - 35.0%)	(9.8% - 12.9%)	(8.5% - 13.2%)
High Chance (%)	552 (33.4%)	237 (34.1%)	38 (2.3%)	12 (1.7%)
	(31.1% - 35.7%)	(30.6% - 37.8%)	(1.6% - 3.1%)	(0.9% - 3.0%)
Very High Chance (%)	368 (22.2%)	151 (21.7%)	9 (0.5%)	4 (0.6%)
	(20.3% - 24.3%)	(18.7% - 25.0%)	(0.2% - 1.0%)	(0.2% - 1.5%)
Don't know (%)	20 (1.2%)	4 (0.6%)	27 (1.6%)	5 (0.7%)
	(0.7% - 1.9%)	(0.2% - 1.5%)	(1.1% - 2.4%)	(0.2% - 1.7%)
Absolute risk of <u>heart disease</u> N*	1655	695	1655	695
Very Low Chance (%)	23 (1.4%)	8 (1.2%)	178 (10.8%)	63 (9.1%)
	(0.9% - 2.1%)	(0.5% - 2.3%)	(9.3% - 12.3%)	(7.0% - 11.4%)
Low Chance (%)	69 (4.2%)	28 (4.0%)	371 (22.4%)	167 (24.0%)
	(3.3% - 5.2%)	(2.7% - 5.8%)	(20.4% - 24.5%)	(20.9% - 27.4%)
Moderate Chance (%)	420 (25.4%)	172 (24.7%)	870 (52.6%)	385 (55.4%)
	(23.3% - 27.5%)	(21.6% - 28.1%)	(50.1% - 55%)	(51.6% - 59.1%)
High Chance (%)	673 (40.7%)	308 (44.3%)	159 (9.6%)	63 (9.1%)
	(38.3% - 43.1%)	(40.6% - 48.1%)	(8.2% - 11.1%)	(7.0% - 11.4%)
Very High Chance (%)	442 (26.7%)	173 (24.9%)	29 (1.8%)	8 (1.2%)
	(24.6% - 28.9%)	(21.7% - 28.3%)	(1.2% - 2.5%)	(0.5% - 2.3%)
Don't know (%)	28 (1.7%)	6 (0.9%)	48 (2.9%)	9 (1.3%)
	(1.1% - 2.4%)	(0.3% - 1.9%)	(2.1% - 3.8%)	(0.6% - 2.4%)
Absolute risk of <u>lung cancer</u> N*	1655	695	1655	695
Very Low Chance (%)	36 (2.2%)	15 (2.2%)	546 (33.0%)	212 (30.5%)
	(1.5% - 3.0%)	(1.2% - 3.5%)	(30.7% - 35.3%)	(27.1% - 34.1%)
Low Chance (%)	65 (3.9%)(3.0% - 5.0%)	32 (4.6%)(3.2% - 6.4%)	739 (44.7%)(42.2% - 47.1%)	346 (49.8%)(46.0% - 53.6%)
Moderate Chance (%)	331 (20.0%)	139 (20.0%)	303 (18.3%)	121 (17.4%)
	(18.1% - 22.0%)	(17.1% - 23.2%)	(16.5% - 20.3%)	(14.7% - 20.4%)

High Chance (%)	684 (41.3%)	289 (41.6%)	32 (1.9%)	9 (1.3%)
	(38.9% - 43.7%)	(37.9% - 45.3%)	(1.3% - 2.7%)	(0.6% - 2.4%)
Very High Chance (%)	523 (31.6%)	216 (31.1%)	8 (0.5%)	1 (0.1%)
	(29.4% - 33.9%)	(27.7% - 34.7%)	(0.2% - 1.0%)	(0.0% - 0.8%)
Don't know (%)	16 (1.0%)	4 (0.6%)	27 (1.6%)	6 (0.9%)
	(0.6% - 1.6%)	(0.2% - 1.5%)	(1.1% - 2.4%)	(0.3% - 1.9%)

CI: Confidence Interval

7.4.2 Secondary Objective 2: Understanding of the risk reduction as described in the modified risk claim among *General* Snus® users, especially new users

More than two thirds (72.5%) of the *General* Snus[®] users who returned for the second phase of the study understood the modified risk claim that *General* Snus[®] use puts them at lower risk than smoking cigarettes for developing mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis, and a vast majority of them (83.5%) also comprehended the modified risk claim that lowering their risk of disease would be achieved when smoking zero cigarettes (Table 10). Similar response patterns were observed for the New *General* Snus[®] users at Month 6, with a vast majority of them understanding the modified risk claim that *General* Snus[®] use puts them at lower risk than smoking cigarettes for developing mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis (81.2%), as well the modified risk claim that smoking zero cigarettes would lower their risk of disease (76.9%).

The response patterns observed at Wave 2 are similar to the Baseline results, although the New *General* Snus[®] users cohort at Month 6 was small (n=16) (Table 10).

Table 10. Secondary Objective 2 – Understanding of the MRTP claim for *General* Snus® at Month 6.

	General Snus® users		New General Si	nus® users*
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)
	Baseline	Month 6	Baseline	Month 6
Understanding of the MRTP claim for risk of disease from using <i>General</i> Snus® instead of cigarettes:				
N*	1655	695	52	16
Puts them at lower risk for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis (%)	1155 (69.8%) (67.5% - 72.0%)	504 (72.5%) (69.0% - 75.8%)	32 (61.5%) (47.0% - 74.7%)	13 (81.2%) (54.4% - 96.0%)
Does not affect their risk for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis (%)	147 (8.9%) (7.6% - 10.4%)	57 (8.2%) (6.3% - 10.5%)	2 (3.8%) (0.5% - 13.2%)	1 (6.2%) (0.2% - 30.2%)

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

Puts them at higher risk for mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis (%)	106 (6.4%) (5.3% - 7.7%)	47 (6.8%) (5.0% - 8.9%)	5 (9.6%) (3.2% - 21.0%)	1 (6.2%) (0.2% - 30.2%)
None (%)	87 (5.3%) (4.2% - 6.4%)	42 (6.0%) (4.4% - 8.1%)	2 (3.8%) (0.5% - 13.2%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 20.6%)
Don't know (%)	156 (9.4%) (8.1% - 10.9%)	44 (6.3%) (4.6% - 8.4%)	11 (21.2%) (11.1% - 34.7%)	1 (6.2%) (0.2% - 30.2%)
Decline to answer (%)	4 (0.2%) (0.1% - 0.6%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 6.8%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 20.6%)
Understanding the MRTP claim for number of cigarettes smoked to lower risk of disease:				
N*	1155	504	32	13
Zero cigarettes (%)	928 (80.3%) (77.9% - 82.6%)	421 (83.5%) (80.0% - 86.7%)	27 (84.4%) (67.2% - 94.7%)	10 (76.9%) (46.2% - 95.0%)
Up to 5 cigarettes (%)	85 (7.4%) (5.9% - 9.0%)	33 (6.5%) (4.5% - 9.1%)	2 (6.2%) (0.8% - 20.8%)	1 (7.7%) (0.2% - 36.0%)
Up to 20 cigarettes (%)	32 (2.8%) (1.9% - 3.9%)	10 (2.0%) (1.0% - 3.6%)	1 (3.1%) (0.1% - 16.2%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 24.7%)
As many as you want to smoke (%)	17 (1.5%) (0.9% - 2.3%)	4 (0.8%) (0.2% - 2.0%)	1 (3.1%) (0.1% - 16.2%)	1 (7.7%) (0.2% - 36.0%)
Don't know (%)	91 (7.9%) (6.4% - 9.6%)	33 (6.5%) (4.5% - 9.1%)	1 (3.1%) (0.1% - 16.2%)	1 (7.7%) (0.2% - 36.0%)
Decline to answer (%)	2 (0.2%)(0.0% - 0.6%)	3 (0.6%)(0.1% - 1.7%)	0 (0.0%)(0.0% - 10.9%)	0 (0.0%)(0.0% - 24.7%)

CI: Confidence Interval

Number of cigarettes smoked to lower risk of disease was asked only among those who said using *General* Snus® instead of cigarettes puts them at lower risk of diseases.

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

7.5 Wave 2 Results Summary

Overall, the sociodemographic characteristics of the respondents who returned at Wave 2 of the study were comparable to those observed at Baseline, across both the overall *General* Snus[®] users and the New *General* Snus[®] user cohorts. However, participants who returned for Wave 2 were slightly older across cohorts, with females being more prevalent among the returning new users, compared with those enrolled at Baseline.

Primary Objective 1: Evaluate TNP use in the past 30 days at Wave 2

Among the *General* Snus® users who returned at Month 6 (n=695), 94.1% of them reported using *General* Snus® pouches over the past 30 days, with 74.5% (n=518) using every day, 19.6% (n=136) using some days, and 5.9% (n=41) of them reported not using *General* Snus® product at all. Of all *General* Snus® users who participated in the second wave of the study (n=695), 12.3% (n=86) of them smoked cigarettes every day (4.0%, n=28) or some days (8.3%, n=50), and 87.2% (n=606) of them reported not using cigarettes at all, over the past 30 days. The most common TNPs used concurrently with the *General* Snus® product were cigarettes, E-cigarettes, nicotine pouches, moist snuff, and cigars, cigarillos, or filtered cigars filled with tobacco (ranging from 37.6% to 12.4%).

At 6 months follow-up, the reported cigarette smoking in the past 30 days decreased for both everyday users (4.0%) and some days users (8.3%) among all *General* Snus® users (n=695), compared with the results observed at Baseline (7.3% [everyday use] and 10.8% [some days use], respectively) among overall respondents (n=1655). A similar trend regarding TNP use was observed for the Month 6 respondents across all other reported TNPs used, except for those using nicotine pouches and the *General* Snus® product. While the reported *General* Snus® use among all participants decreased for everyday users from 82.1% at Baseline to 74.5% at Month 6, it increased slightly for some days users in the past 30 days, from 17.9% at Baseline to 19.6% at Wave 2.

Primary Objective 1: Evaluate cigarette quitting behavior at Wave 2

Among *General* Snus® users who smoked cigarettes (n=86), at 6 months follow-up, 8.1% (n=7) of them reported that they completely quit smoking cigarettes in the past 29 days. However, 40.5% (n=32) of those who did not report quitting smoking cigarettes in the past 29 days (n=79), were currently trying to quit cigarette smoking. However, given that the overall percentage of regular cigarette use among *General* Snus® users decreased from 18.1% (n=299) to 12.3% (n=86) between Baseline and Month 6, these results could indicate that some *General* Snus® users quit cigarette smoking before the reported period of 29 days, at the time of the Wave 2 survey.

Primary Objective 2: Evaluate average number of days General Snus® pouches and cigarettes were used over the past 30 days at Wave 2

Among the *General* Snus® users who returned for the 6 months follow-up (n=695), 74.5% (n=518) of them reported using *General* Snus® every day and they used an average of 10.2 pouches per day, while 19.6% (n=136) of them reported using on average 6.3 *General* Snus® pouches for a mean percentage of 47.7% of days in the past 30 days. The Wave 2 study results for *General* Snus® users indicate a similar pattern of *General* Snus® use, compared with the results observed at Baseline.

Of the total participants at Wave 2 (n=695), 4.0% (n=28) of them reported smoking on average 11.4 cigarettes every day, while 8.3% (n=58) of them reported smoking on average 3.0 cigarettes for a mean percentage of 25.1% days in the past 30 days. Compared with the results observed at Baseline, the findings at Month 6 of the study indicate a decrease in the percentage of days cigarettes were smoked among all *General* Snus® users from Baseline (31.0%) to 6 months follow-up (25.0%), although the average number of daily cigarettes used in the past 30 days remained comparable at the first two waves of the study, for both every day and some days cigarette smokers.

Primary Objective 4: Compare the tendencies of General Snus® users to quit cigarettes or use General Snus® in an incremental fashion, in a supplemental fashion, or in complete substitution of cigarettes at Wave 2

Incremental *General* Snus® use was defined as having greater or the equal cigarette use at Month 6 than at Baseline, while concurrently using *General* Snus®. Supplemental *General* Snus® use was defined as having less cigarette use at Month 6 than at Baseline, while concurrently using *General* Snus®. The participants considered for this analysis were those who did not switch frequency of use from Baseline to Month 6, i.e., everyday users in both waves or some day users in both waves.

For participants who continued to be everyday *General* Snus[®] users at Month 6 (n=492), their average number of *General* Snus[®] pouches used daily in the past 30 days decreased from the daily product usage recorded at Baseline by 0.43, and for those who remained some days users at 6 months follow-up (n=47), their usage of *General* Snus[®] on some days decreased on average by 0.53 pouches, compared with the pattern of use recorded at Baseline.

A similar trend was also observed, at a slightly higher magnitude, among *General* Snus[®] users who smoked cigarettes. The average number of cigarettes used daily by *General* Snus[®] users who continued to be everyday cigarette smokers at Month 6 (n=24), decreased by 0.92 from the daily usage recorded at Baseline, and for those who remained some days smokers at 6 months follow-up (n=27), their average number of cigarettes smoked on some days decreased by 0.89, compared with the pattern of use recorded at Baseline. These findings indicate a tendency for supplemental use of *General* Snus[®] product among those who continued to smoke cigarettes at 6 months follow-up. Among the 299 *General* Snus[®] users who were identified as cigarette smokers at Baseline, 32 of them reported having quit cigarettes at Month 6, with 29 among those completely substituting *General* Snus[®] in place of cigarettes at 6 months follow up.

Secondary Objective 1: Assess perceptions of absolute risk of certain health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer) among General Snus® users attributed to using to using only General Snus® daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of General Snus® and cigarettes daily, and never having used any TNPs at Wave 2.

When looking across all absolute risk metrics at the first two phases of the study, a consistent pattern emerged. Respondents perceived that cigarettes presented the greatest risk of harm across all examined health conditions. Usage of *General* Snus® product alone was associated with some risk regarding those health conditions, although at a lower rate than exclusive or concurrent cigarette smoking. Not surprisingly, never using TNP was generally deemed to carry the lowest health risk.

Secondary Objective 2: Assess baseline understanding of the risk reduction as described in the modified risk claim among General Snus[®] users, especially new users at Wave 2.

More than two thirds (72.5%) of the *General* Snus® users who returned for the second phase of the study understood the modified risk claim that *General* Snus® use puts them at lower risk than smoking cigarettes for developing mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis, and a vast majority of them (83.5%) also comprehended the modified risk claim that lowering their risk of disease would be achieved when smoking zero cigarettes. Similar response patterns were observed for the New *General* Snus® users at Month 6, with a vast majority of them understanding the modified risk claim that *General* Snus® use puts them at lower risk than smoking cigarettes for developing mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stoke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis (81.2%), as well the modified risk claim that smoking zero cigarettes would lower their risk of disease (76.9%). The response patterns observed at Wave 2 were similar to the Baseline results, although the New *General* Snus® users cohort at Month 6 was small (n=16).

8. WAVE 2 DISCUSSION AND OVERALL CONCLUSIONS

The principal research questions, "How do General Snus® users use TNP, and how do they perceive health risks associated with cigarettes and General Snus®? These questions were were addressed in this observational Pattern of Use Baseline study.

8.1 Overall Wave 2 Study Conclusions

Study findings at Wave 2 confirm the conclusion based on the perceptions of risk assessed in the Baseline study that overall, the introduction of *General* Snus[®] does not appear to compromise public health in any way.

Relative to baseline, use of cigarette smoking at Month 6 demonstrated a pattern of:

- Decreased cigarette smoking in the last 30 days for everyday and some day users
- Decrease in percent of days cigarettes are smoked and average number of cigarettes smoked everyday and on some days

Additionally, at Month 6, 4.2% (n=32) of participants reported having quit cigarettes and another 4.2% (n=29) had completely substituted cigarettes with *General* Snus®.

Risk perception results were similar to baseline results. That is, cigarettes posed the greatest risk of developing health conditions, the use of *General* Snus® alone posed some risks (but lower relative to cigrettes), and not using any TNP carried the lowest risk.

9. ATTACHMENTS

- 9.1 Descriptive Tables 1-4
- 9.2 Study Questionnaire
- 9.3 Protocol
- 9.4 Statistical Analysis Plan



General Snus® Patterns of Use Study

Wave 3 Final Report

SMU 19-01GENS

Product Name:	General Snus®
First Respondent Enrolled:	05 August 2021
Last Respondent Completed:	07 September 2021
Principal Investigator:	(h) (1)
Prepared By:	(D)
Sponsor:	Tryggve Ljung, MD., Ph.D., Vice President, Swedish Match North America
Version:	2.0—Wave 3 Final Report
Finalized Report Date:	10 February 2022

Confidentiality Statement

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1. SYNOPSIS

Sponsor:

Swedish Match North America (SMNA)

Two James Center

1021 East Cary Street, Suite 1600

Richmond, VA 23219

Name of Finished Product: General Snus®

Study Title: General Snus® Patterns of Use Study

Investigator:

(b)

(4)

Prepared By

Study Periods:

Wave 1 (Baseline):

Start of data collection: 25 July 2020 End of data collection: 17 August 2020

Wave 2 (6 Months from Baseline):

Start of data collection: 02 February 2021 End of data collection: 06 March 2021

Wave 3 (12 Months from Baseline):

Start of data collection: 05 August 2021 End of data collection: 07 September 2021

Research Questions:

The research questions for this study are the following: (1) how do *General* Snus[®] users use tobacco and nicotine products (TNP) and (2) how do *General* Snus[®] users perceive health risks associated with use of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes? Data from four study waves—baseline, 6 months from baseline (Wave 2), 12 months from baseline (Wave 3), 24 months from baseline (Wave 4)—will be used to help address these questions.

Primary Objectives:

- 1. Compare TNP patterns of use between all four study waves. The study will examine self-reported patterns of TNP use for all surveyed respondents over time. The study will report on frequency of *General* Snus[®] use and use of other TNP use, if reported.
 - a. Of specific interest will be patterns of cigarette use. Intent to quit and actual quitting of cigarettes will be assessed at each wave of the study.
- 2. Compare consumption patterns of cigarettes and *General* Snus® over the past 30 days (baseline) with consumption patterns at Wave 2 through Wave 4.
 - a. Of specific interest is whether use of *General* Snus® offsets use of cigarettes.
- 3. Characterize *General* Snus® users in terms of prior TNP use and demographics and compare this to new users of smokeless TNP as reported in the Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health (PATH).
- 4. Compare the tendencies of *General* Snus® users to quit cigarettes or use *General* Snus® incrementally, supplementally, or in complete substitution of cigarettes.

Secondary Objectives:

- 1. Assess perceptions of risk of certain health among *General* Snus[®] users.
 - a. Assess the absolute risk attributed to using only *General* Snus[®] every day, using only cigarettes every day, using both *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes every day, and never having used any TNP.
- 2. Assess the extent to which *General* Snus® users understand the risk reduction as stated in the modified risk claim.

Summary of Results:

- ➤ General Snus® was used in the P30D among 90.0% of returning respondents (n=527)
 - The pattern of *General* Snus[®] use **significantly differed** from baseline (p<0.001) due to the number of respondents that switched from every day to some day use by Wave 3 (n=94)
 - > Every day *General* Snus[®] users used more pouches on days used than some day users (10.5 pouches/day vs. 6.6 pouches/day)
 - Some day users reported using General Snus® 12 days in the P30D; this did not significantly differ from baseline (p=0.27)
 - Among the respondents returning for Wave 3 (n=586), 14.1% (n=83) reported P30D cigarette smoking, and most of these respondents smoked only on some days (10.9%, n=64)
 - 37.3% of these respondents had initiated (n=11) or re-initiated (n=20) cigarettes in the 12 months since baseline, but all reported that they now smoked only on some days
 - ➤ Only 14.3% of respondents that returned for Wave 3 were cigarette smokers at baseline (n=84)
 - Of these respondents, 36.9% had completely quit smoking cigarettes, with 93.5% of those quitting reporting complete substitution of cigarettes with *General* Snus® (n=29)
 - Respondents correctly perceived that cigarette smoking contributed significant risks to health, associating it with moderate to very high chances of developing mouth cancer (81.7%, n=479), heart disease (98.3%, n=576), and lung cancer (93.5%, n=548)
 - Use of *General* Snus[®] was perceived as being less risky to health than cigarette smoking but that use of *General* Snus[®] was not without risks to health
 - Dual use of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes was perceived as equally risky as use of only cigarettes, suggesting that respondents understand that any use of cigarettes is associated with highest risks to health
 - Respondents understood the MRTP claim that using *General* Snus[®] instead of cigarettes puts users at a lower risk for various diseases compared to cigarette smoking
 - 77.8% of respondents correctly endorsed that *General* Snus® was lower risk (n=456)
 - ➤ Most understood that no cigarettes can be when using *General* Snus[®] to benefit from it being reduced risk (80.3%, n=366), indicating that they are aware users need to completely substitute cigarettes for *General* Snus[®]

2. TABLE OF CONTENTS

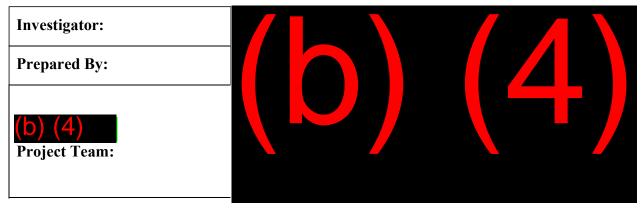
1. SY	NOPSIS	2
2. TA	ABLE OF CONTENTS	5
3. LIS	ST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS OF TERMS	6
4.1	ESPONSIBLE PARTIESInvestigator and Contributors	7
5. MI	ETHODOLOGY	8
6.1	AVE 3 STUDY RESPONDENTS	10
7.1	TNP Use in the Past 30 Days at 12 Months from Baseline (Wave 3) Amore Respondents that Quit Using General Snus® Between Baseline and Wave 3	11 12 12 17 22 nd 23 12 26 s [®]
	from Baseline (Wave 3)	31
7.3.1 7.3.2	Only Cigarettes Every Day	31 tes
7.3.3	Understanding of the Modified Risk Claim for General Snus®	38
O CII	IMMADN OF WAVE 2 DECLIFE	11

3. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

Abbreviation or Specialist Term	Definition
CASRO	Council of American Survey Research Organizations
СТР	Center for Tobacco Products
FDA	FDA Food and Drug Administration
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
НСР	Health Care Professional
HINTS	Health Information National Trends Survey
ICF	Informed Consent Form
IRB	IRB Institutional Review Board
MRTP	Modified Risk Tobacco Product
MRTPA	Modified Risk Tobacco Product Application
PATH	Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health
PII	Personally Identifiable Information
PMTA	Premarket Tobacco Product Application
RDD	Random Digit Dialing
SAP	Statistical Analysis Plan
SMNA	Swedish Match North America, LLC
TNP	Tobacco/Nicotine Product(s)
U.S.	United States

4. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES

4.1 Investigator and Contributors



4.2 Sponsor

Sponsor:	Tryggve Ljung, MD., Ph.D., Vice President	
Sponsor.	Swedish Match North America, LLC	

5. METHODOLOGY

General Snus® users were recruited directly via invitation stickers placed directly on General Snus® tins. A third-party vendor, News America Marketing, was hired to place the study invitation stickers on product packaging (e.g., each individual General Snus® tins) for all varieties of General Snus® available at retail outlets. This took place from 25 July 2020 to 17 August 2020. The sticker initiative targeted approximately 10,600 retail stores carrying General Snus® across all locations where General Snus® was sold. The sticker presented a website where users that were interested in participating accessed the survey through a secure and unique survey link. The first set of questions were used to screen potential respondents and were designed to qualify the respondent using the study inclusion and exclusion criteria. Once qualified, respondents were directed to the online survey. The survey took approximately 15-minutes. Respondents were asked to self-report TNP use within the past 30 days (P30D) and various questions related to TNP use, risk perceptions, and understanding of the modified risk messaging for General Snus® products.

This study is a longitudinal, prospective study consisting of multiple waves to gain an understanding of how *General* Snus[®] and other TNP are used by the participating respondents. Respondents completed a baseline survey (Wave 1) and will have the opportunity to respond again at 6 months from baseline (Wave 2), 12 months from baseline (Wave 3) and 24 months from baseline (Wave 4). All respondents in the baseline survey must have reported use of *General* Snus[®] at least once in the P30D and reported use every day or on some days.

Respondents had to meet the following criteria to be included in the study:

- Have used *General* Snus[®] at least once or more within the P30D and use it every day or on some days
- Minimum age of 21 years
- Agree to participate in four surveys over the 24-month period
- Able to read and speak English
- Currently a resident of the United States
- Agreeing to provide informed consent and personal contact information

Respondents meeting any of the following criteria were excluded from the study:

- Respond "don't know" or "decline to answer" to questions asking their gender and geographic region
- Unwilling or unable to provide electronic informed consent and personal contact information
- Employed in any of the following fields or professions: market research, marketing, advertising, TNP manufacturing, or employed as a physician
- Participated in a consumer research study on TNP in the 2 weeks prior to the baseline survey

All analyses conducted were either descriptive or inferential. Descriptive analyses provided summary statistics for all variables. These statistics included counts and proportions for categorical variables and means, standard deviations, medians, minimums, and maximums for ordinal and continuous variables. Inferential statistical testing was conducted to evaluate changes in primary and secondary outcome measures (i.e., patterns of use, risk perceptions, understanding of claims) from baseline and each follow-up wave. Results comparing baseline data versus data from each follow-up wave was conducted using paired sample t-tests for continuous variables and McNemar tests for categorical variables.

6. WAVE 3 STUDY RESPONDENTS

6.1 Study Fielding Summary

The fielding summary for number of respondents that entered the Wave 3 survey, those that did not complete the survey, those that were terminated (and the reasons for termination) are summarized in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Fielding Summary for the Wave 3 Survey

	Wave 2	Wave 3
Number of respondents that entered the survey	931	728
Number of respondents that were terminated based inclusion/exclusion criteria/quota filled/intellectual property blocker	159	70
Number of respondents that did not complete the survey	66	65
Number of respondents retained (closed fielding)	706	593
Total respondents retained after data quality check*	695	586

^{*}Data quality check per SAP included outliers, straightliners, speeders, those that failed the attention check question, and illogical responses.

6.2 Final Sample at Wave 3

Of the respondents that participated in the baseline survey (N=1,655), only 35.8% returned for Wave 3 (12 months from baseline) and completed the full survey (n=593). However, some respondents failed the attention check (n=7); thus, only a subset of respondents were able to be included in data analyses (n=586). Some respondents that were classified as new *General* Snus® users at baseline returned for Wave 3 (n=15); new *General* Snus® users were defined as first using *General* Snus® in the 30 days prior to the baseline survey.

7. WAVE 3 STUDY RESULTS

7.1 Wave 3 Results for Respondent Demographics

The demographics of *General* Snus[®] users and new *General* Snus[®] users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 are summarized in Table 2; these results represent data collected at Wave 3 as respondent demographics may have changed from baseline. Only results for the overall group of *General* Snus[®] users is discussed here; findings for new *General* Snus[®] users can be found below in Table 2. Most respondents that returned for Wave 3 lived in the South (33.4%, n=196) while the fewest respondents lived in the Northeast (13.1%, n=77). Nearly all respondents were male (93.5%, n=548). The mean age of *General* Snus[®] users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 was 37.6 years (range: 21 to 73 years). Similar percentages of respondents were married (56.0%, n=328) or not married (42.6%, n=250). Most respondents had notably high household incomes; 39.1% (n=299) reported that they earned over \$100,000 in the past 12 months.

Table 2: Demographics of *General* Snus® Users and New *General* Snus® Users at 12 Months from Baseline (Wave 3)

	General Snus® Users	New General Snus® Users
	586	15
Geographic region		
West (%)	142 (24.2%)	4 (26.7%)
South (%)	196 (33.4%)	3 (20.0%)
Midwest (%)	171 (29.2%)	7 (46.7%)
Northeast (%)	77 (13.1%)	1 (6.7%)
Gender	, , ,	
Male (%)	548 (93.5%)	10 (66.7%)
Female (%)	38 (6.5%)	5 (33.3%)
Decline to answer (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Respondent age		. , , ,
Age in years <u>+</u> SD*	37.6 <u>+</u> 10.0	36.9 + 9.0
**Marital status		
Married (%)	328 (56.0%)	8 (53.3%)
Not married (%)	250 (42.6%)	6 (40.0%)
Decline to answer (%)	8 (1.4%)	1 (6.7%)
**Household income		
Below \$50,000 (%)	149 (25.4%)	5 (33.3%)
Between \$50,000 and \$100,000 (%)	188 (32.1%)	5 (33.3%)
Above \$100,000 (%)	299 (39.1%)	5 (33.3%)
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decline to answer (%)	20 (3.4%)	0 (0.0%)

^{*}SD: Standard deviation

^{**}Results for marital status and household income were collapsed into the categories presented; in the Wave 3 survey, marital status had six categories and household income had eleven categories. Household income represents earnings in past 12 months.

7.2 Wave 3 Results for Primary Objectives

7.2.1 TNP Use in the Past 30 Days at 12 Months from Baseline (Wave 3)

Patterns of TNP use in the past 30 days (P30D) among all Wave 3 respondents are presented in Table 3 below. In the baseline survey, TNP use in the P30D was asked to respondents that indicated they had ever regularly used any of eleven categories of TNP, including *General* Snus[®], and for those TNP to which they responded, "Don't know." At Wave 3, TNP use in the P30D was asked to all respondents for the same eleven categories of TNP.

Among *General* Snus[®] users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=586), 90.0% (n=527) reported using *General* Snus[®] in the P30D, with 67.1% (n=393) using every day and 22.9% (n=134) using on some days. Some respondents that had regularly used *General* Snus[®] at baseline had quit use of the product by Wave 3 (9.9%, n=58). Additionally, some respondents switched from every day use at baseline to some day use at Wave 3 (18.5%, n=94) and others switched from some day use to every day use (25.6%, n=20) (Section 7.2.5; Table 7). This change in patterns of use for *General* Snus[®] from baseline to Wave 3 was significantly different (p<0.0001). All respondents at Wave 3 that reported using snus in the P30D reported that they used *General* Snus[®] specifically; thus, results presented in Table 3 for snus and *General* Snus[®] are the same.

Table 3 also presents P30D use for other categories of TNP among General Snus® users at baseline that returned for Wave 3. Only 14.1% (n=83) of these respondents reported P30D cigarette smoking, with 3.2% (n=19) reporting smoking cigarettes every day and 10.9% (n=64) reporting smoking cigarettes on some days. Prevalence of P30D cigarette smoking among General Snus® users at Wave 3 did not significantly differ from prevalence of P30D cigarette smoking at baseline (p=0.17). Over a quarter of General Snus® users at Wave 3 reported P30D use of moist snuff (27.6%, n=162), with 10.4% (n=61) reporting use every day and 17.2% (n=101) reporting use on some days; prevalence of P30D moist snuff use among General Snus® users at Wave 3 did not significantly differ from prevalence of P30D moist snuff use at baseline (p=0.71). Prevalence of P30D use of nicotine pouches, however, significantly increased among General Snus® users between baseline and Wave 3 (p<0.0001); 43.1% of General Snus® users reported P30D use of nicotine pouches at Wave 3 (n=253), with 12.6% (n=74) reporting use every day and 30.5% (n=179) reporting use on some days. This represents n=46 new nicotine pouch users at Wave 3 as compared to baseline, and nearly all new nicotine pouch users reported use of nicotine pouches every day. Additionally, the number of General Snus® users reporting use of aids to help stop smoking cigarettes also significantly increased between baseline and Wave 3 (p=0.0002); 9.4% of General Snus® reported P30D use of aids to help stop smoking cigarettes (n=55), with 2.2% (n=13) reporting use every day and 7.2% (n=42) reporting use on some days. This represents n=29 new users of aids to help stop smoking cigarettes at Wave 3 as compared to baseline, suggesting that these dual users (presumably) of cigarettes and General Snus® may currently be attempting to quit smoking.

Table 3: TNP Use in the Past 30 Days at 12 Months from Baseline (Wave 3)

			General Snus® Users			
	Baseline	Baseline (Autofilled)	Baseline Responses for Respondents that Returned at Wave 2 (Longitudinal)	Baseline Responses for Respondents that Returned at Wave 3 (Longitudinal)	Wave 3 (Cross-Sectional)	P-value (Baseline vs. Wave 3)
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	
	1655	1655	695	985	989	
	Reported use of <u>cig</u>	<u>cigarettes</u>				
*2	914	1655	695	586	586	
Every day (%)	120 (13.1%) (11.0% - 15.5%)	120 (7.3%) (6.0% - 8.6%)	36 (5.2%) (3.7% - 7.1%)	32 (5.5%) (3.8% - 7.6%)	19 (3.2%) (2.0% - 5.0%)	
Some days (%)	179 (19.6%) (17.1% - 22.3%)	179 (10.8%) (9.4% - 12.4%)	56 (8.1%) (6.1% - 10.3%)	52 (8.9%) (6.7% - 11.5%)	64 (10.9%) (8.5% - 13.7%)	0.1688
Not at all (%)	614 (67.2%) (64.0% - 70.2%)	1355 (81.9%) (79.9% - 83.7%)	603 (86.8%) (84.0% - 89.2%)	502 (85.7%) (82.6% - 88.4%)	499 (85.2%) (82.0% - 87.9%)	
Don't know (%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.6%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.3%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	4 (0.7%) (0.2% - 1.7%)	
	Reported use of <u>e-c</u>	<u>e-cigarettes</u>				
*Z	642	1655	969	286	586	
Every day (%)	101 (15.7%) (13.0% - 18.8%)	101 (6.1%) (5.0% - 7.4%)	38 (5.5%) (3.9% - 7.4%)	35 (6.0%) (4.2% - 8.2%)	32 (5.5%) (3.8% - 7.6%)	
Some days (%)	177 (27.6%) (24.1% - 31.2%)	177 (10.7%) (9.2% - 12.3%)	57 (8.2%) (6.3% - 10.5%)	48 (8.2%) (6.1% - 10.7%)	63 (10.8%) (8.4% - 13.5%)	0.3974
Not at all (%)	361 (56.2%) (52.3% - 60.1%)	1374 (83.0%) (81.1% - 84.8%)	599 (86.2%) (83.4% - 88.7%)	502 (85.7%) (82.6% - 88.4%)	490 (83.6%) (80.4% - 86.5%)	
Don't know (%)	3 (0.5%) (0.1% - 1.4%)	3 (0.2%) (0.0% - 0.5%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	1 (0.2%) (0.0% - 0.9%)	1 (0.2%) (0.0% - 0.9%)	

Protocol No. SMU 19-01GENS General Snus® Patterns of Use—Wave 3 Final Report

	Reported use of ma	of moist snuff				
*X	1069	1655	569	989	985	
Every day (%)	185 (17.3%)	185 (11.2%)	71 (10.2%)	54 (9.2%)	61 (10.4%)	
	(15.1% - 19.7%)	(9.7% - 12.8%)	(8.1% - 12.7%)	(/.0% - 11.9%)	(8.1% - 13.2%)	
Some days (%)	364 (34.1%)	364 (22.0%)	143 (20.6%)	113 (19.3%)	101 (17.2%)	
Some days (70)	(31.2% - 37.0%)	(20.0% - 24.1%)	(17.6% - 23.8%)	(16.2% - 22.7%)	(14.3% - 20.5%)	0.7142
Not at all (%)	513 (48.0%)	1099 (66.4%)	478 (68.8%)	418 (71.3%)	424 (72.4%)	
100t at all (70)	(45.0% - 51.0%)	(64.1% - 68.7%)	(65.2% - 72.2%)	(67.5% - 75.0%)	(68.5% - 75.9%)	
Don't know (%)	7 (0.7%)	7 (0.4%)	3 (0.4%) (0.1% - 1.3%)	1 (0.2%) (0.0% - 0.9%)	0(0.0%)	
	Reported use of ch	f chewing tobacco				
X*	508	1655	969	989	586	
T	13 (2.6%)	13 (0.8%)	5 (0.7%)	3 (0.5%)	4 (0.7%)	
Every day (%)	(1.4% - 4.3%)	(0.4% - 1.3%)	(0.2% - 1.7%)	(0.1% - 1.5%)	(0.2% - 1.7%)	
Some days (%)	116 (22.8%)	116 (7.0%)	48 (6.9%)	35 (6.0%)	29 (4.9%)	
Some days (70)	(19.3% - 26.7%)	(5.8% - 8.3%)	(5.1% - 9.1%)	(4.2% - 8.2%)	(3.3% - 7.0%)	0.6295
Not at all (%)	374 (73.6%)	1521 (91.9%)	639 (91.9%)	546 (93.2%)	552 (94.2%)	
ivot at an (70)	(69.6% - 77.4%)	(90.5% - 93.2%)	(89.7% - 93.9%)	(90.8% - 95.1%)	(92.0% - 95.9%)	
Don't brow (%)	5 (1.0%)	5 (0.3%)	3 (0.4%)	2 (0.3%)	1 (0.2%)	
DOIL KINOW (70)	(0.3% - 2.3%)	(0.1% - 0.7%)	(0.1% - 1.3%)	(0.0% - 1.2%)	(0.0% - 0.9%)	
	Reported use of snus	<u>sn</u>				
N*	1621	1655**	695	586	286	
Every day (%)	1387 (85.6%)	1409 (85.1%)	622 (89.5%)	521 (88.9%)	393 (67.1%)	
Lvely day (70)	(83.8% - 87.2%)	(83.3% - 86.8%)	(87.0% - 91.7%)	(86.1% - 91.3%)	(63.1% - 70.9%)	
Some days (%)	234 (14.4%)	246 (14.9%)	73(10.5%)	65 (11.1%)	134 (22.9%)	
Some days (70)	(12.8% - 16.2%)	(13.2% - 16.7%)	(8.3% - 13.0%)	(8.7% - 13.9%)	(19.5% - 26.5%)	<0.0001
Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	58 (9.9%)	
	(0.0% - 0.2%)	(0.0% - 0.2%)	(0.0% - 0.5%)	(0.0% - 0.6%)	(7.6% - 12.6%)	
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.2%)	
	(U.U.70 - U.Z.70)	(U.U70 - U.270)	(0.0% - 0.3%)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(0.770 - 0.770)	

Protocol No. SMU 19-01GENS General Snus® Patterns of Use—Wave 3 Final Report

	Reported use of General Snus®	neral Snus®				
*Z	1655	1655	695	286	586	
Every day (%)	1358 (82.1%) (80.1% - 83.9%)	1358 (82.1%) (80.1% - 83.9%)	605 (87.1%) (84.3% - 89.5%)	508 (86.7%) (83.7% - 89.3%)	393 (67.1%) (63.1% - 70.9%)	
Some days (%)	297 (17.9%) (16.1% - 19.9%)	297 (17.9%) (16.1% - 19.9%)	90 (12.9%) (10.5% - 15.7%)	78 (13.3%) (10.7% - 16.3%)	134 (22.9%) (19.5% - 26.5%)	<0.0001
Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	58 (9.9%) (7.6% - 12.6%)	
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.2%)	
	Reported use of nicotine pouches	otine pouches				
*N	088	1655	695	586	586	
Every day (%)	97 (11.0%) (9.0% - 13.3%)	97 (5.9%) (4.8% - 7.1%)	45 (6.5%) (4.8% - 8.6%)	36 (6.1%) (4.3% - 8.4%)	74 (12.6%) (10.0% - 15.6%)	
Some days (%)	451 (51.2%) (47.9% - 54.6%)	451 (27.3%) (25.1% - 29.5%)	194 (27.9%) (24.6% - 31.4%)	171 (29.2%) (25.5% - 33.0%)	179 (30.5%) (26.8% - 34.5%)	<0.0001
Not at all (%)	323 (36.7%) (33.5% - 40.0%)	1098 (66.3%) (64.0% - 68.6%)	455 (65.5%) (61.8% - 69.0%)	378 (64.5%) (60.5% - 68.4%)	333 (56.8%) (52.7% - 60.9%)	
Don't know (%)	9 (1.0%) (0.5% - 1.9%)	9 (0.5%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	1 (0.2%)	0 (0.0%)	
	Reported use of aic	Reported use of aids to help stop smoking cigarettes	ig cigarettes			
N^*	389	1655	695	286	586	
Every day (%)	8 (2.1%) (0.9% - 4.0%)	8 (0.5%) (0.2% - 1.0%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.0%)	4 (0.7%) (0.2% - 1.7%)	13 (2.2%) (1.2% - 3.8%)	
Some days (%)	68 (17.5%) (13.8% - 21.6%)	68 (4.1%) (3.2% - 5.2%)	26 (3.7%) (2.5% - 5.4%)	22 (3.8%) (2.4% - 5.6%)	42 (7.2%) (5.2% - 9.6%)	0.0002
Not at all (%)	311 (79.9%) (75.6% - 83.8%)	1577 (95.3%) (94.2% - 96.3%)	666 (95.8%) (94.1% - 97.2%)	558 (95.2%) (93.2% - 96.8%)	530 (90.4%) (87.8% - 92.7%)	
Don't know (%)	2 (0.5%) (0.1% - 1.8%)	2 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.4%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.2%)	1 (0.2%) (0.0% - 0.9%)	

	Reported use of <u>cig</u>	of <u>cigars, cigarillos, or filtered cigars</u>	ered cigars			
*Z	771	1655	695	586	586	
Every day (%)	13 (1.7%)	13 (0.8%)	4 (0.6%) (0.2% - 1.5%)	4 (0.7%) (0.2% - 1.7%)	3 (0.5%)	
Some days (%)	361 (46.8%)	361 (21.8%)	152 (21.9%)	128 (21.8%)	125 (21.3%)	6,6414
Not at all (%)	390 (50.6%)	1274 (77.0%)	537 (77.3%)	(16.076 - 25.470) 454 (77.5%)	458 (78.2%)	† [† 0.0
Don't know (%)	7 (0.9%) (0.4% - 1.9%)	7 (0.2% - 0.9%) 7 (0.2% - 0.9%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.0%)	0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	
	Reported use of pipe tobacco	pe tobacco				
*2	328	1655	969	586	286	
Every day (%)	7 (2.1%) (0.9% - 4.3%)	7 (0.4%) (0.2% - 0.9%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.0%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.2%)	3 (0.5%) (0.1% - 1.5%)	
Some days (%)	103 (31.4%) (26.4% - 36.7%)	103 (6.2%) (5.1% - 7.5%)	41 (5.9%) (4.3% - 7.9%)	37 (6.3%) (4.5% - 8.6%)	31 (5.3%) (3.6% - 7.4%)	0.5897
Not at all (%)	216 (65.9%) (60.4% - 71.0%)	1543 (93.2%) (91.9% - 94.4%)	(91.8% - 95.5%)	547 (93.3%) (91.0% - 95.2%)	552 (94.2%) (92.0% - 95.9%)	
Don't know (%)	2 (0.6%)	2 (0.1%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	(0.0%)	
	Reported use of <u>ho</u>	of <u>hookah or water pipe tobacc</u> o	<u>obacc</u> o			
*Z	402	1655	969	586	586	
Every day (%)	3 (0.7%) (0.2% - 2.2%)	3 (0.2%) (0.0% - 0.5%)	1 (0.1%)	1 (0.2%) (0.0% - 0.9%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.2%)	
Some days (%)	76 (18.9%) (15.2% - 23.1%)	76 (4.6%) (3.6% - 5.7%)	19 (2.7%) (1.7% - 4.2%)	24 (4.1%) (2.6% - 6.0%)	12 (2.0%) (1.1% - 3.5%)	0.1056
Not at all (%)	317 (78.9%) (74.5% - 82.7%)	1570 (94.9%) (93.7% - 95.9%)	674 (97.0%) (95.4% - 98.1%)	561 (95.7%) (93.8% - 97.2%)	571 (97.4%) (95.8% - 98.6%)	
Don't know (%)	6 (1.5%) (0.5% - 3.2%)	6 (0.4%) (0.1% - 0.8%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.2%) (0.0% - 0.9%)	

CI: Confidence Interval

^{*}Number of non-missing responses At baseline, use in the P30D was asked to respondents that indicated ever regularly used each of eleven categories of TNP or respondents that respondented "Don't know."

At follow-up waves, use in the P30D asked to all respondents.

**With autofill, those that did not use regularly were coded as "not at all", except for snus, which was autofilled to include General Snus® use (e.g., there were 34 people that used General Snus® in the P30D but did not ever use snus regularly; they were autofilled to everyday or some day users of snus).

7.2.2 TNP Use in the Past 30 Days at 12 Months from Baseline (Wave 3) Among Respondents that Quit Using *General* Snus® Between Baseline and Wave 3

TNP use in the P30D is reported in Table 4 among respondents that initially used *General* Snus[®] at baseline but had since quit using *General* Snus[®] by Wave 3. Though no formal statistical testing was conducted for this objective, results generally suggest that respondents that quit using *General* Snus[®] by Wave 3 did not substantially change their patterns of use for other TNP. The number of respondents reporting P30D use or no use in the P30D, for each category of TNP, only differed between baseline and Wave 3 by few respondents.

More respondents used cigarettes (n=6), e-cigarettes (n=2), and aids to help stop smoking cigarettes (n=6) at Wave 3 as compared to baseline; sample sizes in parentheses represent the *increase* in the number of respondents reporting use of that product at Wave 3 than at baseline. Fewer respondents used moist snuff (n=8), chewing tobacco (n=7), pipe tobacco (n=2), and hookah (n=2) at Wave 3 as compared to baseline; sample sizes in parentheses represent the *decrease* in respondents reporting use of that product at Wave 3 than at baseline. The number of respondents reporting use of cigars and nicotine pouches did not change from baseline to Wave 3.

Table 4: TNP Use in the Past 30 Days at 12 Months from Baseline (Wave 3) Among Respondents that Quit Using *General* Snus® Between Baseline and Wave 3

	Responde	nts that Quit Using General by Wave 3	! Snus®
	Baseline Responses for Respondents that Returned for Wave 2 (Longitudinal)	Baseline Responses for Respondents that Returned for Wave 3 (Longitudinal)	Wave 3 (Cross-Sectional)
	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
	41	58	58
	Reported use of cigarette	<u>s</u>	
N*	41	58	58
Every day (%)	3 (7.3%)	2 (3.4%)	1 (1.7%)
	(1.5% - 19.9%)	(0.4% - 11.9%)	(0.0% - 9.2%)
Some days (%)	4 (9.8%)	4 (6.9%)	9 (15.5%)
	(2.7% - 23.1%)	(1.9% - 16.7%)	(7.3% - 27.4%)
Not at all (%)	34 (82.9%)	52 (89.7%)	48 (82.8%)
	(67.9% - 92.8%)	(78.8% - 96.1%)	(70.6% - 91.4%)
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0.0% - 8.6%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)
	Reported use of e-cigaret	<u>tes</u>	
N*	41	58	58
Every day (%)	4 (9.8%)	5 (8.6%)	4 (6.9%)
	(2.7% - 23.1%)	(2.9% - 19.0%)	(1.9% - 16.7%)
Some days (%)	6 (14.6%)	5 (8.6%)	8 (13.8%)
	(5.6% - 29.2%)	(2.9% - 19.0%)	(6.1% - 25.4%)
Not at all (%)	31 (75.6%)	48 (82.8%)	46 (79.3%)
	(59.7% - 87.6%)	(70.6% - 91.4%)	(66.6% - 88.8%)
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0.0% - 8.6%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)

	Reported use of moist snu	Reported use of moist snuff				
N*	41	58	58			
Every day (%)	3 (7.3%) (1.5% - 19.9%)	4 (6.9%) (1.9% - 16.7%)	1 (1.7%) (0.0% - 9.2%)			
Some days (%)	8 (19.5%) (8.8% - 34.9%)	9 (15.5%) (7.3% - 27.4%)	4 (6.9%) (1.9% - 16.7%)			
Not at all (%)	30 (73.2%) (57.1% - 85.8%)	45 (77.6%) (64.7% - 87.5%)	53 (91.4%) (81.0% - 97.1%)			
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 8.6%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 6.2%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 6.2%)			
	**Reported use of chewir	ng tobacco				
N*	41	58	58			
Every day (%)	1 (2.4%) (0.1% - 12.9%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 6.2%)				
Some days (%)	3 (7.3%) (1.5% - 19.9%)	7 (12.1%) (5.0% - 23.3%)				
Not at all (%)	37 (90.2%) (76.9% - 97.3%)	51 (87.9%) (76.7% - 95.0%)				
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 8.6%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 6.2%)				
	**Reported use of snus					
N*	41	58	58			
Every day (%)	28 (68.3%) (51.9% - 81.9%)	41 (70.7%) (57.3% - 81.9%)				
Some days (%)	13 (31.7%) (18.1% - 48.1%)	17 (29.3%) (18.1% - 42.7%)				
Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 8.6%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 6.2%)				
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 8.6%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 6.2%)				
	**Reported use of <u>General Snus</u> ®					
N*	41	58	58			
Every day (%)	24 (58.5%) (42.1% - 73.7%)	40 (69.0%) (55.5% - 80.5%)				
Some days (%)	17 (41.5%) (26.3% - 57.9%)	18 (31.0%) (19.5% - 44.5%)				
Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 8.6%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 6.2%)				
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 8.6%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 6.2%)				

	Reported use of <u>nicotine pouches</u>				
N*	41	58	58		
Every day (%)	4 (9.8%)	3 (5.2%)	12 (20.7%)		
	(2.7% - 23.1%)	(1.1% - 14.4%)	(11.2% - 33.4%)		
Some days (%)	14 (34.1%)	17 (29.3%)	8 (13.8%)		
	(20.1% - 50.6%)	(18.1% - 42.7%)	(6.1% - 25.4%)		
Not at all (%)	23 (56.1%)	38 (65.5%)	38 (65.5%)		
	(39.7% - 71.5%)	(51.9% - 77.5%)	(51.9% - 77.5%)		
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)		
	(0.0% - 8.6%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)		
	Reported use of aids to he	elp stop smoking cigarettes			
N*	41	58	58		
Every day (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	7 (12.1%)		
	(0.0% - 8.6%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)	(5.0% - 23.3%)		
Some days (%)	5 (12.2%)	4 (6.9%)	3 (5.2%)		
	(4.1% - 26.2%)	(1.9% - 16.7%)	(1.1% - 14.4%)		
Not at all (%)	36 (87.8%)	53 (91.4%)	48 (82.8%)		
	(73.8% - 95.9%)	(81.0% - 97.1%)	(70.6% - 91.4%)		
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (1.7%)	0 (0.0%)		
	(0.0% - 8.6%)	(0.0% - 9.2%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)		
	Reported use of cigars, ci	igarillos, or filtered cigars			
N*	41	58	58		
Every day (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)		
	(0.0% - 8.6%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)		
Some days (%)	7 (17.1%)	14 (24.1%)	14 (24.1%)		
	(7.2% - 32.1%)	(13.9% - 37.2%)	(13.9% - 37.2%)		
Not at all (%)	34 (82.9%)	44 (75.9%)	44 (75.9%)		
	(67.9% - 92.8%)	(62.8% - 86.1%)	(62.8% - 86.1%)		
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)		
	(0.0% - 8.6%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)		
	Reported use of pipe toba				
N*	41	58	58		
Every day (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)		
	(0.0% - 8.6%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)		
Some days (%)	2 (4.9%)	5 (8.6%)	3 (5.2%)		
	(0.6% - 16.5%)	(2.9% - 19.0%)	(1.1% - 14.4%)		
Not at all (%)	39 (95.1%)	53 (91.4%)	55 (94.8%)		
	(83.5% - 99.4%)	(81.0% - 97.1%)	(85.6% - 98.9%)		
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)		
	(0.0% - 8.6%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)		

	Reported use of hookah o	or water pipe tobacco	
N*	41	58	58
Every day (%)	1 (2.4%)	1 (1.7%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0.1% - 12.9%)	(0.0% - 9.2%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)
Some days (%)	1 (2.4%)	2 (3.4%)	1 (1.7%)
	(0.1% - 12.9%)	(0.4% - 11.9%)	(0.0% - 9.2%)
Not at all (%)	39 (95.1%)	55 (94.8%)	57 (98.3%)
	(83.5% - 99.4%)	(85.6% - 98.9%)	(90.8% - 100.0%)
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0.0% - 8.6%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)	(0.0% - 6.2%)

CI: Confidence Interval

At baseline, use in the P30D was asked to respondents that indicated ever regularly used each of eleven categories of TNP or those that respondened "Don't know." At follow-up waves, use in the P30D was asked to all respondents.

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

^{**}Cells that are crossed out indicate that no respondents reported every day or some day use of that product (0.0%, n=0), that no respondents reported "Don't know" for that product (0.0%, n=0), and that all respondents reported "Not at all" (100.0%, n=58), meaning they had not used the product in the P30D at Wave 3.

7.2.3 Cigarette Quitting Behavior at 12 Months from Baseline (Wave 3)

Among *General* Snus[®] users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=586), 14.1% (n=83) smoked cigarettes in the P30D. Of these respondents, 18.1% (n=15) reported that they had completely quit smoking cigarettes in the past 29 days (P29D) and another 42.6% reported that they were currently making a quit attempt (n=29). This indicates that over half of *General* Snus[®] users surveyed at Wave 3 that currently or previously smoked cigarettes had reduced or were trying to reduce the number of cigarettes they smoked (53.0%, n=44). Results for the number of respondents that had quit smoking in the P29D at Wave 3 **did not significantly differ** from that at baseline (p=0.48) nor were results for the number of respondents making a quit attempt at Wave 3 (p=1.00). These results are presented in Table 5 below.

Table 5: Cigarette Quitting Behavior at 12 Months from Baseline (Wave 3)

		General S	Snus® Users		
	Baseline	Baseline Responses for Respondents that Returned at Wave 2 (Longitudinal)	Baseline Responses for Respondents that Returned at Wave 3 (Longitudinal)	Wave 3 (Cross-Sectional)	P-value (Baseline vs. Wave 3)
	1655	695	586	586	
	Reported comple	tely quitting cigare	ettes over the P29D		
N*	299	92	84	83	
Yes (%)	49 (16.4%)	15 (16.3%)	16 (19.0%)	15 (18.1%)	
(95% CI)	(12.4% - 21.1%)	(9.4% - 25.5%)	(11.3% - 29.1%)	(10.5% - 28.0%)	0.4840
No (%)	250 (83.6%)	77 (83.7%)	68 (81.0%)	68 (81.9%)	
(95% CI)	(78.9% - 87.6%)	(74.5% - 90.6%)	(70.9% - 88.7%)	(72.0% - 89.5%)	
	Reported current	ly trying to quit ci	garettes		
N*	250	77	68	68	
Yes (%)	110 (44.0%)	37 (48.1%)	29 (42.6%)	29 (42.6%)	
(95% CI)	(37.8% - 50.4%)	(36.5% - 59.7%)	(30.7% - 55.2%)	(30.7% - 55.2%)	1.0000
No (%)	140 (56.0%)	40 (51.9%)	39 (57.4%)	39 (57.4%)	
(95% ČI)	(49.6% - 62.2%)	(40.3% - 63.5%)	(44.8% - 69.3%)	(44.8% - 69.3%)	

CI: Confidence Interval

Completely quitting smoking was asked only among those that smoked every day or some days in the P30D.

Currently trying to quit smoking was asked only among those that did not completely quit cigarettes over the P29D.

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

7.2.4 Percent of Days in the Past 30 Days that *General* Snus® and Cigarettes Were Used and the Quantity Used on Days Used at 12 Months from Baseline (Wave 3)

Among the *General* Snus[®] users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=586), 67.1% reported using *General* Snus[®] every day (n=393), 22.9% reported using *General* Snus[®] on some days (n=134), and 9.9% reported no P30D use of *General* Snus[®] (n=58) at Wave 3. Some day *General* Snus[®] users were asked on how many days out of the P30D that they used the product, while every day *General* Snus[®] users were assumed to have used the product on each of the P30D. Every day and some day users were also asked how many *General* Snus[®] pouches they used on the days that they used the product. These results are presented in Table 6a below.

Some day *General* Snus[®] users (n=134) reported that they used the product on 40.5% of the P30D, equating to 12.1 days. The percent of days *General* Snus[®] was used in the P30D among some day *General* Snus[®] users **did not significantly differ** from that reported at baseline (p=0.27). These respondents used on average 6.6 pouches on the days they used the product. Every day *General* Snus[®] users reported using a greater number of pouches than did some day users; every day *General* Snus[®] users reported using an average of 10.5 pouches each day within the P30D. This demonstrates that some day users used approximately 3 cans of *General* Snus[®] in the P30D (24 pouches per can), while every day users used approximately 13 cans in the P30D.

Among the *General* Snus® users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=586), 3.2% reported smoking cigarettes every day (n=19), 10.9% reported smoking cigarettes on some days (n=64), and 85.2% reported no P30D cigarette smoking (n=499) at Wave 3. Some day cigarette smokers were asked on how many days out of the P30D that they smoked, while every day cigarette users were assumed to have smoked on each of the P30D. Every day and some day cigarette smokers were also asked how many cigarettes they used on the days that they smoked. These results are presented in Table 6bTable below.

Some day cigarette smokers (n=64) reported that they smoked on 27.5% of the P30D, equating to 8.3 days. The percent of days smoked in the P30D among some day cigarette smokers **did not significantly differ** from that reported at baseline (p=0.12). These respondents smoked on average 3.0 cigarettes on the days they smoked. Every day cigarette smokers reported smoking a greater number of cigarettes than did some day cigarette smokers; every day cigarette smokers reported smoking an average of 9.9 cigarettes each day within the P30D. This demonstrates that some day cigarette smokers smoked approximately 1 pack of cigarettes in the P30D (20 cigarettes per pack), while every day cigarette smokers smoked approximately 15 packs of cigarettes in the P30D.

Table 6a: Percent of Days General Snus® Was Used in the Past 30 Days and Quantity of General Snus® Used on Days Used at Wave 3

		General Snus® Users	ius® Users		
	Baseline	Baseline Responses for Respondents that Returned at Wave 2 (Longitudinal)	Baseline Responses for Respondents that Returned at Wave 3 (Longitudinal)	Wave 3 (Cross-Sectional)	P-value (Baseline
	*Z	*Z	*Z	*Z	vs. Wave 3)
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	
	1655	\$69	286	286	
December of James Alexander	297	06	78	134	
Fercent of days that General	$49.84\% \pm 27.68\%$	$48.15\% \pm 30.60\%$	$43.85\% \pm 29.96\%$	$40.47\% \pm 22.52\%$	0.2656
Shus was used in the FOUD	(46.68% - 53.00%)	(41.74% - 54.56%)	(37.09% - 50.60%)	(36.62% - 44.32%)	
Average number of General	1358	509	508	393	
Snus® pouches used among	10.45 ± 6.58	10.57 ± 6.79	10.40 ± 6.68	10.51 ± 6.57	\
every day users in the P30D	(10.10 - 10.80)	(10.02 - 11.11)	(9.82 - 10.99)	(9.86 - 11.16)	
Average number of General	297	06	78	134	\
Snus® pouches used among	5.28 ± 4.63	4.68 ± 3.39	4.68 ± 2.68	6.57 ± 5.19	\
some day users in the P30D	(4.75 - 5.80)	(3.97 - 5.39)	(4.08 - 5.28)	(5.69 - 7.46)	

CI: Confidence Interval

*Number of non-missing responses

Percent of days that General Snus® was used was calculated based on days used in the P30D. The question was asked only among some day users. The value 49.84% at baseline is equivalent to 15.0 days and the value 40.47% at Wave 3 is equivalent to 12.1 days.

Note: Comparisons of average every day and some day use between baseline and Wave 3 are only relevant among respondents that did not change their pattern of use (i.e, changing between every day and some day use).

Table 6b: Percent of Days Cigarettes Were Smoked in the Past 30 Days and Quantity of Cigarettes Smoked on Days Smoked at Wave 3

			General Snus® Users		
	Baseline	Baseline Responses for Respondents that Returned at Wave 2 (Longitudinal)	Baseline Responses for Respondents that Returned at Wave 3 (Longitudinal)	Wave 3 (Cross-Sectional)	P-value (Baseline vs. Wave
	n (%) (95% CI)	(%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	(s
	1655	269	586	286	
	621	56	52	64	
recent of days that eigarettes	$31.04\% \pm 27.14\%$	$26.07\% \pm 23.15\%$	$27.82\% \pm 23.22\%$	$27.45\% \pm 24.76\%$	0.1185
were smoked in the FOUD	(27.04% - 35.05%)	(19.87% - 32.27%)	(21.35% - 34.29%)	(21.26% - 33.63%)	
Average number of cigarettes	120	36	32	19	
smoked among every day users	12.31 ± 7.16	11.19 ± 7.52	9.28 ± 5.67	9.89 ± 5.55	\
in the P30D	(11.01 - 13.60)	(8.65 - 13.74)	(7.24 - 11.33)	(7.22 - 12.57)	\
Average number of cigarettes	621	56	52	64	\
smoked among some day users	4.81 ± 5.55	4.20 ± 5.50	3.98 ± 5.59	2.98 ± 2.63	<u> </u>
in the P30D	(3.99 - 5.63)	(2.72 - 5.67)	(2.42 - 5.54)	(2.33 - 3.64)	

CI: Confidence Interval

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

Percent of days that General Snus® was used was calculated based on days used in the P30D. The question was asked only among some day users. The value 31.04% at baseline and the value 27.45% at Wave 3 is equivalent to 8.3 days.

Note: Comparisons of average every day and some day use between baseline and Wave 3 are only relevant among respondents that did not change their pattern of use (i.e, changing between every day and some day use).

7.2.5 Changes in Patterns of Use of *General* Snus® and Cigarettes from Baseline to 12 Months from Baseline (Wave 3)

Respondent patterns of use were measured by determining whether a given product was used every day, some days, or not at all within the P30D. Patterns of use for *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes were measured in both the baseline and Wave 3 surveys. Baseline and Wave 3 patterns of use for *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes were compared to understand changes in patterns of use over time and were measured separately among every day and some day users of the respective products at baseline. Changes in patterns of use from baseline to Wave 3 are presented in Table 7 below.

Among the *General* Snus® users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=586), 86.7% were every day *General* Snus® users at baseline (n=508) and 13.3% were some day *General* Snus® users at baseline (n=78). About a quarter of every day *General* Snus® users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 had either partially or completely reduced the number of days that they used the product in the P30D (26.4%, n=134), reporting that they now used *General* Snus® on some days (18.5%, n=94) or that they had not used *General* Snus® in the P30D (7.9%, n=40). The remaining every day *General* Snus® users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 were still using the product every day (73.4%, n=373). Additionally, about a quarter of some day *General* Snus® users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 had completely reduced the number of days that they used the product by Wave 3, reporting that they had not used *General* Snus® in the P30D (23.1%, n=18). Another quarter of some day *General* Snus® users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 had increased the number of days that they used the product, reporting that they now used *General* Snus® every day (25.6%, n=20). The remaining some day *General* Snus® users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 were still using the product on some days (51.3%, n=40).

Among the *General* Snus[®] users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=586), 5.6% were every day cigarette smokers at baseline (n=32) and 8.9% were some day cigarette smokers at baseline (n=52); the remaining *General* Snus[®] users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 were not cigarette smokers at baseline (85.7%, n=502). Exactly one half of every day cigarette smokers at baseline that returned for Wave 3 had either partially or completely reduced the number of days that they smoked (50.0%, n=16), reporting that they now only smoked on some days (28.1%, n=9) or that they had not smoked in the P30D (21.9%, n=7). The remaining every day cigarette smokers at baseline that returned for Wave 3 were still smoking every day (50.0%, n=16).

About half of some day cigarette smokers at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=52) had completely reduced the number of days that they smoked, reporting that they had not smoked in the P30D (46.2%, n=24). Few some day cigarette smokers at baseline that returned for Wave 3 had increased the number of days that they smoked, reporting that they now smoked every day (5.8%, n=3). The remaining some day cigarette smokers at baseline that returned for Wave 3 were still smoking on some days (46.2%, n=24).

Results among the baseline cigarette smokers that returned for Wave 3 (n=84) indicate that 36.9% had completely quit smoking cigarettes (n=31) (Table 7). Of these respondents, 93.5% reported that they completely substituted cigarette smoking for use of *General* Snus® products (n=29) (Section 7.2.6; Table 8b).

Nearly all non-cigarette smokers at baseline (defined as not having smoked in the P30D prior to baseline) that returned for Wave 3 were still not smoking cigarettes, reporting that they had not smoked cigarettes in the P30D (93.2%, n=468). The remaining non-cigarette smokers at baseline that returned for Wave 3 had initiated (n=11) or re-initiated (n=20) smoking cigarettes, reporting that they now smoked on some days (6.2%, n=31); no non-cigarette smokers at baseline that returned for Wave 3 reported that they now smoked every day (0.0%, n=0).

Table 7: Changes in Patterns of Use of $\textit{General}\ Snus^{\circledR}$ and Cigarettes from Baseline to Wave 3

		Patterns of U	Jse of General S	nus® or Cigaret	tes at Wave 3	Total
		Every Day	Some Days	Not at All	Don't Know	
Patterns of Use for General	Every Day	373 (73.4%)	94 (18.5%)	40 (7.9%)	1 (0.2%)	508 (100.0%)
Snus® at Baseline	Some Days	20 (25.6%)	40 (51.3%)	18 (23.1%)	0 (0.0%)	78 (100.0%)
Total		393 (67.1%)	134 (22.9%)	58 (9.9%)	1 (0.1%)	586 (100.0%)
D 44 CH	Every Day	16 (50.0%)	9 (28.1%)	7 (21.9%)	0 (0.0%)	32 (100.0%)
Patterns of Use for Cigarettes	Some Days	3 (5.8%)	24 (46.2%)	24 (46.2%)	1 (1.8%)	52 (100.0%)
at Baseline	Not at All	0 (0.0%)	31 (6.2%)	468 (93.2%)	3 (0.6%)	502 (100.0%)
Total		19 (3.2%)	64 (10.9%)	499 (85.2%)	4 (0.7%)	586 (100.0%)

7.2.6 Incremental, Supplemental, or Complete Substitution of Cigarettes for *General* Snus® Among Dual Users of Both Cigarettes and *General* Snus® from Baseline to 12 Months from Baseline (Wave 3)

Incremental and supplemental use of cigarettes and *General* Snus® and complete substitution of cigarettes for *General* Snus® was evaluated among dual users of both cigarettes and *General* Snus® at Wave 3. Results were calculated by comparing frequency of use of both cigarettes and *General* Snus® at baseline and subtracting frequency of use of the respective products at Wave 3. Frequency of use was measured by asking respondents the quantity of cigarettes and *General* Snus® used on days used. Respondents included in analyses measuring incremental and supplemental use were those that did not switch their pattern of use for either product between baseline and Wave 3—meaning, every day users of either cigarettes or *General* Snus® at baseline that also reported every day use at Wave 3 and some day users of either cigarettes or *General* Snus® at baseline that also reported some day use at Wave 3.

Incremental use was defined as using a greater or equal number of cigarettes or *General* Snus[®] at Wave 3 than at baseline; a difference in frequency of use between baseline to Wave 3 resulting in a value that is positive or equal to zero was considered incremental use. Supplemental use was defined as using fewer cigarettes or *General* Snus[®] at Wave 3 than at baseline; a difference in frequency of use between baseline to Wave 3 that is negative was considered supplemental use. Complete substitution was defined as fully replacing cigarette use and only using *General* Snus[®] or completely quitting use of both products. Results for incremental and supplemental use for both cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] are presented below in Table 8a and results for complete substitution are presented in Table 8b.

All changes in frequency of use, regardless of patterns of use, among users of cigarettes or *General* Snus® were found to be supplemental. Each of the four categories of users presented in Table 8a reported reductions in use of either cigarettes or *General* Snus® between baseline to Wave 3. However, all findings for this measure **were not statistically different** (range of p-values: 0.07 to 0.67). Results presented in Table 8b for complete substitution of cigarettes for *General* Snus® indicate that 5.3% of *General* Snus® users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=586) had completely quit smoking cigarettes since baseline (n=31) and that 2.6% (n=15) had quit within the P29D (Section 7.2.3; Table 5). Among respondents that had completely quitting smoking by Wave 3, 93.5% reported that they exclusively used *General* Snus® to replace cigarettes (n=29); this indicates that 4.9% (n=29) of all *General* Snus® users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=586) used *General* Snus® to replace cigarettes. Less than 1.0% of those returning for Wave 3 reported quitting use of both products (0.34%, n=2).

Table 8a: Incremental or Supplemental Use of Cigarettes and $\it General$ Snus $^{\it @}$ from Baseline to Wave 3

	Change in Quantity Used from Baseline to Wave 2	Baseline Use for Respondents that Did Not Change Pattern of Use from Baseline to Wave 3 (Longitudinal)	Wave 3 Use for Respondents that Did Not Change Pattern of Use from Baseline to Wave 3 (Cross-Sectional)	Change in Quantity Used from Baseline to Wave 3	P-value (Baseline to Wave 3)
	Mean ± Std Dev	Mean ± Std Dev	Mean ± Std Dev	Mean ± Std Dev	ŕ
	(95%CI)	(95%CI)	(95%CI)	(95%CI)	
	N	N	N	N	
	Reported use of	f <u>General Snus®</u>			
	492	373	373	373	
Every day	-0.43 ± 4.70	10.75 ± 6.84	10.65 ± 6.64	-0.10 ± 4.34	0.6676
	(-0.840.01)	(10.05 - 11.44)	(9.98 - 11.33)	(-0.54 - 0.35)	
	47	40	40	40	
Some days	-0.53 ± 4.13	5.12 ± 3.15	4.50 ± 3.07	-0.62 ± 2.46	0.1157
	(-1.74 - 0.68)	(4.12 - 6.13)	(3.52 - 5.48)	(-1.41 - 0.16)	
	Reported use of <u>cigarettes</u>				
	24	16	16	16	
Every day	-0.92 ± 3.12	11.44 ± 5.18	10.44 ± 5.33	-1.00 ± 3.33	0.2478
-	(-2.23 - 0.40)	(8.68 - 14.20)	(7.60 - 13.28)	(-2.77 - 0.77)	
	27	24	24	24	
Some days	-0.89 ± 2.41	3.88 ± 2.33	2.83 ± 2.32	-1.04 ± 2.69	0.0709
	(-1.84 - 0.06)	(2.89 - 4.86)	(1.86 - 3.81)	(-2.18 - 0.10)	

Table 8b: Complete Substitution of Cigarettes for General Snus® at Wave 3

	General Snus® Users at Wave 2 (Cross-Sectional)	General Snus® Users at Wave 3 (Cross-Sectional)
	n (%)	n (%)
	95% CI	95% CI
	695	586
Respondents completely quitting	32 (4.6%)	31 (5.3%)
cigarettes	(3.2% - 6.4%)	(3.6% - 7.4%)
Respondents completely substituting General Snus® for	29 (4.2%)	29 (4.9%)
cigarettes	(2.8% - 5.9%)	(3.3% - 7.0%)
Respondents quitting both	3 (0.43%)	2 (0.34%)
cigarettes and General Snus®		

7.3 Wave 3 Results for Secondary Objectives

7.3.1 Perceptions of Absolute Risk for Use of Only *General* Snus® Every Day and Use of Only Cigarettes Every Day

All respondents evaluated the absolute risk of developing three diseases—mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer—from use of only *General* Snus® every day or from use of only cigarettes every day. Perceptions of absolute risk were measured using a 5-point scale ranging from 1 ("Very low chance") to 5 ("Very high chance"); "Don't know" was also an available response option. These results are presented in Table 9a below.

General Snus® and other snus products contain markedly lower levels of harmful and potentially harmful constituents (HPHCs) compared to traditional smokeless tobacco. Numerous scientific publications have found no associations between use of snus products and development of mouth cancer or heart disease [citations]; this differs from use of traditional smokeless tobacco for which associations with these diseases have been found.¹ Findings among respondents that returned for Wave 3 suggest that General Snus® users may be misinformed about the health risks of using the product and may misattribute risks of traditional smokeless tobacco to General Snus®—over half perceived use of only General Snus® every day to be associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing mouth cancer (55.0%, n=322) and nearly half perceived use of only General Snus® every day to be associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing heart disease (47.1%, n=276).

Among *General* Snus[®] users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=586), respondents correctly perceived that use of only *General* Snus[®] every day carried lower risks to health than use of only cigarettes every day across the three diseases assessed. This is also evidenced by results for perceived risk of developing lung cancer as 85.3% of respondents at Wave 3 associated use of only *General* Snus[®] every day to be associated with a low to very low chance of developing lung cancer (n=85), which is also evidenced in scientific literature.²

¹ Smita A, Labani S, Kailash U, et al. **Association of smokeless tobacco use and oral cancer: a systematic global review and meta-analysis**. *Nicotine & Tobacco Research*. Volume 21, Issue 9 (2019).

² Clarke E., Thompson K., Weaver S., *et al.* **Snus: a compelling harm reduction alternative to cigarettes**. *Harm Reduction Journal*. Volume 16, Issue 62 (2019).

General Snus® products can be marketed in the U.S. with the following modified risk messaging: "Using General Snus® instead of cigarettes puts you at a lower risk of mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stroke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis. 3" Risk perceptions among General Snus® users at Wave 3 provide evidence that respondents understand that General Snus® is a reduced risk tobacco product (compared to cigarettes) but that use of General Snus® is not without risks to health. Findings also provide evidence that respondents can correctly attribute use of only General Snus® to reductions in risk of developing specific diseases stated in the modified risk messaging.

Among *General* Snus[®] users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=586), use of only cigarettes every day was perceived to carry much higher risks to health than use of only *General* Snus[®] every day across the three diseases assessed. Large majorities of respondents at Wave 3 perceived use of only cigarettes every day to be associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing each of the three disease states assessed—mouth cancer (81.7%, n=479), heart disease (98.3%, n=576), lung cancer (93.5%, n=548). This suggests these respondents understand that use of cigarettes contributes extreme risks to health and to the development of mouth cancer, heart disease, and lung cancer, specifically.

³ U.S. Food and Drug Administration. **FDA grants first-ever modified risk orders to eight smokeless tobacco products.** Press Release (2019).

Table 9a: Perceptions of Absolute Risk for Use of Only General Snus® Every Day and Use of Only Cigarettes Every Day

	Use	Use of Only <i>General</i> Snus® Every Day	us®	nse	Use of Only Cigarettes Every Day	ø
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)
	Baseline	Wave 2	Wave 3	Baseline	Wave 2	Wave 3
	Absolute risk of de	of developing <u>mouth cancer</u>	<u>icer</u>			
**\	1655	969	286	1655	969	586
Very Low Chance (%)	217 (13.1%)	83 (11.9%)	63 (10.8%)	53 (3.2%)	19 (2.7%)	18 (3.1%)
	(11.5% - 14.8%)	(9.6% - 14.6%)	(8.4% - 13.5%)	(2.4% - 4.2%)	(1.7% - 4.2%)	(1.8% - 4.8%)
Low Chance (%)	(32.6% - 37.2%)	(31.7% - 38.9%)	(30.1% - 38.0%)	2 / 1 (16.4%) (14.6% - 18.2%)	(15.9% - 21.8%)	89 (15.2%) (12.4% - 18.4%)
Moderate Chance (%)	573 (34.6%)	251 (36.1%)	229 (39.1%)	674 (40.7%)	281 (40.4%)	244 (41.6%)
	(32.3% - 37.0%)	(32.5% - 39.8%)	(35.1% - 43.2%)	(38.3% - 43.1%)	(36.8% - 44.2%)	(37.6% - 45.7%)
High Chance (%)	210 (12.7%) (11.1% - 14.4%)	87 (12.5%) (10.1% - 15.2%)	66 (11.3%) (8.8% - 14.1%)	475 (28.7%) (26.5% - 30.9%)	201 (28.9%) (25.6% - 32.4%)	170 (29.0%) (25.4% - 32.9%)
Vom, High Chance (%)	64 (3.9%)	25 (3.6%)	27 (4.6%)	165 (10.0%)	61 (8.8%)	65 (11.1%)
very mign Chance (70)	(3.0% - 4.9%)	(2.3% - 5.3%)	(3.1% - 6.6%)	(8.6% - 11.5%)	(6.8% - 11.1%)	(8.7% - 13.9%)
Don't trow (%)	14 (0.8%)	4 (0.6%)	2 (0.3%)	17 (1.0%)	3 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)
Doll Carlow (70)	(0.5% - 1.4%)	(0.2% - 1.5%)	(0.0% - 1.2%)	(0.6% - 1.6%)	(0.1% - 1.3%)	(0.0% - 0.6%)
	Absolute risk of de	Absolute risk of developing <u>heart disease</u>	<u>ase</u>			
*2	1655	969	286	1655	969	586
Very Low Chance (%)	300 (18.1%)	107 (15.4%)	85 (14.5%) (11.8% - 17.6%)	20 (1.2%)	2 (0.3%)	9 (1.5%)
(70) 50 00 (30)	647 (39.1%)	274 (39.4%)	222 (37.9%)	48 (2.9%)	22 (3.2%)	17 (2.9%)
LOW Chance (70)	(36.7% - 41.5%)	(35.8% - 43.2%)	(33.9% - 42.0%)	(2.1% - 3.8%)	(2.0% - 4.8%)	(1.7% - 4.6%)
Moderate Chance (%)	564 (34.1%)	250 (36.0%)	233 (39.8%)	374 (22.6%)	155 (22.3%)	157 (26.8%)
	(31.8% - 36.4%)	(32.4% - 39.7%)	(35.8% - 43.9%)	(20.6% - 24.7%)	(19.3% - 25.6%)	(23.2% - 30.6%)
High Chance (%)	98 (5.9%)	51 (7.3%)	35 (6.0%)	803 (48.5%)	373 (53.7%)	268 (45.7%)
)	(4.8% - 7.2%)	(5.5% - 9.5%)	(4.2% - 8.2%)	(46.1% - 51.0%)	(49.9% - 57.4%)	(41.6% - 49.9%)
Very High Chance (%)	13 (0.8%)	9 (1.3%)	8 (1.4%)	390 (23.6%) (21.5% - 25.7%)	(17.2% - 23.3%)	133 (22.7%)
Don't know (%)	33 (2.0%)	4 (0.6%)	3 (0.5%)	20 (1.2%)	3 (0.4%)	2 (0.3%)
	(1.4/0 - 2.8/0)	(0.270 - 1.370)	(0.170 - 1.370)	(0.770 - 1.970)	(0.170 - 1.370)	(0.0% - 1.2%)

General Snus® Patterns of Use—Wave 3 Final Report Protocol No. SMU 19-01GENS

	Absolute risk of de	Absolute risk of developing <u>lung cancer</u>	- 1			
*Z	1655	969	586	1655	969	586
Very Low Chance (%)	810 (48.9%) (46.5% - 51.4%)	308 (44.3%) (40.6% - 48.1%)	255 (43.5%) (39.5% - 47.6%)	21 (1.3%) (0.8% - 1.9%)	17 (2.4%) (1.4% - 3.9%)	13 (2.2%) (1.2% - 3.8%)
Low Chance (%)	631 (38.1%) (35.8% - 40.5%)	307 (44.2%) (40.4% - 48.0%)	245 (41.8%) (37.8% - 45.9%)	51 (3.1%) (2.3% - 4.0%)	28 (4.0%) (2.7% - 5.8%)	25 (4.3%) (2.8% - 6.2%)
Moderate Chance (%)	169 (10.2%) (8.8% - 11.8%)	70 (10.1%) (7.9% - 12.6%)	68 (11.6%) (9.1% - 14.5%)	238 (14.4%) (12.7% - 16.2%)	(13.3% - 18.9%)	91 (15.5%) (12.7% - 18.7%)
High Chance (%)	21 (1.3%) (0.8% - 1.9%)	6 (0.9%) (0.3% - 1.9%)	12 (2.0%) (1.1% - 3.5%)	692 (41.8%) (39.4% - 44.2%)	286 (41.2%) (37.5% - 44.9%)	246 (42.0%) (37.9% - 46.1%)
Very High Chance (%)	7 (0.4%) (0.2% - 0.9%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.0%)	5 (0.9%) (0.3% - 2.0%)	644 (38.9%) (36.6% - 41.3%)	250 (36.0%) (32.4% - 39.7%)	211 (36.0%) (32.1% - 40.0%)
Don't know (%)	17 (1.0%) (0.6% - 1.6%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.0%)	1 (0.2%)	9 (0.5%) (0.2% - 1.0%)	3 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)

CI: Confidence Interval *Number of non-missing responses

7.3.2 Perceptions of Absolute Risk for Use of Both Both *General* Snus® and Cigarettes Every Day and Never Having Used Any TNP

All respondents evaluated the absolute risk of developing three diseases—mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer—from use of both *General* Snus® and cigarettes every day or from never having used any TNP. Perceptions of absolute risk were measured using a 5-point scale ranging from 1 ("Very low chance") to 5 ("Very high chance"); "Don't know" was also an available response option. These results are presented in Table 9b below.

Among *General* Snus[®] users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=586), large majorities of respondents perceived use of both *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes every day (dual use) to be associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing each of the three disease states assessed—mouth cancer (87.7%, n=514), heart disease (94.2%, n=552), lung cancer (93.9%, n=550). As *General* Snus[®] is a modified risk tobacco product (MRTP) and carries a modified risk message⁴, this finding provides evidence that respondents do not perceive that supplementing cigarette use with *General* Snus[®] (dual use) reduces risks for developing diseases from cigarette use—perceived risks associated with dual use of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes every day were nearly identical to perceived risks associated with use of only cigarettes every day. (Section 7.3.1; Table 9a). Thus, these results do not provide evidence of a "halo effect" related to use of *General* Snus[®] products, a concern that has recently been raised by both public health researchers and FDA.⁵

Among *General* Snus® users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=586), never having used any TNP was perceived as having minimal risk of developing cancer. Large majorities of respondents at Wave 3 associated never having used any TNP with low or very low chances of developing mouth cancer (85.0%, n=498) and lung cancer (81.7%, n=479). Perceived risk of developing heart disease from never having used any TNP was considerably higher; more than half of respondents associated never having used any TNP with a moderate to very high chance of developing heart disease (62.8%, n=368). This suggests that respondents at Wave 3 may understand that there is a higher incidence of heart disease in the U.S., regardless of whether a person uses TNP, than mouth and lung cancer.⁶

⁴ The modified risk messaging approved for *General* Snus[®] states the following: "Using *General* Snus[®] instead of cigarettes puts you at a lower risk of mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stroke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis." U.S. Food and Drug Administration. **FDA grants first-ever modified risk orders to eight smokeless tobacco products.** Press Release (2019).

⁵ Seidenberg AB, Popova L, Ashley DL, et al. Inferences beyond a claim: a typology of potential halo effects related to modified risk tobacco product claims. *Tobacco Control*. Volume 30 (2021).

⁶ Incidence of heart disease in the U.S. (2018): 0.27% [870,000 new cases]; incidence of mouth cancer in the U.S. (2018): 0.02% [50,000 new cases]; incidence of lung cancer in the U.S. (2018): 0.07% [220,000 new cases]. U.S. National Center for Health Statistics. **Disease incidence in the United States.** Annual Report (2018).

Table 9b: Perceptions of Absolute Risk for Use of Both General Snus® and Cigarettes Every Day and Never Having Used Any TNP

	Use of Both Gene	th <i>General</i> Snus® and Cigarettes Every Day	rettes Every Day	Neve	Never Having Used Any TNP	TNP
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)
	Baseline	Wave 2	Wave 3	Baseline	Wave 2	Wave 3
	Absolute risk of de	Absolute risk of developing <u>mouth cancer</u>	<u>ncer</u>			
*Z	1655	969	586	1655	969	586
Very Low Chance (%)	28 (1.7%)	14 (2.0%)	11 (1.9%)	741 (44.8%)	284 (40.9%)	253 (43.2%)
	169 (10.2%)	71 (10.2%)	57 (9.7%)	653 (39.5%)	316 (45.5%)	245 (41.8%)
Low Chance (%)	(8.8% - 11.8%)	(8.1% - 12.7%)	(7.5% - 12.4%)	(37.1% - 41.9%)	(41.7% - 49.3%)	(37.8% - 45.9%)
Moderate Chance (%)	518 (31.3%) (29.1% - 33.6%)	218 (31.4%) (27.9% - 35.0%)	210 (35.8%) (31.9% - 39.9%)	187 (11.3%) (9.8% - 12.9%)	74 (10.6%) (8.5% - 13.2%)	68 (11.6%) (9.1% - 14.5%)
High Chance (%)	(31.1% - 35.7%)	(30.6% - 37.8%)	172 (29.4%) (25.7% - 33.2%)	38 (2.3%) (1.6% - 3.1%)	12 (1.7%) (0.9% - 3.0%)	13 (2.2%) (1.2% - 3.8%)
Very High Chance (%)	368 (22.2%) (20.3% - 24.3%)	151 (21.7%) (18.7% - 25.0%)	132 (22.5%) (19.2% - 26.1%)	9 (0.5%)	4 (0.6%)	5 (0.9%)
Don't know (%)	20 (1.2%) (0.7% - 1.9%)	4 (0.6%) (0.2% - 1.5%)	4 (0.7%) (0.2% - 1.7%)	27 (1.6%) (1.1% - 2.4%)	5 (0.7%) (0.2% - 1.7%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.2%)
	Absolute risk of de	sk of developing <u>heart disease</u>	ase			
*Z	1655	969	586	1655	969	586
Very Low Chance (%)	23 (1.4%) (0.9% - 2.1%)	8 (1.2%) (0.5% - 2.3%)	8 (1.4%) (0.6% - 2.7%)	178 (10.8%) (9.3% - 12.3%)	63 (9.1%) (7.0% - 11.4%)	61 (10.4%) (8.1% - 13.2%)
Low Chance (%)	69 (4.2%) (3.3% - 5.2%)	28 (4.0%) (2.7% - 5.8%)	21 (3.6%) (2.2% - 5.4%)	371 (22.4%) (20.4% - 24.5%)	167 (24.0%) (20.9% - 27.4%)	152 (25.9%) (22.4% - 29.7%)
Moderate Chance (%)	420 (25.4%) (23.3% - 27.5%)	172 (24.7%) (21.6% - 28.1%)	158 (27.0%) (23.4% - 30.8%)	870 (52.6%) (50.1% - 55%)	385 (55.4%) (51.6% - 59.1%)	319 (54.4%) (50.3% - 58.5%)
High Chance (%)	673 (40.7%) (38.3% - 43.1%)	308 (44.3%) (40.6% - 48.1%)	233 (39.8%) (35.8% - 43.9%)	159 (9.6%) (8.2% - 11.1%)	63 (9.1%) (7.0% - 11.4%)	44 (7.5%) (5.5% - 9.9%)
Very High Chance (%)	442 (26.7%) (24.6% - 28.9%)	173 (24.9%) (21.7% - 28.3%)	161 (27.5%) (23.9% - 31.3%)	29 (1.8%) (1.2% - 2.5%)	8 (1.2%) (0.5% - 2.3%)	5 (0.9%)
Don't know (%)	28 (1.7%) (1.1% - 2.4%)	6 (0.9%) (0.3% - 1.9%)	5 (0.9%) (0.3% - 2.0%)	48 (2.9%) (2.1% - 3.8%)	9 (1.3%) (0.6% - 2.4%)	5 (0.9%) (0.3% - 2.0%)

General Snus® Patterns of Use—Wave 3 Final Report Protocol No. SMU 19-01GENS

	Absolute risk of de	Absolute risk of developing <u>lung cancer</u>	li.			
*Z	1655	969	586	1655	969	586
Very Low Chance (%)	36 (2.2%) (1.5% - 3.0%)	15 (2.2%) (1.2% - 3.5%)	9 (1.5%) (0.7% - 2.9%)	546 (33.0%) (30.7% - 35.3%)	212 (30.5%) (27.1% - 34.1%)	197 (33.6%) (29.8% - 37.6%)
Low Chance (%)	(3.0% - 5.0%)	32 (4.6%) (3.2% - 6.4%)	25 (4.3%) (2.8% - 6.2%)	739 (44.7%) (42.2% - 47.1%)	346 (49.8%) (46.0% - 53.6%)	282 (48.1%) (44.0% - 52.3%)
Moderate Chance (%)	331 (20.0%) (18.1% - 22.0%)	139 (20.0%) (17.1% - 23.2%)	123 (21.0%) (17.8% - 24.5%)	303 (18.3%) (16.5% - 20.3%)	121 (17.4%) (14.7% - 20.4%)	96 (16.4%) (13.5% - 19.6%)
High Chance (%)	684 (41.3%) (38.9% - 43.7%)	289 (41.6%) (37.9% - 45.3%)	235 (40.1%) (36.1% - 44.2%)	32 (1.9%) (1.3% - 2.7%)	9 (1.3%) (0.6% - 2.4%)	6 (1.0%) (0.4% - 2.2%)
Very High Chance (%)	523 (31.6%) (29.4% - 33.9%)	216 (31.1%) (27.7% - 34.7%)	192 (32.8%) (29.0% - 36.7%)	8 (0.5%) (0.2% - 1.0%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	5 (0.9%) (0.3% - 2.0%)
Don't know (%)	16 (1.0%) (0.6% - 1.6%)	4 (0.6%) (0.2% - 1.5%)	2 (0.3%) (0.0% - 1.2%)	27 (1.6%) (1.1% - 2.4%)	6 (0.9%) (0.3% - 1.9%)	0 (0.0%)

CI: Confidence Interval *Number of non-missing responses

7.3.3 Understanding of the Modified Risk Claim for *General* Snus®

Understanding of the modified risk claim for *General* Snus® was assessed among all *General* Snus® users at baseline that returned for Wave 3 (n=586). Two questions were asked to respondents at Wave 3. The first asked them to correctly identify the language used in the modified risk claim. Response options included "lower risk," "higher risk," or "the same risk" of developing certain diseases from using *General* Snus® compared to smoking cigarettes. Respondents that correctly answered this question (i.e., endorsed "lower risk") were presented with a second question asking how many cigarettes you can smoke per day while using *General* Snus® and still benefit from the reduction in risk of developing the diseases stated in the modified risk claim. Response options included "Zero cigarettes," "Up to 5 cigarettes," Up to 20 cigarettes," and "As many as you want to smoke." "Don't know" and "Decline to answer" were also available response options. The correct response option, based on language used in the modified risk claim, is "Zero cigarettes," as the claim states a user must use *General* Snus® instead of cigarettes. Results are presented in Table 10 below and are separated between *General* Snus® users overall and new *General* Snus® users (defined as first using *General* Snus® in the 30 days prior to the baseline survey). Only results for the overall group of *General* Snus® users are described here.

Most respondents correctly reported that use of *General* Snus[®] instead of cigarettes reduces risk of developing the diseases stated in the modified risk claim (77.8%, n=456). Again, most respondents that correctly responded to the modified risk claim messaging (n=456) then reported that you could not use any cigarettes (i.e., endorsed "Zero cigarettes") and still benefit from the reduction in risk of developing the diseases stated in the modified risk claim (80.3%, n=366). These findings suggest that *General* Snus[®] users understand that use of *General* Snus[®] instead of cigarettes puts them at a lower risk of developing various tobacco-related diseases and that this reduction in risk is predicated on not smoking cigarettes ("Using *General* Snus[®] instead of cigarette[s]").

Table 10: Understanding of the MRTP Claim Related to Reduced Risk Among General Snus® Users and New General Snus® Users

		Gonoral Suns ® House		Now	Now Conord Same® Heone**	***
		Oenerat Silus Osers			Ceneral Silus Osei	
	(%) u	u (%)	(%) u	(%) u	(%) u	(%) u
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
	Baseline	Wave 2	Wave 3	Baseline	Wave 2	Wave 3
	Understanding of the		MRTP claim for risk of diseases from using $General$ Snus $^{ ilde{a}}$ instead of cigarettes	ıg <i>General</i> Snus® inste	ad of cigarettes	
*2	1655	969	586	52	16	15
Lower risk of developing	1155 (69.8%)	504 (72.5%)	456 (77.8%)	32 (61.5%)	13 (81.2%)	7 (46.7%)
diseases (%)	(67.5% - 72.0%)	(69.0% - 75.8%)	(74.2% - 81.1%)	(47.0% - 74.7%)	(54.4% - 96.0%)	(21.3% - 73.4%)
The same risk of	147 (8.9%)	57 (8.2%)	37 (6.3%)	2 (3.8%)	1 (6.2%)	2 (13.3%)
developing diseases (%)	(7.6% - 10.4%)	(6.3% - 10.5%)	(4.5% - 8.6%)	(0.5% - 13.2%)	(0.2% - 30.2%)	(1.7% - 40.5%)
Higher risk of	106 (6.4%)	(%8%)	48 (8.2%)	2 (9.6%)	1 (6.2%)	3 (20.0%)
developing diseases (%)	(5.3% - 7.7%)	(5.0% - 8.9%)	(6.1% - 10.7%)	(3.2% - 21.0%)	(0.2% - 30.2%)	(4.3% - 48.1%)
None (%)	87 (5.3%)	42 (6.0%)	22 (3.8%)	2 (3.8%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (6.7%)
	156 (0.4%)	(4.470 - 0.170)	73 (3.0%)	(0.2.0=13.2.0)	(0.0.0 = 20.0.0)	7 (12 2%)
Don't know (%)	(8.1% - 10.9%)	(4.6% - 8.4%)	(2.5% - 5.8%)	(11.1% - 34.7%)	(0.2% - 30.2%)	(1.7% - 40.5%)
D. 1 4(0/)	4 (0.2%)	1 (0.1%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decline to answer (%)	(0.1% - 0.6%)	(0.0% - 0.8%)	(0.0% - 0.6%)	(0.0% - 6.8%)	(0.0% - 20.6%)	(0.0% - 21.8%)
	***Understanding t	he MRTP claim for m	***Understanding the MRTP claim for number of cigarettes that can be smoked in addition to using General Snus® to	ıt can be smoked in ad	ldition to using Gen	eral Snus® to
	maintain a lower risk	sk of diseases				
N*	1155	504	456	32	13	7
Zero cigarettes (%)	928 (80.3%)	421 (83.5%)	366 (80.3%)	27 (84.4%)	10 (76.9%)	4 (57.1%)
	85 (7.4%)	33 (6.5%)	37 (8.1%)	2 (6.2%)	1 (7.7%)	0 (0.0%)
Up to 5 cigarettes (%)	(5.9% - 9.0%)	(4.5% - 9.1%)	(5.8% - 11.0%)	(0.8% - 20.8%)	(0.2% - 36.0%)	(0.0% - 41.0%)
Up to 20 cigarettes (%)	32 (2.8%) (1.9% - 3.9%)	10 (2.0%) (1.0% - 3.6%)	14 (3.1%)	1 (3.1%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
As many as you want to	17 (1.5%)	4 (0.8%)	7 (1.5%)	1 (3.1%)	1 (7.7%)	2 (28.6%)
smoke (%)	(0.9% - 2.3%)	(0.2% - 2.0%)	(0.6% - 3.1%)	(0.1% - 16.2%)	(0.2% - 36.0%)	(3.7% - 71.0%)
Don't know (%)	91 (7.9%)	33 (6.5%)	32 (7.0%)	1 (3.1%)	1 (7.7%)	1 (14.3%)
,	(0.4% - 9.6%)	(4.3% - 9.1%)	(4.8% - 9.8%)	(0.1% - 16.2%)	(0.2% - 36.0%)	(0.4% - 57.9%)
Decline to answer (%)	2 (0.2%) (0.0% - 0.6%)	3(0.6%) (0.1% - 1.7%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 10.9%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 24.7%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0% - 41.0%)
CI: Confidence Interval						

CI: Confidence Interval

*Number of non-missing responses

** New General Snus® users were respondents that had initiated use of General Snus® in the 30 days before baseline.

***Number of cigarettes smoked to lower risk of disease was asked only among those that said using General Snus® instead of cigarettes puts them at lower risk of diseases.

8. SUMMARY OF WAVE 3 RESULTS

Summary of Results:

- ➤ General Snus® was used in the P30D among 90.0% of returning respondents (n=527)
 - The pattern of *General* Snus® use **significantly differed** from baseline (p<0.001) due to the number of respondents that switched from every day to some day use by Wave 3 (n=94)
 - Every day *General* Snus[®] users used more pouches on days used than some day users (10.5 pouches/day vs. 6.6 pouches/day)
 - Some day users reported using *General* Snus® 12 days in the P30D; this **did not significantly differ** from baseline (p=0.27)
 - Among the respondents returning for Wave 3 (n=586), 14.1% (n=83) reported P30D cigarette smoking, and most of these respondents smoked only on some days (10.9%, n=64)
 - 37.3% of these respondents had initiated cigarettes in the 12 months since baseline (n=31), but all reported that they smoked only on some days
 - ➤ Only 14.3% of respondents that returned for Wave 3 were cigarette smokers at baseline (n=84)
 - Of these respondents, 36.9% had completely quit smoking cigarettes, with 93.5% of those quitting reporting complete substitution of cigarettes with *General* Snus® (n=29)
 - Respondents correctly perceived that cigarette smoking contributed significant risks to health, associating it with moderate to very high chances of developing mouth cancer (81.7%, n=479), heart disease (98.3%, n=576), and lung cancer (93.5%, n=548)
 - Use of *General* Snus[®] was perceived as being less risky to health than cigarette smoking but that use of *General* Snus[®] was not without risks to health
 - Dual use of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes was perceived as equally risky as use of only cigarettes, suggesting that respondents understand that any use of cigarettes is associated with highest risks to health
 - Respondents understood the MRTP claim that using *General* Snus[®] instead of cigarettes puts users at a lower risk for various diseases compared to cigarette smoking
 - 77.8% of respondents correctly endorsed that *General* Snus® was lower risk (n=456)
 - Most understood that no cigarettes can be when using *General* Snus® to benefit from it being reduced risk (80.3%, n=366), indicating that they are aware users need to completely substitute cigarettes for *General* Snus®





General Snus® Patterns of Use Study

Wave 4 Technical Report – Final

Swedish Match North America Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS



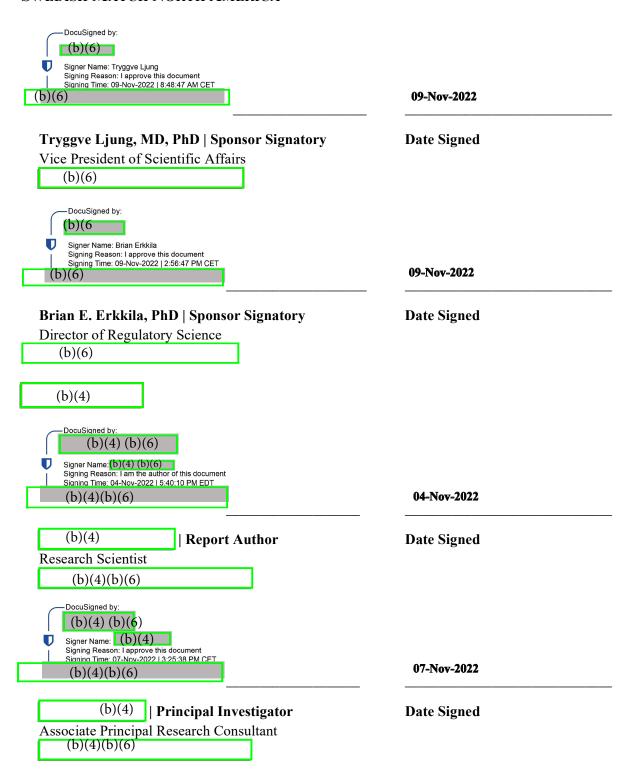
Sponsor	Swedish Match North America (SMNA) Two James Center
	1021 East Cary Street, Suite 1600 Richmond, VA 27219
Vendor	(b) (4)
Document Version Date Finalized	Version 1.0 04 November 2022
Principal Investigator	(b) (4), (b) (6)
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SIGNATURES OF RESPONSIBLE PARTIES

SWEDISH MATCH NORTH AMERICA



Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Swedish Match North America Page 1 of 43

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

General Snus® was used in the P30D by 87.3% (n=394) of those returning at Wave 4

■ The pattern of *General* Snus[®] use **significantly differed** from Baseline (p<0.0001) due to the proportion of respondents who had switched from every day to some day use by Wave 4

Every day *General* Snus® users used more pouches on days used than some day users (10.4 pouches/day vs. 6.7 pouches/day)

• Some day *General* Snus[®] users reported using the product an average of 13.1 days in the P30D, which **did not significantly differ** from that reported at Baseline (p=0.8367)

Among returning General Snus[®] users at Wave 4, only 13.9% (n=63) reported smoking at Baseline and 13.5% (n=61) reported at Wave 4, which **did not significantly differ** (p=0.6232)

Respondents correctly perceived that cigarette smoking contributed significant risks to health, associating it with moderate to very high chances of developing mouth cancer (78.5%, n=354), heart disease (93.8%, n=423), lung cancer (92.5%, n=417).

- Dual use of *General* Snus® and cigarettes was generally perceived as being just as risky to health as use of only cigarettes, suggesting that respondents understand that any use of cigarettes is associated with high risks to health
- Use of *General* Snus[®] was perceived as being less risky to health than cigarette smoking but that use of *General* Snus[®] was not without risks to health.

Respondents understood the MRTP claim that using *General* Snus® instead of cigarettes puts users at a lower risk for various diseases compared to cigarette smoking

- 77.8% (n=351) of respondents correctly endorsed that use of *General* Snus® presented less risk to health than cigarette smoking
- Most respondents who correctly endorsed that use of *General* Snus® presented less risk to health than cigarette smoking understood that no cigarettes can be smoked while using *General* Snus® to benefit from it being lower risk (79.8%, n=280)
- Results suggest that General Snus[®] users are aware of the need to completely substitute cigarettes for General Snus[®]

(b)(4)	PROJECT TEAM

Project Team Member	Responsibility
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Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

DOCUMENT HISTORY

Document Version	Document Status	Version Date	Reason for and Description of Change	Changed By
		24OCT2022	Document created	(b)(4)
0.1	D 6	25OCT2022	Edits to text, tables, formatting	(b)(4)
v0.1	Draft	26OCT2022	Draft document shared with SMNA	(b)(4)
		03NOV2022	Draft document approved by SMNA	
v1.0	Final	04NOV2022	Finalized and routed for signatures	(b)(<mark>4</mark>)

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SIGNATURES OF RESPONSIBLE PARTIES	1
Swedish Match North America	1
(b)(4)	1
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	2
(b)(4) PROJECT TEAM	3
DOCUMENT HISTORY	4
TABLE OF CONTENTS	5
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	7
1. BACKGROUND & RATIONALE	8
2. STUDY OBJECTIVES	8
2.1 Primary Objectives	8
2.2 Secondary Objectives	9
3. OVERVIEW OF RESEARCH METHODS	9
3.1 Inclusion Criteria	10
3.2 Exclusion Criteria	10
4. OVERVIEW OF ANALYSIS METHODS	11
5. WAVE 4 FIELDING SUMMARY	12
5.1 Study Fielding Summary	12
6. WAVE 4 STUDY RESULTS	13
6.1 Demographic Characteristics of Respondents at Wave 4	13
6.2 Wave 4 Results for Primary Objectives	15
6.2.1 TNP Use in the Past 30 Days at Wave 4	15
6.2.2 TNP Use in the Past 30 Days at Wave 4 Among Respondents Who Quit Using Ge	
6.2.3 Cigarette Quitting Behavior at Wave 4	24
6.2.4 Percent of Days in the Past 30 Days that <i>General</i> Snus® And Cigarettes Were Use Quantity Used on Days Used at Wave 4	ed and the25
6.2.5 Changes in Patterns of Use of <i>General</i> Snus® and Cigarettes at Wave 4	28

6.2.6	Incremental, Supplemental, or Complete Substitution of Cigarettes for <i>General</i> Snu Dual Users of Both Cigarettes and <i>General</i> Snus® at Wave 4	
6.3 Wa	ve 4 Results for Secondary Objectives	33
6.3.1	Perceptions of Absolute Risk for Use of Only <i>General</i> Snus [®] Every Day and Use o Cigarettes Every Day	•
6.3.2	Perceptions of Absolute Risk for Use of Both <i>General</i> Snus® and Cigarettes Every Having Used Any TNP	•
6.3.3	Understanding of the Modified Risk Claim for General Snus®	40
7. SUMM	MARY OF WAVE 4 RESULTS	42

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation	Definition
FDA	FDA Food and Drug Administration
MRTP	Modified Risk Tobacco Product
MRTPA	Modified Risk Tobacco Product Application
P30D	Past 30 Days
PATH	Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health
PMTA	Premarket Tobacco Product Application
SAP	Statistical Analysis Plan
SMNA	Swedish Match North America, LLC
TNP	Tobacco/Nicotine Product(s)
U.S.	United States

1. BACKGROUND & RATIONALE

In November 2015, Swedish Match USA, Inc. (SMU) received market authorization for *General* Snus[®], a moist tobacco product placed under the upper lip that does not involve spitting or chewing. In its first applications reviewed through the MRTP pathway, the FDA deferred final action on providing *General* Snus[®] a MRTP designation, providing guidance on how SMU could amend their application to provide greater support for a modified risk designation. SMU filed its amended MRTPA on 17 September 2018, and the FDA granted the risk modification order on 22 October 2019. The *General* Snus[®] Patterns of Use Study (the study) is for post-marketing surveillance reporting following the granted risk modification order.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

2. STUDY OBJECTIVES

The overarching research questions for this study were the following:

- 1. How do General Snus® users use tobacco and nicotine products (TNP)?
- 2. How do General Snus® users perceive health risks associated with cigarettes and *General* Snus®?

These questions were studied using a self-reported survey examining patterns of past-30-day (P30D) TNP use among *General* Snus[®] users in a Baseline assessment (Wave 1) and again, among the same *General* Snus[®] users, at 6 months (Wave 2), 1 year (Wave 3) and 2 years (Wave 4) after Baseline.

2.1 PRIMARY OBJECTIVES

The primary objectives of the study were the following:

- 1. Compare patterns of TNP use between all 4 study waves by examining self-reported TNP use for participants, in aggregate, over time.
 - The study will report on frequency of use of *General* Snus[®] use, as well as other TNP, if multiple TNP use is reported. Of specific interest were patterns cigarette use.
 - Intent to quit and actual quitting of cigarettes was assessed at each wave of the study.
- 2. Among *General* Snus[®] users, compare consumption patterns of cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] in the P30D at Baseline with consumption patterns for both products at Wave 2 through Wave 4.
 - Of specific interest was whether use of *General* Snus[®] offsets use of cigarettes.
- 3. Characterize *General* Snus® users, especially new *General* Snus® users, in terms of prior TNP use and demographic characteristics and compare these findings to new users of smokeless TNP as reported in the Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health Study.
- 4. Compare the tendencies of *General* Snus[®] users to quit cigarettes or use *General* Snus[®] in an incremental fashion, in a supplemental fashion, or in complete substitution of cigarettes.

Swedish Match North America Page 8 of 43

2.2 SECONDARY OBJECTIVES

The secondary objectives of the study were the following:

- 1. Assess perceptions of risk of certain health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer, separately) among *General* Snus® users.
 - Asses the absolute risk attributed to using only *General* Snus® daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of *General* Snus® and cigarettes daily, and never having used any TNP.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

2. Assess the extent to which *General* Snus® users, especially new users, understand the risk reduction as described in the modified risk claim

3. OVERVIEW OF RESEARCH METHODS

General Snus® users were recruited directly via invitation stickers placed directly on General Snus® tins. A third-party vendor (News America Marketing) was hired to place the study invitation stickers on product packaging (e.g., each individual General Snus® tins) for all varieties of General Snus® available at retail outlets. This took place from 25 July 2020 to 17 August 2020. The sticker initiative targeted approximately 10,600 retail stores carrying General Snus® across all locations where General Snus® was sold. The sticker presented a website where General Snus® users that were interested in participating could access the Baseline survey through a secure and unique survey link.

The first set of questions were used to screen potential respondents and were designed to qualify the respondent using the study inclusion and exclusion criteria. Once qualified, respondents were directed to the online survey. Respondents were asked to self-report TNP use within the P30D and various questions related to TNP use, risk perceptions, and understanding of the modified risk messaging for *General* Snus® products.

The study was a longitudinal, prospective assessment consisting of multiple survey waves to gain an understanding of how *General* Snus[®] and other TNP are used by the participating respondents. Respondents completed an initial survey at Baseline (Wave 1) and had the opportunity to participate again at 6 months (Wave 2), 1 year (Wave 3), and 2 years (Wave 4) from Baseline. All respondents at Baseline must have reported use of *General* Snus[®] at least once in the P30D and reported use every day (daily) or on some days (non-daily).

Full details of all research methods and study procedures can be found in the General Snus[®] Patterns of Use Study – Study Protocol.

Swedish Match North America Page 9 of 43

3.1 INCLUSION CRITERIA

Respondents had to meet each of the following criteria to be included in the study:

1. Have used General Snus® at least once or more within the P30D and use it every day or on some days

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

- 2. Minimum age of 21 years
- 3. Agree to participate in four surveys over the 24-month period
- 4. Able to read and speak English
- 5. Currently a resident of the United States
- 6. Agreeing to provide informed consent and personal contact information

3.2 EXCLUSION CRITERIA

Respondents who met of the following criteria were excluded from the study:

- 1. Responded "don't know" or "decline to answer" to questions asking their gender and geographic region
- 2. Unwilling or unable to provide electronic informed consent and personal contact information
- 3. Employed in any of the following fields or professions: market research, marketing, advertising, TNP manufacturing, or employed as a physician
- 4. Participated in a consumer research study on TNP in the 2 weeks prior to the Baseline survey

Swedish Match North America Page 10 of 43

4. OVERVIEW OF ANALYSIS METHODS

All analyses conducted were either descriptive or inferential. Descriptive analyses provided summary statistics for all variables. These statistics included counts and proportions for categorical variables and means, standard deviations, medians, minimums, and maximums for ordinal and continuous variables. Inferential statistical testing was conducted to evaluate changes in primary and secondary outcome measures (i.e., patterns of use, risk perceptions, understanding of claims) from baseline and each follow-up wave. Results comparing baseline data versus data from each follow-up wave was conducted using paired sample t-tests for continuous variables and McNemar tests for categorical variables.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Swedish Match North America Page 11 of 43

5. WAVE 4 FIELDING SUMMARY

5.1 STUDY FIELDING SUMMARY

The fielding summary for number of respondents that entered the Wave 4 survey, those that did not complete the survey, those that were terminated (and the reasons for termination) are summarized below in <u>Table 1</u>.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Table 1: Fielding Summary for the Wave 4 Survey

	Wave 4
Number of respondents that entered the survey	589
Number of respondents that were terminated based inclusion/exclusion criteria/quota filled/intellectual property blocker	56
Number of respondents that did not complete the survey	77
Number of respondents retained (closed fielding)	456
Total respondents retained after data quality check*	N=451

^{*}Data quality check per the SAP included outliers, straightliners, speeders, those that failed the attention check question, and illogical responses.

Swedish Match North America Page 12 of 43

6. WAVE 4 STUDY RESULTS

6.1 DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS OF RESPONDENTS AT WAVE 4

The demographic characteristics of *General* Snus[®] users and the subset of new *General* Snus[®] users that returned for Wave 4 are summarized in <u>Table 2</u>. Results represent data collected at Wave 4 as these demographic characteristics may have changed over the course of the study. Only results for the overall group of *General* Snus[®] users is discussed here given the small sample size. Findings for the subset of new *General* Snus[®] users can be found below in Table 2.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Most respondents that returned for Wave 4 lived in the South (36.1%; n=163), while the least number of respondents lived in the Northeast (13.1%, n=59). Nearly all respondents were male (93.8%, n=423). The mean age of *General* Snus® users that returned for Wave 4 was 39.4 years (median: 38.0 years; range: 24.0 to 79.0 years). Most respondents were currently married (56.5%, n=255). There was a considerable number of respondents with high household incomes, as 42.8% (n=193) reported that they earned \$100,000 or more in the past 12 months.

Swedish Match North America Page 13 of 43

Table 2: Demographic Characteristics of *General* Snus® Users and New *General* Snus® Users Who Returned for Wave 4

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

	General Snus® Users	New General Snus® Users
	N = 451	N* = 15
Geographic Region		
West (%)	99 (22.0%)	4 (26.7%)
South (%)	163 (36.1%)	5 (33.3%)
Midwest (%)	130 (28.8%)	3 (20.0%)
Northeast (%)	59 (13.1%)	3 (20.0%)
Gender	·	•
Male (%)	423 (93.8%)	11 (73.3%)
Female (%)	28 (6.2%)	4 (26.7%)
Declined to answer (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Respondent Age		•
Age in years ± SD*	39.4 <u>+</u> 10.5	38.5 <u>+</u> 13.0
Marital Status**	·	•
Currently married (%)	255 (56.5%)	6 (40.0%)
Not currently married (%)	190 (42.1%)	8 (53.3%)
Declined to answer (%)	6 (1.3%)	1 (6.7%)
Household Income**		
Less than \$50,000 (%)	90 (20.0%)	5 (33.3%)
\$50,000 to \$99,999 (%)	149 (33.0%)	5 (33.3%)
\$100,000 or more (%)	193 (42.8%)	5 (33.3%)
Don't know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Declined to answer (%)	19 (4.2%)	0 (0.0%)

N represents all returning General Snus® users at Wave 4.

Swedish Match North America Page 14 of 43

N* represents the subset of new General Snus® users at Wave 4.

^{*}SD: Standard deviation.

^{**}Results for marital status and household income were collapsed into the categories presented. In the Wave 4 survey, marital status had six categories and household income had eleven categories. Household income represents earnings in past 12 months.

6.2 WAVE 4 RESULTS FOR PRIMARY OBJECTIVES

6.2.1 TNP USE IN THE PAST 30 DAYS AT WAVE 4

Patterns of TNP use in the past 30 days (P30D) among all Wave 4 respondents are presented in <u>Table 3</u> below. At Baseline, TNP use in the P30D was asked to respondents that indicated they had ever regularly used any of eleven categories of TNP, including *General* Snus[®], and for those TNP to which they responded, "Don't know." At Wave 4, TNP use in the P30D was asked to all respondents for the same eleven categories of TNP.

Among *General* Snus[®] users who returned for Wave 4, 87.3% (n=394) reported using *General* Snus[®] in the P30D, with 60.5% (n=273) using every day and 26.8% (n=121) using on some days. Some respondents that had regularly used *General* Snus[®] at Baseline had quit use of the product by Wave 4 (12.2%, n=55). The change in patterns of use for *General* Snus[®] from Baseline to Wave 4 was significantly significant (p<0.0001) given the differences in proportion of General Snus[®] users who used every day vs. some days at Wave 4 than at Baseline.

<u>Table 3</u> also presents P30D use for other categories of TNP among *General* Snus[®] users who returned for Wave 4. Only 13.5% (n=61) reported P30D cigarette smoking, with 4.7% (n=21) reporting smoking cigarettes every day and 8.9% (n=40) reporting smoking cigarettes on some days. Prevalence of P30D cigarette smoking among *General* Snus[®] users at Wave 4 **did not significantly differ** from prevalence of P30D cigarette smoking at Baseline (p=0.6232).

Prevalence of P30D use of nicotine pouches **significantly increased** among *General* Snus[®] users between Baseline and Wave 4 (p<0.0001) – 42.7% of *General* Snus[®] users reported using of nicotine pouches at Wave 4 (n=193), with 18.0% (n=81) reporting use every day and 24.8% (n=112) reporting use on some days. Additionally, the number of *General* Snus[®] users reporting use of aids to help stop smoking cigarettes also **significantly increased** between Baseline and Wave 4 (p=0.0050) – 6.7% (n=30) of *General* Snus[®] users reported P30D use of aids to help stop smoking cigarettes, with 2.7% (n=12) reporting use every day and 4.0% (n=18) reporting use on some days.

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study – Wave 4 Technical Report FINAL – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: $04{\rm NOV}2022$

Table 3: TNP Use in the Past 30 Days at Wave 4

		Genera	General Snus® users		
	Baseline Results	Baseline Results (Autofilled)	Baseline Results for Respondents Returning for Wave 4	Wave 4 Results	P-Value (Baseline vs.
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	Wave 4)
	1655	1655	451	451	
Reported cigarette use					
N*	914	1655	451	451	
Every day (%)	120 (13.1%)	120 (7.3%)	24 (5.3%)	21 (4.7%)	
	(11.0% - 15.5%)	(6.0% - 8.6%)	(3.4% - 7.8%)	(2.9% - 7.0%)	
Some days (%)	179 (19.6%) (17.1% - 22.3%)	179 (10.8%) (9.4% - 12.4%)	39 (8.6%) (6.2% - 11.6%)	40 (8.9%) (6.4% - 11.9%)	0.6232
Not at all (%)	614 (67.2%) (64.0% - 70.2%)	1355 (81.9%) (79.9% - 83.7%)	388 (86.0%) (82.5% - 89.1%)	389 (86.3%) (82.7% - 89.3%)	
Don't Know (%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.6%)	1 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.3%)	0 (0.0%)	(0.0% - 1.2%)	
Reported e-cigarette use					
*Z	642	1655	451	451	
Every day (%)	101 (15.7%)	101 (6.1%)	28 (6.2%)	25 (5.5%)	
Some days (%)	177 (27.6%)	(177 (10.7%)	37 (8.2%)	45 (10.0%)	9858 0
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	361 (56.2%)	1374 (83.0%)	385 (85.4%)	380 (84.3%)	
Not at all (%)	(52.3% - 60.1%)	(81.1% - 84.8%)	(81.8% - 88.5%)	(80.6% - 87.5%)	
Don't Know (%)	3 (0.5%) (0.1% - 1.4%)	3 (0.2%) (0.0% - 0.5%)	1 (0.2%) (0.0% - 1.2%)	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \ (0.2\%) \\ (0.0\% - 1.2\%) \end{array}$	
Reported moist snuff use					
N_*	1069	1655	451	451	
Every day (%)	185 (17.3%) (15.1% - 19.7%)	185 (11.2%) (9.7% - 12.8%)	53 (11.8%) (8.9% - 15.1%)	54 (12.0%) (9.1% - 15.3%)	
Some days (%)	364 (34.1%) (31.2% - 37.0%)	364 (22.0%) (20.0% - 24.1%)	86 (19.1%) (15.5% - 23.0%)	80 (17.7%) (14.3% - 21.6%)	0.7899
Not at all (%)	513 (48.0%) (45.0% - 51.0%)	1099 (66.4%) (64.1% - 68.7%)	311 (69.0%) (64.5% - 73.2%)	315 (69.8%) (65.4% - 74.0%)	
Don't Know (%)	7 (0.7%)	7 (0.4%)	1 (0.2%) (0.0% - 1.2%)	2 (0.4%) (0.1% - 1.6%)	
					1

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

General Snus $^{\otimes}$ Patterns of Use Study – Wave 4 Technical Report FINAL – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 04NOV2022

Reported chewing tobacco use					
**	208	1655	451	451	•
Friend day (0%)	13 (2.6%)	13 (0.8%)	3 (0.7%)	3 (0.7%)	
Every day (70)	(1.4% - 4.3%)	(0.4% - 1.3%)	(0.1% - 1.9%)	(0.1% - 1.9%)	
Some days (04)	116 (22.8%)	116 (7.0%)	27 (6.0%)	19 (4.2%)	99980
Some days (70)	(19.3% - 26.7%)	(5.8% - 8.3%)	(4.0% - 8.6%)	(2.6% - 6.5%)	00000
N = + = + = 11 (9/)	374 (73.6%)	1521 (91.9%)	419 (92.9%)	426 (94.5%)	
100t at all (%)	(69.6% - 77.4%)	(90.5% - 93.2%)	(90.1% - 95.1%)	(91.9% - 96.4%)	
Don't V 2 (9)	5 (1.0%)	5 (0.3%)	2 (0.4%)	3 (0.7%)	
DOILL MILOW (70)	(0.3% - 2.3%)	(0.1% - 0.7%)	(0.1% - 1.6%)	(0.1% - 1.9%)	
Reported snus use					
*Z	1621	1655**	451	451	
T 1 (0/)	1387 (85.6%)	1409 (85.1%)	407 (90.2%)	273 (60.5%)	
Every day (%)	(83.8% - 87.2%)	(83.3% - 86.8%)	(87.1% - 92.8%)	(55.9% - 65.1%)	
(/0) === 0	234 (14.4%)	246 (14.9%)	44 (9.8%)	121 (26.8%)	
Some days (70)	(12.8% - 16.2%)	(13.2% - 16.7%)	(7.2% - 12.9%)	(22.8% - 31.2%)	<0.0001
Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	55 (12.2%)	
1001 at all (70)	(0.0% - 0.2%)	(0.0% - 0.2%)	(0.0% - 0.8%)	(9.3% - 15.6%)	
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.4%)	
Coll t Milow (70)	(0.0% - 0.2%)	(0.0% - 0.2%)	(0.0% - 0.8%)	(0.1% - 1.6%)	
Reported General Snus® use					
*X	1655	1655	451	451	
Frieny day (0%)	1358 (82.1%)	1358 (82.1%)	400 (88.7%)	273 (60.5%)	
LVCI y day (/0)	(80.1% - 83.9%)	(80.1% - 83.9%)	(85.4% - 91.5%)	(55.9% - 65.1%)	
Some days (%)		297 (17.9%)	51 (11.3%)	121 (26.8%)	<0.0001
Some days (70)	(16.1% - 19.9%)	(16.1% - 19.9%)	(8.5% - 14.6%)	(22.8% - 31.2%)	1000
Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	55 (12.2%)	
140t at all (70)	(0.0% - 0.2%)	(0.0% - 0.2%)	(0.0% - 0.8%)	(9.3% - 15.6%)	
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.4%)	
(0/)	(0.0% - 0.2%)	(0.0% - 0.2%)	(0.0% - 0.8%)	(0.1% - 1.6%)	
Reported nicotine pouch use					
*Z	880	1655	451	451	
Fvery day (%)	97 (11.0%)	97 (5.9%)	29 (6.4%)	81 (18.0%)	
Livery and (70)	(9.0% - 13.3%)	(4.8% - 7.1%)	(4.3% - 9.1%)	(14.5% - 21.8%)	
Some days (%)	451 (51.2%)	451 (27.3%)	124 (27.5%)	112 (24.8%)	
Some and S (70)	(47.9% - 54.6%)	(25.1% - 29.5%)	(23.4% - 31.9%)	(20.9% - 29.1%)	<0.0001
Not at all (%)	323 (36.7%)	1098 (66.3%)	297 (65.9%)	258 (57.2%)	
	(33.5% - 40.0%)	(64.0% - 68.6%)	(61.3% - /0.2%)	(52.5% - 61.8%)	
Don't Know (%)	9 (1.0%)	9 (0.5%)	1 (0.2%)	0 (0.0%)	
		(0.2% - 1.0%)	(0.0% - 1.2%)	(0.0% - 0.8%)	

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

GeneralS
nus $^{\oplus}$ Patterns of Use Study – Wave 4 Technical Report
 FINAL – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 04NOV2022

Reported aids to help stop smoking use	ing use				
* N	389	1655	451	451	
Fyory day (%)	8 (2.1%)	8 (0.5%)	2 (0.4%)	12 (2.7%)	
Every day (70)	(0.9% - 4.0%)	(0.2% - 1.0%)	(0.1% - 1.6%)	(1.4% - 4.6%)	
Como dorre (0/)	68 (17.5%)	68 (4.1%)	14 (3.1%)	18 (4.0%)	
Some days (70)	(13.8% - 21.6%)	(3.2% - 5.2%)	(1.7% - 5.2%)	(2.4% - 6.2%)	0.005
Not at all (%)	311 (79.9%)	1577 (95.3%)	435 (96.5%)	420 (93.1%)	
110t at an (70)	(75.6% - 83.8%)	(94.2% - 96.3%)	(94.3% - 98.0%)	(90.4% - 95.3%)	
Don't Know (%)	2 (0.5%) (0.1% - 1.8%)	2 (0.1%) (0.0% - 0.4%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%) (0.0% - 0.8%)	1 (0.2%) (0.0% - 1.2%)	
Reported cigars, cigarillos, filtered cigars filled with tobacco use	ed cigars filled with tobacco	nse			
*2	771	1655	451	451	
Driver dory (0/)	13 (1.7%)	13 (0.8%)	4 (0.9%)	5 (1.1%)	
Every day (70)	(0.9% - 2.9%)	(0.4% - 1.3%)	(0.2% - 2.3%)	(0.4% - 2.6%)	
(/0)	361 (46.8%)	361 (21.8%)	97 (21.5%)	90 (20.0%)	0.6145
Some days (70)	(43.3% - 50.4%)	(19.8% - 23.9%)	(17.8% - 25.6%)	(16.4% - 23.9%)	2
Not at all (%)	390 (50.6%)	1274 (77.0%)	350 (77.6%)	356 (78.9%)	
1001 at ail (70)	(47.0% - 54.2%)	(74.9% - 79.0%)	(73.5% - 81.4%)	(74.9% - 82.6%)	
Don't Vacary (%)	7 (0.9%)	7 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	
Doll (MIOW (70)	(0.4% - 1.9%)	(0.2% - 0.9%)	(0.0% - 0.8%)	(0.0% - 0.8%)	
Reported pipe tobacco use					
*Z	328	1655	451	451	
Every day (%)	7 (2.1%)	7 (0.4%)	3 (0.7%)	1 (0.2%)	
Every and (70)	(0.9% - 4.3%)	(0.2% - 0.9%)	(0.1% - 1.9%)	(0.0% - 1.2%)	
Some days (%)	103 (31.4%)	103 (6.2%)	29 (6.4%)	25 (5.5%)	0 1609
Some days (70)	(26.4% - 36.7%)	(5.1% - 7.5%)	(4.3% - 9.1%)	(3.6% - 8.1%)	001100
Not at all (%)	216 (65.9%)	1543 (93.2%)	419 (92.9%)	425 (94.2%)	
1,00 at att (/0)	(60.4% - 71.0%)	(91.9% - 94.4%)	(90.1% - 95.1%)	(91.7% - 96.2%)	
Don't Know (%)	2 (0.6%)	2 (0.1%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	
	(0:1/0 - 2:2/0)	(0.4.0 - 0.4.0)	(0.0.0 - 0.0.0)	(0.0.0 - 0.0.0)	

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study - Wave 4 Technical Report FINAL – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 04NOV2022

Reported hookah or water pipe tobacco use	tobacco use				
*X	402	5591	451	451	
(/0)	3 (0.7%)	3 (0.2%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	
Every day (70)	(0.2% - 2.2%)	(0.0% - 0.5%)	(0.0% - 0.8%)	(0.0% - 0.8%)	
(/0/ 5	76 (18.9%)	76 (4.6%)	15 (3.3%)	9 (2.0%)	7171
Some days (%)	(15.2% - 23.1%)	(3.6% - 5.7%)	(1.9% - 5.4%)	(0.9% - 3.8%)	0.1414
(70) 11- 7- 7-14	317 (78.9%)	1570 (94.9%)	436 (96.7%)	441 (97.8%)	
Not at all (%)	(74.5% - 82.7%)	(93.7% - 95.9%)	(94.6% - 98.1%)	(96.0% - 98.9%)	
D th V (9/)	6 (1.5%)	6 (0.4%)	0.000)	1 (0.2%)	
Don't Nilow (%)	(0.5% - 3.2%)	(0.1% - 0.8%)	(0.0% - 0.8%)	(0.0% - 1.2%)	

CI: Confidence Interval
*Number of non-missing responses.
At Baseline, TNP use in the past 30 days was asked to those who reported they had ever regularly used the TNP and those who reported "don't know." At follow-up waves, it was asked to everyone.
With autofill, those who had TNP fairly regularly were coded as "not at all", with the exception of snus, which was autofilled to include *General* Snus use (e.g., there were 34 people who used *General* Snus** in the past 30 days but did not ever use snus regularly. They were autofilled to everyday or someday users of snus).

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

6.2.2 TNP USE IN THE PAST 30 DAYS AT WAVE 4 AMONG RESPONDENTS WHO QUIT USING GENERAL SNUS®

TNP use in the P30D is reported in <u>Table 4</u> among respondents that initially used *General* Snus[®] at Baseline but had since quit using *General* Snus[®] by Wave 4. Though no formal statistical testing was conducted for this objective, results generally suggest that respondents that quit using *General* Snus[®] by Wave 4 did not substantially change their patterns of use for other TNP. The number of respondents reporting P30D use or no use in the P30D, for each category of TNP, differed between baseline and Wave 4 by very few respondents.

Table 4: TNP Use in the Past 30 Days at Wave 4 Among Respondents Who Quit Using $\textit{General Snus}^{\circledR}$

	Respondents Who Quit Using (General Snus® by Wave 4
	Baseline Results for Respondents Who Returned at Wave 4	Wave 4 Results
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)
Reported cigarette use		
N*	55	55
Every day (%)	1 (1.8%) (0.0%, 9.7%)	4 (7.3%) (2.0%, 17.6%)
Some days (%)	4 (7.3%) (2.0%, 17.6%)	3 (5.5%) (1.1%, 15.1%)
Not at all (%)	50 (90.9%) (80.0%, 97.0%)	48 (87.3%) (75.5%, 94.7%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)
Reported e-cigarette use		
N*	55	55
Every day (%)	2 (3.6%) (0.4%, 12.5%)	2 (3.6%) (0.4%, 12.5%)
Some days (%)	3 (5.5%) (1.1%, 15.1%)	5 (9.1%) (3.0%, 20.0%)
Not at all (%)	50 (90.9%) (80.0%, 97.0%)	48 (87.3%) (75.5%, 94.7%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)
Reported moist snuff use		,
N*	55	55
Every day (%)	5 (9.1%) (3.0%, 20.0%)	1 (1.8%) (0.0%, 9.7%)
Some days (%)	13 (23.6%) (13.2%, 37.0%)	5 (9.1%) (3.0%, 20.0%)
Not at all (%)	37 (67.3%) (53.3%, 79.3%)	49 (89.1%) (77.8%, 95.9%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)
Reported chewing tobacco	use	
N*	55	55
Every day (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)
Some days (%)	6 (10.9%) (4.1%, 22.2%)	2 (3.6%) (0.4%, 12.5%)
Not at all (%)	49 (89.1%) (77.8%, 95.9%)	53 (96.4%) (87.5%, 99.6%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)

Reported snus use		
N*	55	55
Every day (%)	47 (85.5%)	0 (0.0%)
Every day (76)	(73.3%, 93.5%)	(0.0%, 6.5%)
Some days (%)	8 (14.5%)	0 (0.0%)
Some days (70)	(6.5%, 26.7%)	(0.0%, 6.5%)
Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%)	55 (100.0%)
1101 41 411 (70)	(0.0%, 6.5%)	(93.5%, 100.0%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
<u> </u>	(0.0%, 6.5%)	(0.0%, 6.5%)
Reported <u>General Snus[®]</u> use		
N*	55	55
Every day (%)	47 (85.5%)	0 (0.0%)
Every day (70)	(73.3%, 93.5%)	(0.0%, 6.5%)
Some days (%)	8 (14.5%)	0 (0.0%)
3 ()	(6.5%, 26.7%)	(0.0%, 6.5%)
Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%)	55 (100.0%)
	(0.0%, 06.5%)	(93.5%, 100.0%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)
Donouted minetime manch and	(0.076, 0.376)	(0.076, 0.376)
Reported <u>nicotine pouch</u> use N*	5.5	
IN**	55	55
Every day (%)	7 (12.7%)	21 (38.2%)
	(05.3%, 24.5%) 17 (30.9%)	(25.4%, 52.3%) 4 (7.3%)
Some days (%)	(19.1%, 44.8%)	(2.0%, 17.6%)
	31 (56.4%)	30 (54.5%)
Not at all (%)	(42.3%, 69.7%)	(40.6%, 68.0%)
	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Don't Know (%)	(0.0%, 6.5%)	(0.0%, 6.5%)
Reported aids to help stop smo		, , ,
N*	55	55
	1 (1.8%)	6 (10.9%)
Every day (%)	(0.0%, 9.7%)	(4.1%, 22.2%)
G 1 (0/)	1 (1.8%)	2 (3.6%)
Some days (%)	(0.0%, 9.7%)	(0.4%, 12.5%)
NI 4 4 11 (0/)	53 (96.4%)	47 (85.5%)
Not at all (%)	(87.5%, 99.6%)	(73.3%, 93.5%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Don't Know (/0)	(0.0%, 6.5%)	(0.0%, 6.5%)
	ered cigars filled with tobacco use	
N*	55	55
Every day (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Every day (70)	(0.0%, 6.5%)	(0.0%, 6.5%)
Some days (%)	14 (25.5%)	7 (12.7%)
Some days (70)	(14.7%, 39.0%)	(5.3%, 24.5%)
Not at all (%)	41 (74.5%)	48 (87.3%)
1.00 at all (70)	(61.0%, 85.3%)	(75.5%, 94.7%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
V 7	(0.0%, 6.5%)	(0.0%, 6.5%)

Reported pipe tobacco use		
N*	55	55
Every day (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)
Some days (%)	5 (9.1%) (3.0%, 20.0%)	4 (7.3%) (02.0%, 17.6%)
Not at all (%)	50 (90.9%) (80.0%, 97.0%)	51 (92.7%) (82.4%, 98.0%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)
Reported hookah or water pi	pe tobacco use	
N*	55	55
Every day (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)
Some days (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)	2 (3.6%) (0.4%, 12.5%)
Not at all (%)	55 (100.0%) (93.5%, 100.0%)	52 (94.5%) (84.9%, 98.9%)
Don't Know (%)	0 (0.0%) (0.0%, 6.5%)	1 (1.8%) (0.0%, 9.7%)

CI: Confidence Interval

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

At Baseline, TNP use in the past 30 days was asked to those who reported they had ever regularly used the TNP and those who reported "don't know." At follow-up waves, it was asked to everyone.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

6.2.3 CIGARETTE QUITTING BEHAVIOR AT WAVE 4

Among *General* Snus® users who returned for Wave 4 who had smoked cigarettes, 18.1% (n=15) reported that they had completely quit smoking cigarettes in the P30D. Those who had not quit smoking were asked if they were trying to quit smoking. Among those who had not quit smoking, 39.2% (n=20) reported they had made a quit attempt in the P30D. and another 42.6% reported that they were currently making a quit attempt (n=29). Results for the number of respondents that had quit smoking **did not significantly differ** from that at Baseline (p=0.7728), nor were results for the number of respondents making a quit attempt at Wave 4 (p=1.0000). These results are presented in Table 5 below.

Table 5: Cigarette Quitting Behaviors at Wave 4

		General Snus® Users		
	Baseline Results	Baseline Results for Respondents Who Returned for Wave 4	Wave 4 Results	P-value (Baseline vs. Wave 4)
	1655	451	451	
Reported completely	quit smoking cigarettes			
N*	299	63	61	
Yes (%) (95% CI)	49 (16.4%) (12.4% - 21.1%)	11 (17.5%) (9.1%, 29.1%)	10 (16.4%) (8.2%, 28.1%)	0.7728
No (%) (95% CI)	250 (83.6%) (78.9% - 87.6%)	52 (82.5%) (70.9%, 90.9%)	51 (83.6%) (71.9%, 91.8%)	
Reported currently	trying to quit smoking cigar	ettes		
N*	250	52	51	
Yes (%) (95% CI)	110 (44.0%) (37.8% - 50.4%)	25 (48.1%) (34.0%, 62.4%)	20 (39.2%) (25.8%, 53.9%)	1.0000
No (%) (95% CI)	140 (56.0%) (49.6% - 62.2%)	27 (51.9%) (37.6%, 66.0%)	31 (60.8%) (46.1%, 74.2%)	

CI: Confidence Interval

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

Completely quitting smoking was asked only among those who smoked every day or some days in the past 30 days.

Currently trying to quit smoking cigarettes was asked only among those who did not completely quit smoking.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

6.2.4 PERCENT OF DAYS IN THE PAST 30 DAYS THAT GENERAL SNUS® AND CIGARETTES WERE USED AND THE QUANTITY USED ON DAYS USED AT WAVE 4

Among the *General* Snus[®] users who returned for Wave 4, 60.5% (n=273) reported using *General* Snus[®] every day and 26.8% (n=121) reported using *General* Snus[®] on some days. Some day *General* Snus[®] users were asked on how many days out of the P30D that they used the product, while every day *General* Snus[®] users were assumed to have used the product on each of the P30D. Every day and some day users were then asked how many *General* Snus[®] pouches they used on the days that they used the product. These results are presented in <u>Table 6a</u> below.

Some day *General* Snus[®] users reported that they used the product 43.58% of days in the P30D (equating to 13.1 days). The percent of days *General* Snus[®] was used in the P30D among some day *General* Snus[®] users **did not significantly differ** from that reported at Baseline (p=0.8367).

Some day *General* Snus[®] users reported they used, on average, 6.7 pouches on the days they used the product. Every day *General* Snus[®] users reported using a greater number of pouches than did some day users, reporting they used 10.4 pouches each day, on average, within the P30D.

Among the *General* Snus[®] users who returned for Wave 4, 4.7% (n=21) reported smoking cigarettes every day and 8.9% (n=40) reported smoking cigarettes on some days. Some day cigarette smokers were asked on how many days out of the P30D that they smoked, while every day cigarette users were assumed to have smoked on each of the P30D. Every day and some day cigarette smokers were also asked how many cigarettes they used on the days that they smoked. These results are presented in Table 6b below.

Some day cigarette smokers reported that they smoked 22.83% of days in the P30D (equating to 6.8 days). The percent of days smoked in the P30D among some day cigarette smokers **did not** significantly differ from that reported at Baseline (p=0.2146).

Some day cigarette users reported they smoked, on average, 2.9 cigarettes on the days they smoked. Every day cigarette smokers reported smoking a greater number of cigarettes than did some day cigarette smokers, reporting they smoked 9.9 cigarettes each day, on average, within the P30D.

Table 6a: Percent of Days General Snus® Was Used in the Past 30 Days and Quantity of General Snus® Used on Days Used at Wave 4

		General Snus® Users		
	Baseline Results	Baseline Results for Respondents Who Returned for Wave 4	Wave 4 Results	P-value (Baseline vs.
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	Wave 4)
	1655	451	451	
	297	51	121	
Percent of days that <i>General</i> Spine® was used in the P30D**	$49.84\% \pm 27.68\%$	$44.51\% \pm 30.20\%$	$43.58\% \pm 23.70\%$	0.8367
doca in the room	(46.68% - 53.00%)	(36.02% - 53.00%)	(39.32 - 47.85)	
Average number of General	1358	400	273	
Snus® pouches used among every	10.45 ± 6.58	10.07 ± 6.68	10.37 ± 6.02	
day users in the P30D	(10.10 - 10.80)	(9.42 - 10.73)	(9.65 - 11.09)	
Average number of General	297	51	121	
Snus® pouches used among some	5.28 ± 4.63	4.98 ± 3.81	6.68 ± 5.46	
day users in the P30D	(4.75 - 5.80)	(3.91 - 6.05)	(5.70 - 7.66)	

CI: Confidence Interval

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

^{**}Percent of days that General Snus® is used was calculated based on days used in the past 30 days. The question was asked only among some day users. The value 43.58% (Wave 4) is equivalent to use on 13.1 days in the P30D.

Note: Comparisons of average every day and some day use between baseline and Wave 4 can only be performed among individuals who did not switch

between every day and some day use.

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study - Wave 4 Technical Report FINAL – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 04NOV2022

Table 6b: Percent of Days Cigarettes Were Smoked in the Past 30 Days and Quantity of Cigarettes Smoked on Days Smoked at Wave 4

		General Snus® Users		
	Baseline Results	Baseline Results for Respondents Who Returned for Wave 4	Wave 4 Results	P-value (Baseline vs.
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	Wave 4)
	1655	451	451	
	179	39	40	
Percent of days that eigarettes	$31.04\% \pm 27.14\%$	$30.68\% \pm 27.01\%$	$22.83\% \pm 21.57\%$	0.2146
	(27.04% - 35.05%)	(21.93% - 39.44%)	(15.93% - 29.73%)	
Average number of cigarettes	120	24	21	
smoked among every day users in	12.31 ± 7.16	9.88 ± 6.05	9.81 ± 7.84)	
the P30D	(11.01 - 13.60)	(7.32 - 12.43)	(6.24 - 13.38)	
Average number of cigarettes	179	39	40	_
smoked among some day users in	4.81 ± 5.55	2.85 ± 2.10	2.88 ± 1.96	
the P30D	(3.99 - 5.63)	(2.17 - 3.53)	(2.25 - 3.50)	

CI: Confidence Interval

^{*}Number of non-missing responses
Percent of days that cigarettes were smoked was calculated based on days used in the past 30 days. The question was asked only among some day users. The value 22.83% (Wave 4) is equivalent to 6.8 days.

Note: Comparisons of average every day and some day use between baseline and Year 2 can only be performed among individuals who did not switch between every day and some day use.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

6.2.5 CHANGES IN PATTERNS OF USE OF GENERAL SNUS® AND CIGARETTES AT WAVE 4

Respondent patterns of use were measured by determining whether a given product was used every day, some days, or not at all within the P30D. Patterns of use for *General* Snus® and cigarettes were measured in both the baseline and Wave 4 surveys. Baseline and Wave 4 patterns of use for *General* Snus® and cigarettes were compared to understand changes in patterns of use over time and were measured separately among every day and some day users of the respective products at Baseline. Changes in patterns of use from Baseline to Wave 4 are presented in <u>Table 7</u> below.

Among the *General* Snus[®] users who returned for Wave 4, 65.0% (n=260) were every day *General* Snus[®] users at both Baseline and Wave 4, while 22.8% (n=91) had gone from every day use at Baseline to some day use at Wave 4. Others who were every day users at Baseline had quit use of *General* Snus[®] by Wave 4 (11.8%; n=47). Similarly, 58.8% (n=30) of some day *General* Snus[®] users at Baseline remained some day users at Wave 4, while 25.5% (n=13) had gone from some day use at Baseline to every day use at Wave 4. Others who were some day users at Baseline had quit use of *General* Snus[®] by Wave 4 (15.7%; n=8).

Most *General* Snus® users who returned for Wave 4 who had not smoked in the P30D at Baseline had also not smoked at Wave 4 (89.9%; n=160). Half of those who smoked every day at Baseline also smoked every day at Wave 4 (50.0%; n=12), while the other half either became some day smokers (33.3%; n=8) or had quit smoking (16.7%; n=4). Over half of those who were some day smokers at Baseline had quit smoking at Wave 4 (59.0%; n=23).

Table 7: Changes in Patterns of Use of General Snus $^{\otimes}$ and Cigarettes from Baseline to Wave 4

		Patterns of U	Jse of General S	nus® or Cigare	ttes at Wave 4	Total
		Every Day	Some Days	Not at All	Don't Know	200
Patterns of Use for General	Every Day	260 (65.0%)	91 (22.8%)	47 (11.8%)	2 (0.5%)	400 (100.0%)
Snus® at Baseline	Some Days	13 (25.5%)	30 (58.8%)	8 (15.7%)	0 (0.0%)	51 (100.0%)
Total		273 (60.5%)	121 (26.8%)	55 (12.2%)	2 (0.4%)	451 (100.0%)
	Every Day	12 (50.0%)	8 (33.3%)	4 (16.7%)	0 (0.0%)	24 (100.0%)
Patterns of Use for Cigarettes at Baseline	Some Days	4 (10.3%)	12 (30.8%)	23 (59.0%)	0 (0.0%)	39 (100.0%)
	Not at All	3 (1.7%)	15 (8.4%)	160 (89.9%)	0 (0.0%)	178 (100.0%)
Total		19 (7.9%)	35 (14.5%)	187 (77.6%)	0 (0.0%)	241 (100.0%)

6.2.6 INCREMENTAL, SUPPLEMENTAL, OR COMPLETE SUBSTITUTION OF CIGARETTES FOR GENERAL SNUS® AMONG DUAL USERS OF BOTH CIGARETTES AND GENERAL SNUS® AT WAVE 4

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Incremental and supplemental use of cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] and complete substitution of cigarettes for *General* Snus[®] was evaluated among dual users of both cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] at Wave 4. Results were calculated by comparing frequency of use of both cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] at Baseline and subtracting frequency of use of the respective products at Wave 4. Frequency of use was measured by asking respondents the quantity of cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] used on days used. Respondents included in analyses measuring incremental and supplemental use were those that did not switch their pattern of use for either product between Baseline and Wave 4 – meaning, every day users of either cigarettes or *General* Snus[®] at Baseline who also reported every day use at Wave 4 and some day users of either cigarettes or *General* Snus[®] at Baseline who also reported some day use at Wave 4.

Incremental use was defined as using a greater or equal number of cigarettes or *General* Snus[®] at Wave 4 than at Baseline; a difference in frequency of use between baseline to Wave 4 resulting in a value that is positive or equal to zero was considered incremental use. Supplemental use was defined as using fewer cigarettes or *General* Snus[®] at Wave 4 than at Baseline; a difference in frequency of use between baseline to Wave 4 that is negative was considered supplemental use. Complete substitution was defined as fully replacing cigarette use and only using *General* Snus[®] or completely quitting use of both products. Results for incremental and supplemental use for both cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] are presented below in Table 8a and results for complete substitution are presented in Table 8b.

There were no statistically significant changes in use behavior among dual users of cigarettes or *General* Snus® – either incremental or supplemental – at Wave 4 (range in p-values: 0.4144 – 0.6291). Additionally, there were only slight changes in use of either product among these respondents, as the change in magnitude of *General* Snus® pouches used was less than 1.0 pouch on for both every day (n=260) and some day (n=30) *General* Snus® users. and the change in magnitude for cigarettes used was 1.25 cigarettes among every day smokers (n=12) and 0.33 cigarettes among some day smokers (n=12). Results presented in <u>Table 8b</u> for complete substitution of cigarettes for *General* Snus® indicate that 6.0% (n=27) of *General* Snus® users who returned for Wave 4 had completely quit smoking cigarettes since Baseline. Among these respondents, 92.6% (n=25) reported that they exclusively used *General* Snus® to replace cigarettes.

Table 8a: Incremental or Supplemental Use of Cigarettes and *General* Snus® from

Table 8a: Incremental or Supplemental Use of Cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] from Baseline to Wave 4

	Baseline Results for Respondents Who Did Not Change Pattern of Use from Baseline to Wave 4	Wave 4 Results for Respondents Who Did Not Change Pattern of Use from Baseline to Wave 4	Change in Quantity Used from Baseline to Wave 4	P-value (Baseline to
	Mean ± Std Dev	Mean ± Std Dev	Mean ± Std Dev	Wave 4)
	(95%CI)	(95%CI)	(95%CI)	
	N*	N*	N*	
Reported Gener	<u>ral Snus</u> ® Use (Number of Po	uches Used)		
	260	260	260	
Every day	10.15 ± 6.65	10.40 ± 6.05	0.25 ± 4.85	0.4144
	(9.34 - 10.96)	(9.66 - 11.13)	(-0.35 - 0.84)	
	30	30	30	
Some days	4.70 ± 4.40	4.27 ± 3.28	-0.43 ± 4.86	0.6291
	(3.06 - 6.34)	(3.04 - 5.49)	(-2.25 - 1.38)	
Reported Cigar	ette Use (Number of Cigaret	te Smoked)		
	12	12	12	
Every day	10.08 ± 4.66	11.33 ± 6.23	1.25 ± 6.33)	0.5078
	(7.12 - 13.04)	(7.38 - 15.29)	(-2.77, 5.27)	
	12	12	12	
Some days	2.58 ± 1.44	2.92 ± 1.98	0.33 ± 1.67)	0.5035
	(1.67 - 3.50)	(1.66 - 4.17)	(-0.73, 1.39)	

CI: Confidence Interval

Results for average use for some day users is calculated based on the number of days used in the past 30 days. Results for every day users are calculated based on use all 30 days in the past 30 days.

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

Table 8b: Complete Substitution of Cigarettes for General Snus® at Wave 4

	General Snus® Users
	n (%) (95% CI)
	N=451
Respondents quitting cigarettes as of Wave 4	27 (6.0%) (4% - 8.6%)
Respondents completely substituting General Snus® in place of cigarettes as of Wave 4	25 (5.5%) (3.6% - 8.1%)

^{*} Total subjects with non-missing responses

Note: Among n=299 *General* Snus[®] users who were also smoking cigarettes at Baseline, n= 27 (9.0%) reported quitting cigarettes as of Wave 4 and n=25 (8.3%) reported completely substituting *General* Snus[®] in place of cigarettes at Wave 4.

^{**}Percentages were calculated among respondents who returned at Wave 4 (N = 451).

CI: Confidence Interval

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

6.3 WAVE 4 RESULTS FOR SECONDARY OBJECTIVES

6.3.1 PERCEPTIONS OF ABSOLUTE RISK FOR USE OF ONLY GENERAL SNUS® EVERY DAY AND USE OF ONLY CIGARETTES EVERY DAY

All respondents evaluated the absolute risk of developing three diseases—mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer—from use of only *General* Snus® every day or from use of only cigarettes every day. Perceptions of absolute risk were measured using a 5-point scale ranging from 1 ("Very low chance") to 5 ("Very high chance"); "Don't know" was also an available response option. These results are presented in Table 9a below.

General Snus[®] and other snus products contain markedly lower levels of harmful and potentially harmful constituents (HPHCs) compared to traditional smokeless tobacco. Numerous scientific publications have found no associations between use of snus products and development of mouth cancer^{1,2,3} or heart disease^{4,5,6}; this differs from use of traditional smokeless tobacco for which associations with these diseases have been found.

Findings at Wave 4 suggest that some *General* Snus[®] users may be misinformed about the health risks of using the product and may misattribute risks of traditional smokeless tobacco to *General* Snus[®] —about half perceived use of only *General* Snus[®] every day to be associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing mouth cancer (48.6%, n=219) and nearly half perceived use of only *General* Snus[®] every day to be associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing heart disease (44.8%, n=202).

¹ Luo J, Ye W, Zendehdel K, *et al.* **Oral use of Swedish moist snuff (snus) and risk for cancer of the mouth, lung, and pancreas in male construction workers: a retrospective cohort study.** *The Lancet.* **Volume 369 (2007).**

² Smita A, Labani S, Kailash U, *et al.* **Association of smokeless tobacco use and oral cancer: a systematic global review and meta-analysis**. *Nicotine & Tobacco Research*. Volume 21, Issue 9 (2019).

³ Araghi M, Galanti MR, Lundberg M, et al. **No association between moist oral snuff (snus) use and oral cancer: pooled analysis of nine prospective observational studies.** *Scandinavian Journal of Public Health.* Volume 28, Issue 8 (2021).

⁴ Lee P. Summary of the epidemiological evidence relating snus to health: an updated review based on recent publications. *Harm Reduction Journal.* Volume 10, Issue 36 (2013).

⁵ Hansson J, Galanti MR, Hergens MP, et al. **Use of snus and acute myocardial infarction: pooled analysis of eight prospective observational studies**. *European Journal of Epidemiology*. Volume 27 (2012).

⁶ Wennberg P, Eliasson M, Hallmans G, et al. **The risk of myocardial infarction and sudden cardiac death amongst snuff users with or without a previous history of smoking**. Journal of Internal Medicine. Volume 262, Issue 3 (2007).

General Snus® users who returned for Wave 4 (n=451) correctly perceived that use of only General Snus® every day carried lower risks to health than use of only cigarettes every day across the three diseases assessed. This is also evidenced by results for perceived risk of developing lung cancer, as 88.5% (n=399) of respondents at Wave 4 associated use of only General Snus® every day to be associated with a low to very low chance of developing lung cancer, which is also evidenced in scientific literature.⁷

General Snus® products can be marketed in the U.S. with the following modified risk messaging: "Using General Snus® instead of cigarettes puts you at a lower risk of mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stroke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis. 8" Risk perceptions among General Snus® users at Wave 4 provide evidence that respondents understand that General Snus® is a reduced risk tobacco product (compared to cigarettes) but that use of General Snus® is not without risks to health. Findings also provide evidence that respondents can correctly attribute use of only General Snus® to reductions in risk of developing specific diseases stated in the modified risk messaging.

Among *General* Snus[®] users who returned for Wave 4 (n=451), use of only cigarettes every day was perceived to carry much higher risks to health than use of only *General* Snus[®] every day across the three diseases assessed. Large majorities of respondents at Wave 4 perceived use of only cigarettes every day to be associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing each of the three disease states assessed—mouth cancer (78.5%, n=354), heart disease (93.8%, n=423), lung cancer (92.5%, n=417). This suggests these respondents understand that use of cigarettes contributes very high risks to health and to the development of mouth cancer, heart disease, and lung cancer, specifically.

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⁷ Clarke E., Thompson K., Weaver S., *et al.* **Snus: a compelling harm reduction alternative to cigarettes**. *Harm Reduction Journal*. Volume 16, Issue 62 (2019).

⁸ U.S. Food and Drug Administration. **FDA grants first-ever modified risk orders to eight smokeless tobacco products.** Press Release (2019).

 $General~Snus^{\oplus}$ Patterns of Use Study – Wave 4 Technical Report DRAFT – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 04NOV2022

Table 9a: Perceptions of Absolute Risk for Use of Only General Snus® Every Day and Use of Only Cigarettes Every Day

	Use of Only <i>General</i> Snus [®] Any Other Tobacco	of Only General Snus® Every Day Without Using Any Other Tobacco or Nicotine Product	Use of Only Cigarettes Every Day Without U	Use of Only Cigarettes Every Day Without Using Any Other Tobacco or Nicotine Product
	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (9% CI)
	Baseline Results	Wave 4 Results	Baseline Results	Wave 4 Results
Absolute risk of mouth cancer				
*Z	1655	451	1655	451
Very Low Chance (%)	217 (13.1%) (11.5% - 14.8%)	51 (11.3%) (08.5% - 14.6%)	53 (3.2%) (2.4% - 4.2%)	21 (4.7%) (2.9% - 7.0%)
Low Chance (%)	577 (34.9%) (32.6% - 37.2%)	179 (39.7%) (35.1% - 44.4%)	271 (16.4%) (14.6% - 18.2%)	74 (16.4%) (13.1% - 20.2%)
Moderate Chance (%)	573 (34.6%) (32.3% - 37.0%)	160 (35.5%) (31.1% - 40.1%)	674 (40.7%) (38.3% - 43.1%)	174 (38.6%) (34.1% - 43.2%)
High Chance (%)	210 (12.7%) (11.1% - 14.4%)	41 (9.1%) (6.6% - 12.1%)	475 (28.7%) (26.5% - 30.9%)	132 (29.3%) (25.1% - 33.7%)
Very High Chance (%)	64 (3.9%) (3.0% - 4.9%)	18 (4.0%) (2.4% - 06.2%)	165 (10.0%) (8.6% - 11.5%)	48 (10.6%) (8.0% - 13.9%)
Don't know (%)	14 (0.8%) (0.5% - 1.4%)	2 (0.4%) (0.1% - 1.6%)	17 (1.0%) (0.6% - 1.6%)	2 (0.4%) (0.1% - 1.6%)

 $General~Snus^{\oplus}$ Patterns of Use Study – Wave 4 Technical Report DRAFT – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 04NOV2022

Absolute risk of <u>heart disease</u>				
*X	1655	451	1655	451
Very Low Chance (%)	300 (18.1%) (16.3% - 20.1%)	60 (13.3%) (10.3% - 16.8%)	20 (1.2%) (0.7% - 1.9%)	8 (1.8%) (0.8% - 3.5%)
Low Chance (%)	647 (39.1%) (36.7% - 41.5%)	184 (40.8%) (36.2% - 45.5%)	48 (2.9%) (2.1% - 3.8%)	20 (4.4%) (2.7% - 6.8%)
Moderate Chance (%)	564 (34.1%) (31.8% - 36.4%)	171 (37.9%)	374 (22.6%) (20.6% - 24.7%)	116 (25.7%) (21.7% - 30.0%)
High Chance (%)	98 (5.9%) (4.8% - 7.2%)	26 (5.8%) (3.8% - 8.3%)	803 (48.5%) (46.1% - 51.0%)	215 (47.7%) (43.0% - 52.4%)
Very High Chance (%)	13 (0.8%) (0.4% - 1.3%)	5 (1.1%) (0.4% - 2.6%)	390 (23.6%) (21.5% - 25.7%)	92 (20.4%) (16.8% - 24.4%)
Don't know (%)	33 (2.0%) (1.4% - 2.8%)	5 (1.1%) (0.4% - 2.6%)	20 (1.2%) (0.7% - 1.9%)	0 (0.0%)
Absolute risk of <u>lung cancer</u>				
*X	1655	451	1655	451
Very Low Chance (%)	810 (48.9%) (46.5% - 51.4%)	199 (44.1%) (39.5% - 48.8%)	21 (1.3%) (0.8% - 1.9%)	12 (2.7%) (01.4% - 04.6%)
Low Chance (%)	631 (38.1%) (35.8% - 40.5%)	200 (44.3%) (39.7% - 49.1%)	51 (3.1%) (2.3% - 4.0%)	22 (4.9%) (03.1% - 07.3%)
Moderate Chance (%)	169 (10.2%) (8.8% - 11.8%)	41 (9.1%) (6.6% - 12.1%)	238 (14.4%) (12.7% - 16.2%)	69 (15.3%) (12.1% - 19.0%)
High Chance (%)	21 (1.3%) (0.8% - 1.9%)	7 (1.6%) 0.6% - 3.2%)	692 (41.8%) (39.4% - 44.2%)	184 (40.8%) (36.2% - 45.5%)
Very High Chance (%)	7 (0.4%)	3 (0.7%) 0.1% - 1.9%)	644 (38.9%) (36.6% - 41.3%)	164 (36.4%) (31.9% - 41.0%)
Don't know (%)	17 (1.0%) (0.6% - 1.6%)	1 (0.2%) (0.0% - 1.2%)	9 (0.5%) (0.2% - 1.0%)	0 (0.0%)
CI: Confidence Interval *Number of non-missing responses				

Page 36 of 43

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

6.3.2 PERCEPTIONS OF ABSOLUTE RISK FOR USE OF BOTH GENERAL SNUS® AND CIGARETTES EVERY DAY AND NEVER HAVING USED ANY TNP

All respondents evaluated the absolute risk of developing three diseases—mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer—from use of both *General* Snus® and cigarettes every day or from never having used any TNP. Perceptions of absolute risk were measured using a 5-point scale ranging from 1 ("Very low chance") to 5 ("Very high chance"); "Don't know" was also an available response option. These results are presented in Table 9b.

Among *General* Snus® users who returned for Wave 4 (n=451), large majorities of respondents perceived use of both *General* Snus® and cigarettes every day (dual use) to be associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing each of the three disease states assessed—mouth cancer (85.4%, n=385), heart disease (91.6%, n=413), lung cancer (92.5%, n=417). As *General* Snus® is a modified risk tobacco product (MRTP) and carries a modified risk message⁹, this finding provides evidence that respondents do not perceive that supplementing cigarette use with *General* Snus® (dual use) reduces risks for developing diseases from cigarette use—perceived risks associated with dual use of *General* Snus® and cigarettes every day were similar in magnitude to perceived risks associated with use of only cigarettes every day (Table 9a). Thus, these results do not provide evidence of a "halo effect" related to use of *General* Snus®, a concern that has recently been raised by both public health researchers and FDA.¹⁰

Among *General* Snus® users at baseline that returned for Wave 4 (n=451), never having used any TNP was perceived as having minimal risk of developing cancer. Large majorities of respondents at Wave 4 associated never having used any TNP with low or very low chances of developing mouth cancer (89.6%, n=404) and lung cancer (84.9%, n=383). Perceived risk of developing heart disease from never having used any TNP was considerably higher, as more than half of respondents associated never having used any TNP with a moderate to very high chance of developing heart disease (57.2%, n=258).

⁹ The modified risk messaging approved for *General* Snus® states the following: "Using *General* Snus® instead of cigarettes puts you at a lower risk of mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stroke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis." U.S. Food and Drug Administration. **FDA grants first-ever modified risk orders to eight smokeless tobacco products.** Press Release (2019).

¹⁰ Seidenberg AB, Popova L, Ashley DL, et al. Inferences beyond a claim: a typology of potential halo effects related to modified risk tobacco product claims. *Tobacco Control*. Volume 30 (2021).

 $General~Snus^{\oplus}$ Patterns of Use Study – Wave 4 Technical Report DRAFT – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 04NOV2022

Table 9b: Perceptions of Absolute Risk for Use of Both General Snus® and Cigarettes Every Day and Never Having Used Any

	Risk of Using Both Gene Every Day Without Usin	Risk of Using Both General Snus® and Cigarettes Every Day Without Using Any Other Tobacco or Nicotine Product	Risk of Never Having Use Pro	Risk of Never Having Used Any Tobacco or Nicotine Product
	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)
	(9% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
	Baseline Results	Wave 4 Results	Baseline Results	Wave 4 Results
Absolute risk of mouth cancer				
*N	1655	451	1655	451
Very Low Chance (%)	28 (1.7%)	11 (2.4%)	741 (44.8%)	201 (44.6%)
	(1.1% - 2.4%)	(1.2% - 4.3%)	(42.4% - 47.2%)	(39.9% - 49.3%)
Low Chance (%)	169 (10.2%)	53 (11.8%)	653 (39.5%)	203 (45.0%)
	(8.8% - 11.8%)	(8.9% - 15.1%)	(37.1% - 41.9%)	(40.4% - 49.7%)
Moderate Chance (%)	518 (31.3%)	133 (29.5%)	187 (11.3%)	39 (8.6%)
	(29.1% - 33.6%)	(25.3% - 33.9%)	(9.8% - 12.9%)	(6.2% - 11.6%)
High Chance (%)	552 (33.4%)	146 (32.4%)	38 (2.3%)	6 (1.3%)
	(31.1% - 35.7%)	(28.1% - 36.9%)	(1.6% - 3.1%)	(0.5% - 2.9%)
Very High Chance (%)	368 (22.2%)	106 (23.5%)	9 (0.5%)	1 (0.2%)
	(20.3% - 24.3%)	(19.7% - 27.7%)	(0.2% - 1.0%)	(0.0% - 1.2%)
Don't know (%)	20 (1.2%)	2 (0.4%)	27 (1.6%)	1 (0.2%)
	(0.7% - 1.9%)	(0.1% - 1.6%)	(1.1% - 2.4%)	(0.0% - 1.2%)

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

General $Snus^{\oplus}$ Patterns of Use Study-Wave 4 Technical Report DRAFT - Version 1.0 - Issue Date: 04NOV2022

Absolute risk of <u>heart disease</u>				
N*	1655	451	1655	451
Very Low Chance (%)	23 (1.4%)	11 (2.4%)	178 (10.8%)	66 (14.6%)
	(0.9% - 2.1%)	(1.2% - 4.3%)	(9.3% - 12.3%)	(11.5% - 18.2%)
Low Chance (%)	69 (4.2%)	27 (6.0%)	371 (22.4%)	124 (27.5%)
	(3.3% - 5.2%)	(4.0% - 8.6%)	(20.4% - 24.5%)	(23.4% - 31.9%)
Moderate Chance (%)	420 (25.4%)	111 (24.6%)	870 (52.6%)	224 (49.7%)
	(23.3% - 27.5%)	(20.7% - 28.9%)	(50.1% - 55%)	(45.0% - 54.4%)
High Chance (%)	673 (40.7%)	178 (39.5%)	159 (9.6%)	31 (6.9%)
	(38.3% - 43.1%)	(34.9% - 44.1%)	(8.2% - 11.1%)	(4.7% - 9.6%)
Very High Chance (%)	442 (26.7%)	124 (27.5%)	29 (1.8%)	3 (0.7%)
	(24.6% - 28.9%)	(23.4% - 31.9%)	(1.2% - 2.5%)	(0.1% - 1.9%)
Don't know (%)	28 (1.7%) (1.1% - 2.4%)	0 (0.0%)	48 (2.9%) (2.1% - 3.8%)	3 (0.7%) (0.1% - 1.9%)
Absolute risk of lung cancer				
N*	1655	451	1655	451
Very Low Chance (%)	36 (2.2%)	16 (3.5%)	546 (33.0%)	156 (34.6%)
	(1.5% - 3.0%)	(2.0% - 5.7%)	(30.7% - 35.3%)	(30.2% - 39.2%)
Low Chance (%)	65 (3.9%)	18 (4.0%)	739 (44.7%)	227 (50.3%)
	(3.0% - 5.0%)	(2.4% - 6.2%)	(42.2% - 47.1%)	(45.6% - 55.0%)
Moderate Chance (%)	331 (20.0%)	97 (21.5%)	303 (18.3%)	60 (13.3%)
	(18.1% - 22.0%)	(17.8% - 25.6%)	(16.5% - 20.3%)	(10.3% - 16.8%)
High Chance (%)	684 (41.3%)	176 (39.0%)	32 (1.9%)	6 (1.3%)
	(38.9% - 43.7%)	(34.5% - 43.7%)	(1.3% - 2.7%)	(0.5% - 2.9%)
Very High Chance (%)	523 (31.6%) (29.4% - 33.9%)	144 (31.9%) (27.6% - 36.5%)	8 (0.5%) (0.2% - 1.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Don't know (%)	16 (1.0%) (0.6% - 1.6%)	0 (0.0%)	27 (1.6%) (1.1% - 2.4%)	2 (0.4%) (0.1% - 1.6%)
CI: Confidence Interval *Number of non-missing responses				

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

6.3.3 UNDERSTANDING OF THE MODIFIED RISK CLAIM FOR GENERAL SNUS®

Understanding of the modified risk claim for *General* Snus® was assessed among all *General* Snus® users at Baseline who returned for Wave 4 (N=451). Two questions were asked. The first asked respondents to correctly identify the language used in the modified risk claim. Response options included "lower risk," "higher risk," or "the same risk" of developing certain diseases from using *General* Snus® compared to smoking cigarettes. ¹¹

Respondents who correctly answered this question (i.e., endorsed "lower risk") were presented with a second question asking how many cigarettes that can be smoked per day while using *General* Snus® and still benefit from the reduction in risk of developing the diseases stated in the modified risk claim. Response options included "Zero cigarettes," "Up to 5 cigarettes," Up to 20 cigarettes," and "As many as you want to smoke." "Don't know" and "Decline to answer" were also available response options. The correct response option, based on language used in the modified risk claim, is "Zero cigarettes," as the claim states a user must use *General* Snus® *instead of cigarettes*.

Results are presented in <u>Table 10</u> below and are separated between *General* Snus[®] users overall and new *General* Snus[®] users (defined as first using *General* Snus[®] in the 30 days prior to the Baseline survey). Only results for the overall group of *General* Snus[®] users are described here given the small sample size of new *General* Snus[®] users.

Most respondents correctly reported that use of *General* Snus[®] instead of cigarettes presents a lower risk of developing the diseases stated in the modified risk claim (77.8%, n=351). Also, most respondents who correctly responded to the modified risk claim messaging (n=351) then correctly reported that cigarettes could not be smoked (i.e., endorsed "Zero cigarettes") and still benefit from the reduction in risk of developing the diseases stated in the modified risk claim (79.8%, n=280). These findings suggest that *General* Snus[®] users understand that use of *General* Snus[®] instead of cigarettes puts them at a lower risk of developing various tobacco-related diseases and that this reduction in risk is predicated on not smoking cigarettes ("Using *General* Snus[®] instead of cigarette[s]").

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¹¹ Diseases included on the modified risk claim are the following: mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stroke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis.

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study – Wave 4 Technical Report DRAFT – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 04NOV2022

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Table 10: Understanding of the MRTP Claim Related to Reduced Risk Among *General* Snus® Users and New *General* Snus® Users

	General Si	nus® Users	New General	Snus® Users
	n (%) (95% CI) Baseline Results	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)	n (%) (95% CI)
Understanding of the MRTP claim for risl		Wave 4 Results 1 Spus® instead of cigarottes	Baseline Results	Wave 4 Results
N*	1655	451	52	15
Lower risk of developing diseases (%)	1155 (69.8%)	351 (77.8%)	32 (61.5%)	12 (80.0%)
	(67.5% - 72.0%)	(73.7% - 81.6%)	(47.0% - 74.7%)	(51.9% - 95.7%)
The same risk of developing diseases (%)	147 (8.9%)	25 (5.5%)	2 (3.8%)	1 (6.7%)
	(7.6% - 10.4%)	(3.6% - 8.1%)	(0.5% - 13.2%)	(0.2% - 31.9%)
Higher risk of developing diseases (%)	106 (6.4%)	22 (4.9%)	5 (9.6%)	0 (0.0%)
	(5.3% - 7.7%)	(3.1% - 7.3%)	(3.2% - 21.0%)	(0.0% - 21.8%)
None (%)	87 (5.3%)	24 (5.3%)	2 (3.8%)	0 (0.0%)
	(4.2% - 6.4%)	(3.4% - 7.8%)	(0.5% - 13.2%)	(0.0% - 21.8%)
Don't know (%)	156 (9.4%)	27 (6.0%)	11 (21.2%)	2 (13.3%)
	(8.1% - 10.9%)	(4.0% - 8.6%)	(11.1% - 34.7%)	(1.7% - 40.5%)
Decline to answer (%)	4 (0.2%)	2 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0.1% - 0.6%)	(0.1% - 1.6%)	(0.0% - 6.8%)	(0.0% - 21.8%)
Understanding the MRTP claim for numb	er of cigarettes that can be sm	oked in addition to using Gener	ral Snus® to maintain a lower i	risk of diseases**
N*	1155	351	32	12
Zero cigarettes (%)	928 (80.3%)	280 (79.8%)	27 (84.4%)	10 (83.3%)
	(77.9% - 82.6%)	(75.2% - 83.9%)	(67.2% - 94.7%)	(51.6% - 97.9%)
Up to 5 cigarettes (%)	85 (7.4%)	29 (8.3%)	2 (6.2%)	1 (8.3%)
	(5.9% - 9.0%)	(5.6% - 11.7%)	(0.8% - 20.8%)	(0.2% - 38.5%)
Up to 20 cigarettes (%)	32 (2.8%)	10 (2.8%)	1 (3.1%)	0 (0.0%)
	(1.9% - 3.9%)	(1.4% - 5.2%)	(0.1% - 16.2%)	(0.0% - 26.5%)
As many as you want to smoke (%)	17 (1.5%)	3 (0.9%)	1 (3.1%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0.9% - 2.3%)	(0.2% - 2.5%)	(0.1% - 16.2%)	(0.0% - 26.5%)
Don't know (%)	91 (7.9%)	26 (7.4%)	1 (3.1%)	1 (8.3%)
	(6.4% - 9.6%)	(4.9% - 10.7%)	(0.1% - 16.2%)	(0.2% - 38.5%)
Decline to answer (%)	2 (0.2%)	3 (0.9%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0.0% - 0.6%)	(0.2% - 2.5%)	(0.0% - 10.9%)	(0.0% - 26.5%)

CI: Confidence Interval

Swedish Match North America

Page 41 of 43

^{*}Number of non-missing responses

^{**}Number of cigarettes smoked to lower risk of disease was asked only among those who said using *General* Snus® instead of cigarettes puts them at lower risk of diseases.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

7. SUMMARY OF WAVE 4 RESULTS

General Snus® was used in the P30D by 87.3% (n=394) of those returning at Wave 4

■ The pattern of *General* Snus[®] use **significantly differed** from Baseline (p<0.0001) due to the proportion of respondents who had switched from every day to some day use by Wave 4

Every day *General* Snus[®] users used more pouches on days used than some day users (10.4 pouches/day vs. 6.7 pouches/day)

• Some day *General* Snus[®] users reported using the product an average of 13.1 days in the P30D, which **did not significantly differ** from that reported at Baseline (p=0.8367)

Among returning *General* Snus® users at Wave 4, only 13.9% (n=63) reported smoking at Baseline and 13.5% (n=61) reported at Wave 4, which **did not significantly differ** (p=0.6232)

Respondents correctly perceived that cigarette smoking contributed significant risks to health, associating it with moderate to very high chances of developing mouth cancer (78.5%, n=354), heart disease (93.8%, n=423), lung cancer (92.5%, n=417).

- Dual use of General Snus® and cigarettes was generally perceived as being just as risky to health as use of only cigarettes, suggesting that respondents understand that any use of cigarettes is associated with high risks to health
- Use of *General* Snus[®] was perceived as being less risky to health than cigarette smoking but that use of *General* Snus[®] was not without risks to health.

Respondents understood the MRTP claim that using *General* Snus® instead of cigarettes puts users at a lower risk for various diseases compared to cigarette smoking

- 77.8% (n=351) of respondents correctly endorsed that use of *General* Snus® presented less risk to health than cigarette smoking
- Most respondents who correctly endorsed that use of General Snus® presented less risk to health than cigarette smoking understood that no cigarettes can be smoked while using General Snus® to benefit from it being lower risk (79.8%, n=280)
- Results suggest that *General* Snus[®] users are aware of the need to completely substitute cigarettes for *General* Snus[®]

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General Snus® Patterns of Use Study

Longitudinal Technical Report – Final

Swedish Match North America Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

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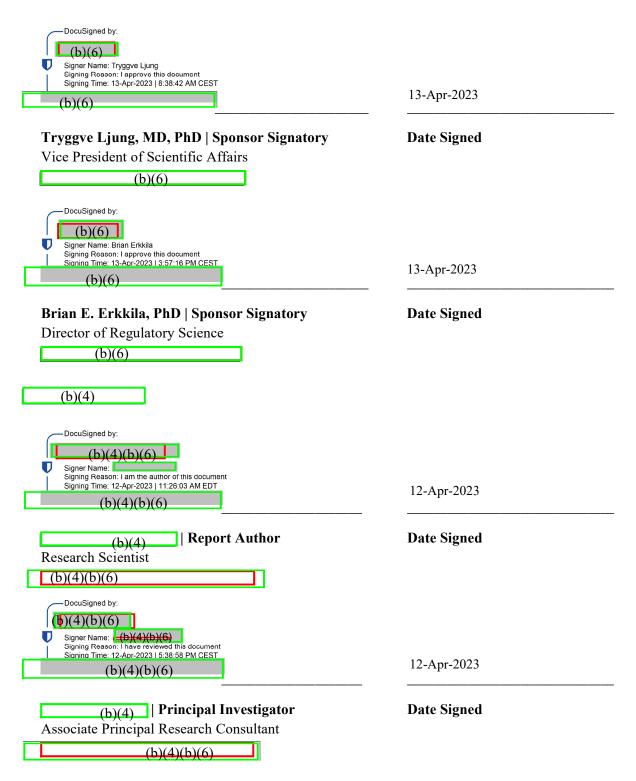
Sponsor	Swedish Match North America (SMNA) Two James Center 1021 East Cary Street, Suite 1600 Richmond, VA 27219	
Vendor	(b)(4)	
Document Version Date Finalized	Version 1.0 10 April 2023	
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SIGNATURES OF RESPONSIBLE PARTIES

SWEDISH MATCH NORTH AMERICA



Swedish Match North America Page 1 of 57

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

STUDY OVERVIEW

The *General* Snus[®] Patterns of Use Study (the study) was conducted to support post-marketing surveillance requirements following marketing and modified risk orders granted for *General* Snus[®] by the Food and Drug Administration (Section 1).

■ The study consisted of **four waves** conducted at Baseline (Wave 1), Month 6 (Wave 2), Year 1 (Wave 3), and Year 2 (Wave 4).

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

- To recruit respondents, cans of *General* Snus® were sold at retail with a sticker directing the purchaser or user to a website where they could opt into participating in the study (<u>Section 3</u>) and, if so, were screened for pre-defined inclusion criteria (<u>Section 3.1</u>), of which past-30-day (P30D) use of any *General* Snus® product(s) and a minimum age of 21 years were key requirements.
- Patterns of tobacco and nicotine product (TNP) use in the P30D, absolute and relative risk perceptions associated with use of *General* Snus® and cigarettes, and understanding of the modified risk claim on *General* Snus® packaging were assessed at each wave of the study (Section 2).

LONGITUDINAL RESULTS AMONG RESPONDENTS COMPLETING ALL WAVES

The results summarized here compare TNP use in the P30D, risk perceptions, and understanding of the modified risk claim reported at Waves 2-4 to that reported at Wave 1 among repondents completing all study waves (Section 6).

Fielding Summary and Respondent Demographic Characteristics

There were 281 respondents who completed all four study waves among the 1,655 respondents at Wave 1, representing a 17.0% full-study retention rate.

Nearly all respondents who completed all four waves were male (93.6%) and White (89.7%), with a mean age of 37 years.

Just over half of all respondents had obtained a Bachelor's degree (36.1%) or a post-graduate degree (15.0%), and about one-third had an annual income of \$100,000 or more (35.9%).

Swedish Match North America Page 2 of 57

Patterns of Tobacco and Nicotine Product Use

Patterns of *General* Snus[®] use at each follow-up wave were **significantly different** than Wave 1.

- The proportion of every day users decreased from 89.0% at Wave 1 to 58.7% at Wave 4, and the proportion of some day users increased from 11.0% at Wave 1 to 27.4% at Wave 4.
- The number of days in the P30D that some day users reported they used *General* Snus[®] did not significantly differ from Wave 1 at any follow-up wave.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

• Every day and some day users reported they used, on average, about 10 and about 6 *General* Snus® pouches/day, respectively, at each follow-up wave, which **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1.

Patterns of <u>cigarette smoking</u> at Waves 3 and 4 **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 among the overall group of respondents who completed all four waves.

There were also **no significant differences** in patterns of cigarette smoking at any follow-up wave among the subset of respondents who had quit use of *General* Snus[®] during the study.

Compared to Wave 1, use of <u>nicotine pouches</u> significantly increased at Waves 3 and 4; use of <u>aids to help stop smoking</u>¹ also significantly increased from Wave 1 at each follow-up wave.

Overall, these results suggest that, while there were fewer *General* Snus[®] users at each follow-up wave, use of *General* Snus[®] was **not replaced with more harmful products**, such as cigarettes.

■ Instead, respondents who quit use of *General* Snus® during the study **transitioned to**potentially lower risk products, such as nicotine pouches and/or aids to help stop smoking.

Swedish Match North America Page 3 of 57

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¹ Aids to help stop smoking asked in the survey were all non-prescription, nicotine-containing commercial products, such as NicoDerm® CQ and Nicorette® Gum or Lozenge.

Risk Perceptions of General Snus® and Cigarette Use

Overall findings suggest that some respondents are **misinformed about risks from using General Snus**® for development of certain diseases.

About half of respondents at each study wave perceived using *General* Snus[®] is associated with a **moderate to very high chance** of developing <u>mouth cancer and heart disease</u>.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

■ However, nearly 90% of respondents at each study wave correctly perceived using *General* Snus® is associated with a **low to very low chance** of developing <u>lung cancer</u>.

At each study wave, respondents correctly perceived cigarette smoking is associated with **significant health risks**, as nearly all reported smoking contributes a **high to very high chance** of developing <u>mouth cancer</u>, <u>lung cancer</u>, and heart disease.

<u>Dual use</u> of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes was perceived to be associated with **about the same health risks as using only cigarettes**, suggesting respondents understand that any amount of cigarette smoking is associated with significant disease risk.

■ This result does not provide evidence of a "halo effect" related to using *General* Snus® products, given they carry a modified risk claim.

Understanding of the General Snus® Modified Risk Tobacco Product Claim

Respondents generally understood the claim that using *General* Snus® instead of smoking cigarettes puts users at a lower risk of developing certain diseases.

- About 80% of respondents at each study wave correctly responded that <u>using General Snus®</u> instead of cigarettes presents a **lower risk** of developing the diseases stated in the modified risk claim.³
- About 85% of those who understood the modified risk messaging also correctly responded that cigarette smokers must switch completely to General Snus® (answered "zero cigarettes") in order to reduce risks of developing certain diseases.

Swedish Match North America Page 4 of 57

² Seidenberg AB, Popova L, Ashley DL, et al. Inferences beyond a claim: a typology of potential halo effects related to modified risk tobacco product claims. *Tobacco Control*. Volume 30 (2021).

³ Diseases included on the modified risk claim are the following: mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stroke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

(b)(4) **PROJECT TEAM**

Project Team Member	Responsibility
(b)(4)	Principal Investigator
Associate Principal Research Consultant	Research Director
(b)(4)	Research Advisor
Research Scientist	Medical Writer
(b)(4)	Statistics Advisor
Biostatistician	Data Analysis
(b)(4)	Statistics Advisor
Senior Biostatistician	Data Analysis
(b)(4)	Document Management
Research Manager	Quality Assurance
(b)(4)	Engagement Services
General Managing Director	Research Operations
(b)(4)	Research Advisor
(b)(4) Consultant	Client Partner

Swedish Match North America Page 5 of 57

DOCUMENT HISTORY

Document Version	Document Status	Version Date	Reason for and Description of Change	Changed By
v0.1	Draft	20JAN2023	Document created	EM
v0.1	Draft	27JAN2023	Edits to text, tables, formatting	EM, CN
v0.1	Draft	30JAN2023	Edits to text and tables; internal review	EM, CF
v0.1	Draft	01FEB2023	Edits to text and general comments	CF, CN
v0.1	Draft	02FEB2023	Internal comments addressed; formatting	EM
v0.1	Draft	03FEB2023	Delivered to client for review	EM
v0.1	Draft	19MAR2023	Feedback received from client	
v0.2	Draft	22MAR2023	Delivered to client for review	EM
v1.0	Final	10APR2023	Document finalized and delivered to client for approval	EM

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Swedish Match North America Page 6 of 57

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SIGNATURES OF RESPONSIBLE PARTIES1	
Swedish Match North America	
(b)(4)1	
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY2	
Study Overview	
Longitudinal Results Among Respondents Completing All Waves	
(b)(4) PROJECT TEAM5	
DOCUMENT HISTORY6	
TABLE OF CONTENTS7	
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS9	
1. BACKGROUND & RATIONALE	
2. STUDY OBJECTIVES10	
2.1 Primary Objectives	
2.2 Secondary Objectives	
3. OVERVIEW OF RESEARCH METHODS	
3.1 Inclusion Criteria	
3.2 Exclusion Criteria	
4. OVERVIEW OF ANALYSIS METHODS	
5. FIELDING SUMMARY ACROSS ALL WAVES15	
5.1 Fielding Summary	
6. LONGITUDINAL RESULTS AMONG RESPONDENTS COMPLETING ALL WAVES16	
6.1 Demographic Characteristics of Respondents Completing All Waves	
6.2 Longitudinal Results for Primary Objectives	
6.2.1 Tobacco and Nicotine Product Use in the Past 30 Days at Each Wave18	
6.2.2 Tobacco and Nicotine Product Use in the Past 30 Days Among Respondents Who Had Quit Use of <i>General</i> Snus® at Each Wave	Jse
6.2.3 Cigarette Quitting Behaviors at Each Wave	

7.3

General Snus[®] Patterns of Use Study – Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

6.2.4	Percent of Days in the Past 30 Days that <i>General</i> Snus® And Cigarettes Were Used and the Quantity Used on Days Used at Each Wave	
6.2.5	Changes in Patterns of Use of General Snus® and Cigarettes From Wave 1 to Wave 4.35	
6.2.6	Incremental, Supplemental, or Complete Substitution of Cigarettes for <i>General</i> Snus [®] Among Dual Users of Both Cigarettes and <i>General</i> Snus [®] at Each Follow-Up Wave37	3
6.3 Lo	ngitudinal Results for Secondary Objectives	
6.3.1	Perceptions of Absolute Risk for Use of Only <i>General</i> Snus® Every Day and Use of Only Cigarettes Every Day at Each Wave	
6.3.2	Perceptions of Absolute Risk for Use of Both <i>General</i> Snus [®] and Cigarettes Every Day and N Having Used Any Tobacco and Nicotine Products at Each Wave	lever
6.3.3	Understanding of the Modified Risk Claim for <i>General</i> Snus®	
7. SUMN	MARY OF LONGITUDINAL RESULTS54	
7.1 Pat	tterns of Tobacco and Nicotine Product Use54	
7.2 Ris	sk Perceptions of General Snus® and Cigarette Use	

Understanding of the General Snus® Modified Risk Tobacco Product Claim......56

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Swedish Match North America Page 8 of 57

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation	Definition
FDA	United States Food & Drug Administration
MRTP	Modified Risk Tobacco Product
MRTPA	Modified Risk Tobacco Product Application
P30D	Past 30 Days
PATH	Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health
PMTA	Premarket Tobacco Product Application
SAP	Statistical Analysis Plan
SMNA	Swedish Match North America
SMU	Swedish Match USA
TNP	Tobacco and Nicotine Product
U.S.	United States

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

1. BACKGROUND & RATIONALE

In November 2015, Swedish Match USA, Inc. (SMU) received market authorization for *General* Snus[®], a moist tobacco product placed under the upper lip that does not involve spitting or chewing. In its first applications reviewed through the MRTP pathway, the FDA deferred final action on providing *General* Snus[®] a MRTP designation, providing guidance on how SMU could amend their application to provide greater support for a modified risk designation. SMU filed its amended MRTPA on 17 September 2018, and the FDA granted the risk modification order on 22 October 2019. The *General* Snus[®] Patterns of Use Study (the study) is for post-marketing surveillance reporting following the granted risk modification order.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

2. STUDY OBJECTIVES

The overarching research questions for the study were the following:

- 1. How do General Snus® users use tobacco and nicotine products (TNP)?
- 2. How do General Snus® users perceive health risks associated with cigarettes and *General* Snus®?

These questions were studied using a self-reported survey examining patterns of past-30-day (P30D) TNP use among *General* Snus[®] users in a Baseline assessment (Wave 1) and again, among the same *General* Snus[®] users, at 6 months (Wave 2), 1 year (Wave 3) and 2 years (Wave 4) after Baseline.

2.1 PRIMARY OBJECTIVES

The primary objectives of the study were the following:

1. Compare patterns of TNP use between all four study waves by examining self-reported TNP use for participants, in aggregate, over time.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

- The study will report on frequency of use of *General* Snus[®] use, as well as other TNP, if multiple TNP use is reported. Of specific interest were patterns of cigarette use.
- Intent to quit and actual quitting of cigarettes was assessed at each wave of the study.
- 2. Among *General* Snus[®] users, compare consumption patterns of cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] in the P30D at Baseline with consumption patterns for both products at Wave 2 through Wave 4.
 - Of specific interest was whether use of *General* Snus® offsets use of cigarettes.
- 3. Characterize *General* Snus® users, especially new *General* Snus® users, in terms of prior TNP use and demographic characteristics and compare these findings to new users of smokeless TNP as reported in the Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health Study.
- 4. Compare the tendencies of *General* Snus[®] users to quit cigarettes or use *General* Snus[®] in an incremental fashion, in a supplemental fashion, or in complete substitution of cigarettes.

2.2 SECONDARY OBJECTIVES

The secondary objectives of the study were the following:

- 1. Assess perceptions of risk of certain health conditions (mouth cancer, heart disease and lung cancer, separately) among *General* Snus® users.
 - Assess the absolute risk attributed to using only *General* Snus[®] daily, smoking only cigarettes daily, dual use of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes daily, and never having used any TNP.
- 2. Assess the extent to which *General* Snus® users, especially new users, understand the risk reduction as described in the modified risk claim

3. OVERVIEW OF RESEARCH METHODS

General Snus® users were recruited directly via invitation stickers placed directly on General Snus® tins. A third-party vendor (News America Marketing) was hired to place the study invitation stickers on product packaging (e.g., each individual General Snus® tin) for all varieties of General Snus® available at retail outlets. This took place from 25 July 2020 to 17 August 2020. The sticker initiative targeted approximately 10,600 retail stores carrying General Snus® across all locations where General Snus® was sold. The sticker presented a website where General Snus® users that were interested in participating could access the Baseline survey through a secure and unique survey link.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

The first set of questions were used to screen potential respondents and were designed to qualify the respondent using the study inclusion and exclusion criteria. Once qualified, respondents were directed to the online survey. Respondents were asked to self-report TNP use within the P30D and various questions related to TNP use, risk perceptions, and understanding of the modified risk messaging for *General* Snus® products.

The study was a longitudinal, prospective assessment consisting of multiple survey waves to gain an understanding of how *General* Snus[®] and other TNP are used by the participating respondents. Respondents completed an initial survey at Baseline (Wave 1) and had the opportunity to participate again at 6 months (Wave 2), 1 year (Wave 3), and 2 years (Wave 4) from Baseline. All respondents at Baseline must have reported use of *General* Snus[®] at least once in the P30D and reported use every day (daily) or on some days (non-daily).

Full details of all research methods and study procedures can be found in the *General* Snus® Patterns of Use Study – Study Protocol.

3.1 INCLUSION CRITERIA

Respondents had to meet each of the following criteria to be included in the study:

1. Have used General Snus® at least once or more within the P30D and use it every day or on some days.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

- 2. Minimum age of 21 years.
- 3. Agree to participate in four surveys over the 2-year (24-month) period.
- 4. Able to read and speak English.
- 5. Currently a resident of the United States.
- 6. Agreeing to provide informed consent and personal contact information.

3.2 EXCLUSION CRITERIA

Respondents who met of the following criteria were excluded from the study:

- 1. Responded "don't know" or "decline to answer" to questions asking their gender and geographic region.
- 2. Unwilling or unable to provide electronic informed consent and personal contact information.
- 3. Employed in any of the following fields or professions: market research, marketing, advertising, TNP manufacturing, or employed as a physician.
- 4. Participated in a consumer research study on TNP in the 2 weeks prior to the Baseline survey.

4. OVERVIEW OF ANALYSIS METHODS

All analyses conducted were either descriptive or inferential. Descriptive analyses provided summary statistics for all variables. These statistics included counts and proportions for categorical variables and means, standard deviations, medians, minimums, and maximums for ordinal and continuous variables. Inferential statistical testing was conducted to evaluate changes in primary and secondary outcome measures (i.e., patterns of use, risk perceptions, understanding of claims) from baseline and each follow-up wave. Results comparing baseline data versus data from each follow-up wave was conducted using paired sample t-tests for continuous variables and McNemar tests or Wilcoxon sum-rank tests (where applicable per sample size restrictions) for categorical variables.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

5. FIELDING SUMMARY ACROSS ALL WAVES

5.1 FIELDING SUMMARY

The fielding summary for number of respondents that entered the survey for each wave of the study, that were terminated, and included in analyses are summarized below in <u>Table 1</u>. The number of respondents completing all study waves was n=281, resulting in a 17.0% full-study retention rate (based on the N=1,655 respondents participating at Wave 1). All n=281 respondents completing all study waves were included in the analyses described in this report.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Table 1: Fielding Summary Across All Waves

Fielding Event	Number of Respondents	Percent of Respondents ¹
Entered Wave 1 Survey	4,581	
Terminated/Excluded from Analyses ²	2,926	
Included in Wave 1 Analyses	1,655	100.0%
Entered Wave 2 Survey	931	56.3%
Terminated/Excluded from Analyses ²	236	14.3%
Included in Wave 2 Analyses	695	42.0%
Entered Wave 3 Survey	728	44.0%
Terminated/Excluded from Analyses ²	142	8.6%
Included in Wave 3 Analyses	586	35.4%
Entered Wave 4 Survey	589	35.6%
Terminated/Excluded from Analyses ²	138	8.3%
Included in Wave 4 Analyses	451	27.3%
Completed All Waves and Included in Analyses ³	281	17.0%

¹ Percent of respondents based on the number included in Wave 1 analyses (N=1,655).

² Terminated/excluded from analyses represents respondents who were terminated from the survey or were not included in analyses. Reasons for termination included the following: failed to meet inclusion criteria or exiting the survey prematurely. Reasons for not being included in analyses included the following: identified as a straightliner, speeder, failed an attention check question, or provided illogical responses based on definitions outlined in the statistical analysis plan (SAP).

³ Represents the full-study retention rate.

6. LONGITUDINAL RESULTS AMONG RESPONDENTS COMPLETING ALL WAVES

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

6.1 DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS OF RESPONDENTS COMPLETING ALL WAVES

Demographic characteristics of *General* Snus® users and the subset of new *General* Snus® users (i.e., respondents who had initiated use of *General* Snus® in the past 30 days [P30D] at Wave 1 [Baseline]) who completed all four study waves are summarized in <u>Table 2</u>. Each demographic characteristic listed in <u>Table 2</u> was assessed at Wave 1. Geographic region, respondent age, marital status, and household income were reassessed at each follow-up wave as they may have changed over the course of the study period – results in <u>Table 2</u> for those characteristics represent responses collected at Wave 4 (Year 2). Only results for the overall group of *General* Snus® users is discussed here given the small sample size of new *General* Snus® users (n=7).

Most respondents who completed all waves lived either in the South (31.7%; n=89) or in the Midwest (31.0%, n=87). Nearly all respondents were male (93.6%, n=263) and White (89.7%, n=252). The mean age of all respondents was 37 years. Over half of respondents were currently married (56.2%, n=158). There was a considerable number of respondents with high household incomes, as 35.9% (n=101) reported that their household earned \$100,000 or more in the past 12 months. Just over half of all respondents had obtained a Bachelor's degree (36.1%, n=101) or a post-graduate degree (15.0%, n=42) as of Wave 1.

Table 2: Demographic Characteristics of Respondents Completing All Waves

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	General Snus® Users	New <i>General</i> Snus® Users*
	N=281	N=7
Geographic Region		
Northeast (%)	39 (13.9%)	0 (0.0%)
Midwest (%)	87 (31.0%)	3 (42.9%)
South (%)	89 (31.7%)	2 (28.6%)
West (%)	66 (23.5%)	2 (28.6%)
Respondent Age		
Mean age (years) + Std Dev	37 <u>+</u> 10	34 <u>+</u> 13
21-24 (%)	21 (7.5%)	2 (28.6%)
25-34 (%)	105 (37.4%)	2 (28.6%)
35-44 (%)	103 (36.7%)	1 (14.3%)
45-54 (%)	35 (12.5%)	1 (14.3%)
55+ (%)	17 (6.0%)	1 (14.3%)
Gender		
Male (%)	263 (93.6%)	4 (57.1%)
Female (%)	18 (6.4%)	3 (42.9%)
Racial or Ethnic Background	•	
Caucasian/White (%)	252 (89.7%)	5 (71.4%)
Black/African American (%)	2 (0.7%)	0 (0.0%)
Hispanic (e.g., Latin American, Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban) (%)	7 (2.5%)	0 (0.0%)
Asian or Pacific Islander (%)	5 (1.8%)	1 (14.3%)
Native American or Alaskan native (%)	3 (1.1%)	0 (0.0%)
Mixed racial background (%)	11 (3.9%)	1 (14.3%)
Other (%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)
Highest Grade or Level of School Completed	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `
Less than high school (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Some high school, no diploma (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
General Educational Development (GED) (%)	13 (4.6%)	1 (14.3%)
High school graduate - diploma (%)	14 (5.0%)	2 (28.6%)
Some college but no degree (%)	72 (25.7%)	2 (28.6%)
Associate degree (%)	38 (13.6%)	0 (0.0%)
Bachelor's degree (e.g., BA, AB, BS) (%)	101 (36.1%)	1 (14.3%)
Post-graduate degree (e.g., MBA, PhD, JD, etc.) (%)	42 (15.0%)	1 (14.3%)
Marital Status	•	
Now married (%)	158 (56.2%)	3 (42.9%)
Widowed (%)	4 (1.4%)	1 (14.3%)
Divorced (%)	25 (8.9%)	0 (0.0%)
Separated (%)	3 (1.1%)	0 (0.0%)
Never married (%)	90 (32.0%)	3 (42.9%)
Decline to answer (%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)
Household Income in the Past 12 Months		
Less than \$24,999 (%)	20 (7.1%)	2 (28.6%)
\$25,000 to \$49,999 (%)	49 (17.4%)	1 (14.3%)
\$50,000 to \$74,999 (%)	51 (18.1%)	1 (14.3%)
\$75,000 to \$99,999 (%)	49 (17.4%)	1 (14.3%)
\$100,000 or more (%)	101 (35.9%)	2 (28.6%)
Don't know (%)	2 (0.7%)	0 (0.0%)
Decline to answer (%)	9 (3.2%)	0 (0.0%)

6.2 LONGITUDINAL RESULTS FOR PRIMARY OBJECTIVES

6.2.1 TOBACCO AND NICOTINE PRODUCT USE IN THE PAST 30 DAYS AT EACH WAVE

Patterns of TNP use in the P30D were assessed at each wave. At Wave 1 (Baseline), TNP use in the P30D was asked to respondents who indicated they had ever regularly used any of eleven categories of TNP in their lifetime, including *General* Snus® products. TNP use in the P30D was asked to all returning respondents for the same eleven categories of TNP at each follow-up wave (Waves 2, 3, and 4). TNP use at each follow-up wave was compared to Wave 1 to understand potential changes in patterns of use over the course of the study. These results are presented in <u>Table 3</u> below.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Patterns of *General* Snus[®] use at each follow-up wave were **significantly different** than Wave 1 among the N=281 respondents who completed all four waves (p<0.001 at Waves 2, 3, and 4). The number of every day *General* Snus[®] users decreased from 89.0% (n=250) at Wave 1 to 58.7% (n=165) at Wave 4. Respondents throughout the study who moved away from every day use mostly switched to some day use versus not using *General* Snus[®] at all (quitting) – the number of some day users increased from 11.0% (n=31) at Wave 1 to 27.4% (n=77) at Wave 4, and 13.2% (n=37) reported they had not used the product at all at Wave 4 (<u>Table 3</u>).

At Wave 1, 13.2% (n=37) of respondents who completed all four waves reported they currently smoked cigarettes, with 6.4% (n=18) smoking every day and 6.8% (n=19) smoking on some days. Patterns of cigarette smoking at Wave 2 **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 (p=0.379). There were slightly more respondents who reported they currently smoked cigarettes at Wave 3 (15.3%, n=43), with fewer every day smokers (3.2%, n=9) and more some day smokers (12.1%, n=34), which was **significantly different** than Wave 1 (p=0.015). Patterns of cigarette smoking at Wave 4 **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 (p=0.179) (Table 3).

Only n=1 additional respondent reported using moist snuff at Wave 2 (28.4%, n=80) than at Wave 1 (28.1%, n=79), but the overall pattern of use was **significantly different** (p=0.046) because the proportion of every day users was higher (Wave 2: 13.5%, n=38 | Wave 1: 10.7%, n=30) and some day users was lower (Wave 2: 14.9%, n=42 | Wave 1: 17.4%, n=49). Patterns of moist snuff use at Wave 3 and Wave 4, however, **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 (p=0.399 and p=0.791, respectively) (Table 3).

Use of nicotine pouches **significantly increased** at Wave 3 (p<0.001) and Wave 4 (p<0.001), as 41.6% (n=117) and 43.8% (n=123) of respondents used nicotine pouches at these waves, respectively, compared to 36.3% (n=102) at Wave 1. Additionally, the number of respondents who reported use of aids to help stop smoking **significantly increased** from Wave 1 at each follow-up wave (p<0.05 at Waves 2, 3, and 4). At Wave 1, 3.2% (n=9) respondents reported using aids to help stop smoking versus 7.2% (n=20), 8.2% (n=23), and 6.4% (n=18) at Waves 2, 3, and 4, respectively (<u>Table 3</u>).

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Overall, these results suggest that while there were fewer *General* Snus® users at each follow-up wave, use of *General* Snus® was not replaced with use of more harmful products, such as cigarettes and traditional smokeless tobacco (i.e., moist snuff and chewing tobacco). Instead, respondents who quit use of *General* Snus® throughout the course of the study transitioned to use of nicotine pouches and/or aids to help stop smoking.⁴

⁴ Aids to help stop smoking asked in the survey were all non-prescription, nicotine-containing commercial products, such as NicoDerm® CQ and Nicorette® products.

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 $General~Snus^{\circledast}$ Patterns of Use Study — Longitudinal Technical Report Final — Version 1.0 — Issue Date: 10APR2023

Table 3: Tobacco and Nicotine Product Use in the Past 30 Days at Each Wave

		Respondents Completing All Waves	eting All Waves	
	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)
	n (%)	u (%)	n (%)	(%) u
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(12 %S6)
Reported <u>cigarette</u> use				
*2	281	281	281	281
D J (9/)	18 (6.4%)	15 (5.3%)	9 (3.2%)	12 (4.3%)
Every day (%)	(3.8% - 9.9%)	(3% - 8.7%)	(1.5% - 6%)	(2.2% - 7.3%)
Some down (%)	19 (6.8%)	28 (10.0%)	34 (12.1%)	28 (10.0%)
Some days (70)	(4.1% - 10.4%)	(6.7% - 14.1%)	(8.5% - 16.5%)	(6.7% - 14.1%)
No+ o+ o11 (0/)	244 (86.8%)	237 (84.3%)	238 (84.7%)	241 (85.8%)
100t at aii (70)	(82.3% - 90.6%)	(79.6% - 88.4%)	(79.9% - 88.7%)	(81.1% - 89.6%)
Don't Langue (00)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
DOHLKIIOW (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
Dooling to anomy (97)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value	1	0.379	0.0148	0.179
Reported e-cigarette use				
×**	281	281	281	281
(%) (100 dos)	18 (6.4%)	13 (4.6%)	13 (4.6%)	14 (5.0%)
Evely day (70)	(3.8% - 9.9%)	(2.5% - 7.8%)	(2.5% - 7.8%)	(2.8% - 8.2%)
(/0)	20 (7.1%)	23 (8.2%)	29 (10.3%)	33 (11.7%)
Some days (70)	(4.4% - 10.8%)	(5.3% - 12%)	(7% - 14.5%)	(8.2% - 16.1%)
Not at all (%)	242 (86.1%)	245 (87.2%)	239 (85.1%)	233 (82.9%)
100 at all (70)	(81.5% - 89.9%)	(82.7% - 90.9%)	(80.3% - 89%)	(78% - 87.1%)
Don't Lagrey (%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)
Doll Lkilów (70)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(%7 - %0)
Decline to constrom (97)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value	1	0.472	0.335	0.129

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

 $General~Snus^{\oplus}$ Patterns of Use Study — Longitudinal Technical Report Final — Version 1.0 — Issue Date: 10APR2023

*2	281	281	281	281
	30 (10.7%)	38 (13.5%)	30 (10.7%)	29 (10.3%)
Every day (%)	(7.3% - 14.9%)	(9.8% - 18.1%)	(7.3% - 14.9%)	(7% - 14.5%)
(%) Samo dorn (9%)	49 (17.4%)	42 (14.9%)	52 (18.5%)	49 (17.4%)
Some days (70)	(13.2% - 22.4%)	(11% - 19.7%)	(14.1% - 23.5%)	(13.2% - 22.4%)
Not at all (0%)	201 (71.5%)	201 (71.5%)	199 (70.8%)	201 (71.5%)
1901 at aii (70)	(65.9% - 76.7%)	(65.9% - 76.7%)	(65.1% - 76.1%)	(65.9% - 76.7%)
Doult leading (9/)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.7%)
DOILL KIIOW (70)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)
Declare 4. contract (0/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value	1	0.046	0.399	0.791
Reported chewing tobacco use				
*Z	281	281	281	281
[]	2 (0.7%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)
Every day (70)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 2%)
(/0)	15 (5.3%)	12 (4.3%)	11 (3.9%)	9 (3.2%)
Some days (%)	(3% - 8.7%)	(2.2% - 7.3%)	(2% - 6.9%)	(1.5% - 6%)
Not at all (9/)	262 (93.2%)	267 (95.0%)	270 (96.1%)	268 (95.4%)
100t at aii (70)	(89.6% - 95.9%)	(91.8% - 97.2%)	(93.1% - 98%)	(92.2% - 97.5%)
Don't Inou; (%)	2 (0.7%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (1.1%)
DOLLUMIOW (70)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0.2% - 3.1%)
Decline to energies (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value	•	0.596	0.092*	0.392
Reported <u>snus</u> use				
*2	281	281	281	281
()()	255 (90.7%)	209 (74.4%)	190 (67.6%)	165 (58.7%)
Every day (70)	(86.7% - 93.9%)	(68.9% - 79.4%)	(61.8% - 73.1%)	(52.7% - 64.5%)
(/0) 5.25 5000 5	26 (9.3%)	53 (18.9%)	60 (21.4%)	77 (27.4%)
Some days (70)	(6.1% - 13.3%)	(14.5% - 23.9%)	(16.7% - 26.6%)	(22.3% - 33%)
Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%)	19 (6.8%)	31 (11.0%)	37 (13.2%)
180t at ail (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(4.1% - 10.4%)	(7.6% - 15.3%)	(9.4% - 17.7%)
(/0)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.7%)
Dont Know (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)
Decline to conserve (9/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
		,		

Swedish Match North America

Page 21 of 57

General Snus $^{\oplus}$ Patterns of Use Study — Longitudinal Technical Report Final — Version 1.0 — Issue Date: 10APR2023

Reported General Snus® pouch use				
*2	281	281	281	281
П.: Дог. (0/)	250 (89.0%)	209 (74.4%)	190 (67.6%)	165 (58.7%)
Every day (70)	(84.7% - 92.4%)	(68.9% - 79.4%)	(61.8% - 73.1%)	(52.7% - 64.5%)
()()	31 (11.0%)	53 (18.9%)	60 (21.4%)	77 (27.4%)
Some days (70)	(7.6% - 15.3%)	(14.5% - 23.9%)	(16.7% - 26.6%)	(22.3% - 33%)
No+ o+ o11 (0/)	0 (0.0%)	19 (6.8%)	31 (11.0%)	37 (13.2%)
100t at all (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(4.1% - 10.4%)	(7.6% - 15.3%)	(9.4% - 17.7%)
Don't League (90)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.7%)
DOILLKIIOW (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)
Dooling to constrom (9/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value		<0.001	< 0.001	<0.001
Reported nicotine pouch use				
N*	281	281	281	281
Dxx. dox. (0/)	22 (7.8%)	29 (10.3%)	38 (13.5%)	55 (19.6%)
Every day (70)	(5% - 11.6%)	(7% - 14.5%)	(9.8% - 18.1%)	(15.1% - 24.7%)
Some davie (%)	80 (28.5%)	72 (25.6%)	79 (28.1%)	68 (24.2%)
Some days (70)	(23.3% - 34.1%)	(20.6% - 31.1%)	(22.9% - 33.8%)	(19.3% - 29.6%)
Not at all (%)	178 (63.3%)	180 (64.1%)	164 (58.4%)	158 (56.2%)
100 at all (70)	(57.4% - 69%)	(58.1% - 69.7%)	(52.4% - 64.2%)	(50.2% - 62.1%)
Don't brow (%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
DOILTAILOW (70)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
Decline to encurer (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value		0.304	<0.001	<0.001
Reported cigars, cigarillos, filtered cig	d cigars filled with tobacco use			
*\	281	281	281	281
History day (06)	3 (1.1%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)	1 (0.4%)
Every day (70)	(0.2% - 3.1%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 2%)
Some davic (%)	62 (22.1%)	51 (18.1%)	60 (21.4%)	53 (18.9%)
Some days (70)	(17.4% - 27.4%)	(13.8% - 23.2%)	(16.7% - 26.6%)	(14.5% - 23.9%)
Not at all (0%)	216 (76.9%)	229 (81.5%)	220 (78.3%)	227 (80.8%)
100t at all (70)	(71.5% - 81.7%)	(76.5% - 85.9%)	(73% - 83%)	(75.7% - 85.2%)
Don't Lucu; (%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0(0.0%)
DOILCRIOW (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
Decline to answer (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value		0.112	0.678	0.332

Page 22 of 57

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study — Longitudinal Technical Report Final — Version 1.0 — Issue Date: 10APR2023

Reported <u>pipe tobacco</u> use				
*Z	281	281	281	281
E 1 (0/)	1 (0.4%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Every day (%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
(0)	15 (5.3%)	13 (4.6%)	10 (3.6%)	12 (4.3%)
Some days (%)	(3% - 8.7%)	(2.5% - 7.8%)	(1.7% - 6.4%)	(2.2% - 7.3%)
NI=4 = 4 = 11 (0/)	265 (94.3%)	267 (95.0%)	271 (96.4%)	269 (95.7%)
100t at all (%)	(90.9% - 96.7%)	(91.8% - 97.2%)	(93.6% - 98.3%)	(92.7% - 97.8%)
D [4]	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Dontknow (%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
D. 1i	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value	-	0.5603	*960.0	0.239*
Reported hookah or water pipe tobacc	bacco use			
*Z	281	281	281	281
[] () () () () () () () () () (0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)
Every day (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)
Some down (9/)	7 (2.5%)	8 (2.8%)	1 (0.4%)	5 (1.8%)
Some days (70)	(1% - 5.1%)	(1.2% - 5.5%)	(0% - 2%)	(0.6% - 4.1%)
Not at all (0/)	274 (97.5%)	272 (96.8%)	278 (98.9%)	275 (97.9%)
100t at all (70)	(94.9% - 99%)	(94% - 98.5%)	(96.9% - 99.8%)	(95.4% - 99.2%)
Don't 120000 (92)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)	1 (0.4%)
DOILL KIIOW (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 2%)
Dooling to angree (96)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value	-	0.437*	0.276*	0.724

Page 23 of 57

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study - Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

Reported aids to help stop smoking use				
*2	281	281	281	281
E	1 (0.4%)	1 (0.4%)	9 (3.2%)	6 (2.1%)
Every day (%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 2%)	(1.5% - 6%)	(0.8% - 4.6%)
(/0) mag 2000 3	8 (2.8%)	19 (6.8%)	14 (5.0%)	12 (4.3%)
Some days (70)	(1.2% - 5.5%)	(4.1% - 10.4%)	(2.8% - 8.2%)	(2.2% - 7.3%)
Nic + c + c 11 (9/)	272 (96.8%)	261 (92.9%)	258 (91.8%)	262 (93.2%)
100t at all (70)	(94% - 98.5%)	(89.2% - 95.6%)	(88% - 94.7%)	(89.6% - 95.9%)
D!+ 1(0/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)
DOILUKIIOW (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 2%)
Decline to control (9/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (70)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value	-	0.044	0.018	0.029*

CI: Confidence Interval.

N*: Number of non-missing responses.

Column percentages are out of the header total presented and do not add up to 100% because responses are only reported among those using the specific TNP. P-Value from McNemar's test of follow-up (Wave 2, 3, or 4) responses versus Wave I (Baseline) responses.

* Wilcoxon rank-sum test of paired values used because McNemar's test was undefined.

Bold p-value indicates statistical significance (p ≤ 0.05).

6.2.2 TOBACCO AND NICOTINE PRODUCT USE IN THE PAST 30 DAYS AMONG RESPONDENTS WHO HAD QUIT USE OF GENERAL SNUS® AT EACH WAVE

TNP use in the P30D is reported in <u>Table 4</u> among respondents that initially used *General* Snus[®] at Wave 1 but had quit use of *General* Snus[®] at a given follow-up wave. Because different numbers of respondents reported not using *General* Snus[®] at each follow-up wave, statistical tests were conducted within-subject to ensure follow-up TNP use was comparable to Wave 1. It should be noted that the same respondent can be represented in one or multiple follow-up waves – for example, respondents who quit use of General Snus[®] at Wave 2 and never re-initiated use are represented in Wave 3 and Wave 4 analyses. Any comparison that had too little variation to be modeled is reported as an undefined p-value.

Patterns of *General* Snus[®] use at each follow-up wave were **significantly different** than Wave 1 because all respondents represented had quit use of the product (p<0.001 at Waves 2, 3, and 4 vs. Wave 1).

There were **no significant differences** in patterns of cigarette smoking among those who had quit use of *General* Snus[®] throughout the course of the study (p>0.05 at Waves 2, 3, and 4 vs. Wave 1). There were also **significantly fewer** respondents who used moist snuff at Wave 3 and Wave 4 than at Wave 1 among those who had quit use of *General* Snus[®] (p=0.024 and p=0.009, respectively).

Patterns of nicotine pouch use were **significantly different** at Wave 4 than at Wave 1 (p=0.002); there were more every day nicotine pouch users at Wave 4 (n=15) than at Wave 1 (n=5), though the total number of respondents using nicotine pouches at both waves was the same (n=16) among these respondents. There were also **significantly more** respondents who used aids to help stop smoking at Wave 4 (n=5) than at Wave 1 (n=0) among those who had quit use of *General* Snus[®] at Wave 4 (p=0.048).

These results suggest that – like the overall cohort of *General* Snus[®] users – those who had quit use of *General* Snus[®] at a given follow-up wave did not replace *General* Snus[®] use with more harmful products, such as cigarettes or traditional smokeless tobacco (i.e., moist snuff and chewing tobacco). Instead, respondents who quit use of *General* Snus[®] throughout the course of the study transitioned to use of nicotine pouches and/or aids to help stop smoking.⁵

Swedish Match North America Page 25 of 57

⁵ Aids to help stop smoking asked in the survey were all non-prescription, nicotine-containing commercial products, such as NicoDerm[®] CQ and Nicorette[®] products.

 $General~Snus^{\circledast}$ Patterns of Use Study — Longitudinal Technical Report Final — Version 1.0 — Issue Date: 10APR2023

Table 4: Tobacco and Nicotine Product Use in the Past 30 Days Among Respondents Who Had Quit use of General Snus® at Each Wave

			Respondents Com	Respondents Completing All Waves		
	Wave 1 vs	vs. Wave 2	Wave 1 vs Wave 3	s Wave 3	Wave 1 v	Wave 1 vs Wave 4
	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 4 (Year 2)
	n (%)	(%) u	(%) u	(%) u	(%) u	n (%)
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
Reported cigarette use						
*N	19	19	31	31	2.5	37
Ex dow. (9/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (3.2%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (2.7%)	2 (5.4%)
Every day (%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0.1% - 16.7%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0.1% - 14.2%)	(0.7% - 18.2%)
(/0) ==== 3	1 (5.3%)	2 (10.5%)	1 (3.2%)	4 (12.9%)	1 (2.7%)	2 (5.4%)
Some days (%)	(0.1% - 26%)	(1.3% - 33.1%)	(0.1% - 16.7%)	(3.6% - 29.8%)	(0.1% - 14.2%)	(0.7% - 18.2%)
Not at all (0/)	18 (94.7%)	17 (89.5%)	29 (93.5%)	27 (87.1%)	35 (94.6%)	33 (89.2%)
Not at all (%)	(74% - 99.9%)	(66.9% - 98.7%)	(78.6% - 99.2%)	(70.2% - 96.4%)	(81.8% - 99.3%)	(74.6% - 97%)
D 14 1 (0/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0(0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Don t know (%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(%5.6 - %0)	(0% - 9.5%)
Doctions of suites	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (70)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
P-Value	-	0.773*	-	0.850*	-	0.345*
Reported e-cigarette use						
N_*	19	19	31	31	2.5	37
Expans doss (96)	2 (10.5%)	2 (10.5%)	2 (6.5%)	2 (6.5%)	1 (2.7%)	1 (2.7%)
Every day (70)	(1.3% - 33.1%)	(1.3% - 33.1%)	(0.8% - 21.4%)	(0.8% - 21.4%)	(0.1% - 14.2%)	(0.1% - 14.2%)
Some dove (%)	2 (10.5%)	2 (10.5%)	2 (6.5%)	2 (6.5%)	1 (2.7%)	3 (8.1%)
Some days (70)	(1.3% - 33.1%)	(1.3% - 33.1%)	(0.8% - 21.4%)	(0.8% - 21.4%)	(0.1% - 14.2%)	(1.7% - 21.9%)
Not at all (%)	15 (78.9%)	15 (78.9%)	27 (87.1%)	27 (87.1%)	35 (94.6%)	33 (89.2%)
100t at all (70)	(54.4% - 93.9%)	(54.4% - 93.9%)	(70.2% - 96.4%)	(70.2% - 96.4%)	(81.8% - 99.3%)	(74.6% - 97%)
Dom't Lagrey (0/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
DOILUMING (70)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
Dooling to charge (97)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decline to answer (70)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
P-Value	•	Undefined		>0.99	•	0.392
		-				

Page 26 of 57

 $General~Snus^{\oplus}$ Patterns of Use Study — Longitudinal Technical Report Final — Version 1.0 — Issue Date: 10APR2023

N* Every day (%) Some days (%) Not at all (%) Don't know (%)	19					
		19	31	31	37	37
	0 (0.0%)	1 (5.3%)	4 (12.9%)	0(0.0%)	5 (13.5%)	1 (2.7%)
	(0% - 17.6%)	(0.1% - 26%)	(3.6% - 29.8%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(4.5% - 28.8%)	(0.1% - 14.2%)
	6 (31.6%)	1 (5.3%)	6 (19.4%)	3 (9.7%)	9 (24.3%)	3 (8.1%)
(0)	(12.6% - 56.6%)	(0.1% - 26%)	(7.5% - 37.5%)	(2% - 25.8%)	(11.8% - 41.2%)	(1.7% - 21.9%)
(0)	13 (68.4%)	17 (89.5%)	21 (67.7%)	28 (90.3%)	23 (62.2%)	33 (89.2%)
	(43.4% - 87.4%)	(%2.86 - %6.99)	(48.6% - 83.3%)	(74.2% - 98%)	(44.8% - 77.5%)	(74.6% - 97%)
	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
Decline to control	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
P-Value		0.374*		0.024*		*600.0
Reported chewing tobacco use						
*2	19	19	31	31	37	37
700	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Every day (%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
(//)	2 (10.5%)	0 (0.0%)	5 (16.1%)	0 (0.0%)	4 (10.8%)	0 (0.0%)
Some days (%)	(1.3% - 33.1%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(5.5% - 33.7%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(3.0% - 25.4%)	(0% - 9.5%)
Not at all (92)	17 (89.5%)	19 (100.0%)	26 (83.9%)	31 (100.0%)	33 (89.2%)	37 (100.0%)
(%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%)	(98.7%)	(82.4% - 100%)	(66.3% - 94.5%)	(88.8% - 100%)	(74.6% - 97.0%)	(90.5% - 100%)
Don't Lacuty (06)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
Decline to ancurar (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
P-Value	ı	0.480	•	0.074	-	0.134
Reported snus use						
N*	19	19	31	31	37	37
Fyery day (%)	12 (63.2%)	0 (0.0%)	24 (77.4%)	0 (0.0%)	32 (86.5%)	0 (0.0%)
	(38.4% - 83.7%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(58.9% - 90.4%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(71.2% - 95.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
Some dave (%)	7 (36.8%)	0(0.0%)	7 (22.6%)	0(0.0%)	5 (13.5%)	0 (0.0%)
	(16.3% - 61.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(9.6% - 41.1%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(4.5% - 28.8%)	(0% - 9.5%)
Not at all (%)	0 (0.0%)	19 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	31 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	37 (100.0%)
	(0% - 17.6%)	(82.4% - 100%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(88.8% - 100%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(90.5% - 100%)
Don't (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
Decline to answer (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
P-Value	1	<0.001*	1	<0.001*		<0.001*

 $General~Snus^{\oplus}$ Patterns of Use Study – Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

19	19 0 (0.0%) (0%- 17.6%) 0 (0.0%) (0%- 17.6%) 19 (100.0%) (82.4%- 100%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) (0%- 17.6%) 0 (0.0%) (0%- 17.6%) (0%- 17.6%) (0%- 17.6%) (0%- 17.6%) (19 4 (21.1%) (6.1%- 45.6%) 3 (15.8%) (3.4%- 39.6%)	31 24 (77.4%) (58.9% - 90.4%) 7 (22.6%) (9.6% - 41.1%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%) 10% - 11.2%)	31 0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%)	32 (86.5%) (71.2% - 95.5%) 5 (13.5%)	37 0 (0.0%)
	0 (0.0%) (0%-17.6%) 0 (0.0%) (0%-17.6%) 19 (100.0%) (0.0%) (0%-17.6%) 0 (0.0%) (0%-17.6%) 0 (0.0%) (0%-17.6%) 4 (21.1%) (6.1%-45.6%) 3 (15.8%) (3.4%-39.6%)	24 (77.4%) (58.9% - 90.4%) 7 (22.6%) 9 (9.6% - 41.1%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 1.1.2%) 0 (0.0%) 31	0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%)	32 (86.5%) (71.2% - 95.5%) 5 (13.5%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0% - 17.6%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 19 (100.0%) (0.0%) (0% - 17.6%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 17.6%) (0% - 17.6%) (0.0%) (0.0	(58.9% - 90.4%) 7 (22.6%) (9.6% - 41.1%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%) 31	(0% - 11.2%)	(71.2% - 95.5%)	
	0 (0.0%) (0%- 17.6%) 19 (100.0%) (82.4%- 100%) 0 (0.0%) (0%- 17.6%) 0 (0.0%) (0%- 17.6%) 	7 (22.6%) (9.6% - 41.1%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%) 	0 (0.0%)	(%) 5 (1) 5	(0% - 9.5%)
	(0% - 17.6%) (19 (100.0%) (82.4% - 100%) (0.00%) (0% - 17.6%) (0% - 17.6%) (0% - 17.6%) (0% - 17.6%) (0% - 17.6%) (19 4 (21.1%) (6.1% - 45.6%) (3.4% - 39.6%)	(9.6% - 41.1%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%)		J (13.270)	0 (0.0%)
	19 (100.0%) (82.4% - 100%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 17.6%) 0 (0% - 17.6%) -0.001* 4 (21.1%) 4 (21.1%) 3 (15.8%) (3.4% - 39.6%)	0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%) 	(0% - 11.2%)	(4.5% - 28.8%)	(0% - 9.5%)
n os	(82.4% - 100%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) c0.001* 19 4 (21.1%) 4 (21.1%) (6.1% - 45.6%) 3 (15.8%) (3.4% - 39.6%)	(0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%)	31 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	37 (100.0%)
n os	0 (0.0%) (0% - 17.6%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 17.6%) <0.001* 19 4 (21.1%) (6.1% - 45.6%) 3 (15.8%) (3.4% - 39.6%)	0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%)	(88.8% - 100%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(90.5% - 100%)
n es	(0% - 17.6%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 17.6%) <0.001* 19 4 (21.1%) (6.1% - 45.6%) 3 (15.8%) (3.4% - 39.6%)	(0% - 11.2%) 0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) -	0(0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
n es	0 (0.0%) (0% - 17.6%) -0.001* 19 4 (21.1%) (6.1% - 45.6%) 3 (15.8%) (3.4% - 39.6%)	0 (0.0%) (0% - 11.2%) -	(0% - 11.2%)	(%5.6 - %0)	(0% - 9.5%)
n es	(0% - 17.6%) <0.001* <0.001* 19 4 (21.1%) (6.1% - 45.6%) 3 (15.8%) (3.4% - 39.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(6.1% - 39.6%) (6.1% - 45.6%) (3.4% - 39.6%)	31	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
n og	19 4 (21.1%) (6.1% - 45.6%) 3 (15.8%) (3.4% - 39.6%)	31	<0.001*	,	< 0.001 *
n es	19 4 (21.1%) (6.1% - 45.6%) 3 (15.8%) (3.4% - 39.6%)	31			
n os	4 (21.1%) (6.1% - 45.6%) 3 (15.8%) (3.4% - 39.6%)		31	37	37
n 03	(6.1% - 45.6%) 3 (15.8%) (3.4% - 39.6%)	2 (6.5%)	8 (25.8%)	5 (13.5%)	15 (40.5%)
n 03	3 (15.8%)	(0.8% - 21.4%)	(11.9% - 44.6%)	(4.5% - 28.8%)	(24.8% - 57.9%)
93	(3.4% - 39.6%)	10 (32.3%)	3 (9.7%)	11 (29.7%)	1 (2.7%)
n 033		(16.7% - 51.4%)	(2% - 25.8%)	(15.9% - 47.0%)	(0.1% - 14.2%)
1 03	12 (63.2%)	19 (61.3%)	20 (64.5%)	21 (56.8%)	21 (56.8%)
Sn oo	(38.4% - 83.7%)	(42.2% - 78.2%)	(45.4% - 80.8%)	(39.5% - 72.9%)	(39.5% - 72.9%)
Sn oo	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Sn oo	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
oco nsc	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
	0.766*	-	0.063	-	0.002
	eco nse				
N* 19	19	31	31	37	37
Extens dox (%) 0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
	2 (10.5%)	2 (6.5%)	7 (22.6%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (8.1%)
(1.3% - 33.1%)	(1.3% - 33.1%)	(0.8% - 21.4%)	(9.6% - 41.1%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(1.7% - 21.9%)
	17 (89.5%)	29 (93.5%)	24 (77.4%)	37 (100%)	34 (91.9%)
(66.9% - 98.7%)	(%2.86 - %6.99)	(78.6% - 99.2%)	(58.9% - 90.4%)	(90.5% - 100%)	(78.1% - 98.3%)
Don't Lucit (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
Decline to answer (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
P-Value	>0.99	-	>0.99	•	0.221

 $General~Snus^{\oplus}$ Patterns of Use Study — Longitudinal Technical Report Final — Version 1.0 — Issue Date: 10APR2023

Reported <u>pipe tobacco</u> use						
*Z	19	61	31	31	37	37
E dov. (0/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Every day (70)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
(/0) 2000 5	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	7 (22.6%)	0 (0.0%)	7 (18.9%)	1 (2.7%)
Some days (%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(9.6% - 41.1%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(8.0% - 35.2%)	(0.1% - 14.2%)
Not of 011 (90)	19 (100.0%)	19 (100.0%)	24 (77.4%)	31 (100.0%)	30 (81.1%)	36 (97.3%)
190t at all (70)	(82.4% - 100%)	(82.4% - 100%)	(58.9% - 90.4%)	(88.8% - 100%)	(64.8% - 92.0%)	(85.8% - 99.9%)
D!+ 1(9/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Don t Know (70)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
D. 21i. 2 4	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (70)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
P-Value	-	Undefined	-	0.480	-	Undefined
Reported hookah or water pipe tobacco use	acco use					
*Z	61	61	31	31	37	37
Erromer doer (0/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Every day (70)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
Some darin (9/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (6.5%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (2.7%)	2 (5.4%)
Some days (70)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0.8% - 21.4%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0.1% - 14.2%)	(0.7% - 18.2%)
Not at all (96)	19 (100.0%)	19 (100.0%)	29 (93.5%)	31 (100.0%)	36 (97.3%)	34 (91.9%)
100t at all (70)	(82.4% - 100%)	(82.4% - 100%)	(78.6% - 99.2%)	(88.8% - 100%)	(85.8% - 99.9%)	(78.1% - 98.3%)
Don't Imon; (%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (2.7%)
Doll (Kilow (/0)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0.1% - 14.2%)	(0.1% - 14.2%)
Dooling to control	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (70)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
P-Value	-	Undefined	•	Undefined	-	0.480

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study - Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

inchalted and to help studying use	se					
*X	19	19	31	31	37	37
T1	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	5 (16.1%)	0 (0.0%)	4 (10.8%)
Every day (%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(5.5% - 33.7%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(3% - 25.4%)
(/0) ====================================	2 (10.5%)	5 (26.3%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (3.2%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (2.7%)
Some days (70)	(1.3% - 33.1%)	(9.1% - 51.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0.1% - 16.7%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0.1% - 14.2%)
No. + 5 + 5 11 (9/)	17 (89.5%)	14 (73.7%)	31 (100.0%)	25 (80.6%)	37 (100.0%)	32 (86.5%)
100t at all (70)	(98.7%)	(48.8% - 90.9%)	(88.8% - 100%)	(62.5% - 92.5%)	(90.5% - 100%)	(71.2% - 95.5%)
December 1.2. (0/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Don t Know (70)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
Dooling 42 contract (0/)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (70)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 17.6%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 11.2%)	(0% - 9.5%)	(0% - 9.5%)
P-Value	-	0.248	-	0.172	-	0.048*

CI: Confidence Interval.

N*: Number of non-missing responses.

Column percentages are out of the header total presented and do not add up to 100% because responses are only reported among those using the specific TNP. P-Value from McNemar's test of follow-up (Wave 2, 3, or 4) responses versus Wave 1 (Baseline) responses.

*Wilcoxon rank-sum test of paired values used because McNemar's test was undefined.

Bold p-value indicates statistical significance (p ≤ 0.05).

6.2.3 CIGARETTE QUITTING BEHAVIORS AT EACH WAVE

Respondents were asked at each wave whether they had smoked cigarettes every day, on some days, or not at all in the P30D. Those who reported they had not smoked in the P30D were then asked whether they had quit smoking in the P30D, while those who reported smoking every day or some days were asked if they were currently trying to quit smoking.

The number of respondents who had quit smoking in the P30D at a given follow-up wave **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 (p>0.99 at Waves 2, 3, and 4 vs. Wave 1). Additionally, the number of respondents who reported they were currently trying to quit smoking at a given follow-up wave **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 (p>0.05 at Wave 2, 3, and 4 vs. Wave 1) (<u>Table 5</u>).

Table 5: Cigarette Quitting Behaviors at Each Wave

		Respondents Con	pleting All Waves	
	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)
Reported comple	etely quit smoking cigarett	es in the P30D		
N*	37	43	43	40
Yes (%)	4 (10.8%)	4 (9.3%)	5 (11.6%)	5 (12.5%)
95% CI	(3% - 25.4%)	(2.6% - 22.1%)	(3.9% - 25.1%)	(4.2% - 26.8%)
No (%)	33 (89.2%)	39 (90.7%)	38 (88.4%)	35 (87.5%)
95% CI	(74.6% - 97%)	(77.9% - 97.4%)	(74.9% - 96.1%)	(73.2% - 95.8%)
P-Value	-	>0.99	>0.99	>0.99
Reported curren	tly trying to quit smoking	cigarettes		
N*	33	39	38	35
Yes (%)	17 (51.5%)	15 (38.5%)	20 (52.6%)	16 (45.7%)
95% CI	(33.5% - 69.2%)	(23.4% - 55.4%)	(35.8% - 69%)	(28.8% - 63.4%)
No (%)	16 (48.5%)	24 (61.5%)	18 (47.4%)	19 (54.3%)
95% CI	(30.8% - 66.5%)	(44.6% - 76.6%)	(31% - 64.2%)	(36.6% - 71.2%)
P-Value	-	0.2888	0.7897	>0.99

CI: Confidence Interval.

N*: Number of non-missing responses.

P-Value from McNemar's test of follow-up (Wave 2, 3, or 4) responses versus Wave 1 (Baseline) responses.

6.2.4 PERCENT OF DAYS IN THE PAST 30 DAYS THAT GENERAL SNUS® AND CIGARETTES WERE USED AND THE QUANTITY USED ON DAYS USED AT EACH WAVE

Respondents who returned for a given follow-up wave were asked whether they used had used *General* Snus[®] every day, on some days, or not at all in the P30D. Some day users were asked how many days they used the product in the P30D. Every day users were assumed to have used the product on all 30 days. Every day and some day users were then asked how many *General* Snus[®] pouches they used on the days they used the product. These results are presented in <u>Table 6a</u> below.

The number of some day *General* Snus[®] users **significantly increased** from Wave 1 at each follow-up wave, ranging from 11.2% (n=31) at Wave 1 to 27.4% (n=77) at Wave 4 (see <u>Section 6.2.1</u>). However, the percentage of days that some day users reported they used the *General* Snus[®] **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 for any follow-up wave (p>0.05 at Wave 2, 3, and 4 vs. Wave 1) (Table 6a).

The number of every day *General* Snus® users **significantly decreased** from Wave 1 at each follow-up wave, ranging from 89.0% (n=250) at Wave 1 to 58.7% (n=165) at Wave 4 (see <u>Section 6.2.1</u>). Every day users reported they used, on average, about 10 pouches/day at each wave. The average number of pouches/day among every day users **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 for any follow-up wave (p>0.05 at Wave 2, 3, and 4 vs. Wave 1). At each wave, some day users reported they used, on average, fewer pouches/day than every day users. The average number of pouches/day among some day users **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 for any follow-up wave (p>0.05 at Wave 2, 3, and 4 vs. Wave 1) (Table 6a).

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study - Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

Table 6a: Percent of Days General Snus® Was Used in the Past 30 Days and Quantity of General Snus® Used on Days Used at Each Wave

		Respondents Com	Respondents Completing All Waves	
	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)
Percent of days that General Snus® is used				
*Z	31	53	09	77
Mean ± Std Dev	41.5% ± 32.2%	49.6% ± 24.5%	$40.2\% \pm 20.9\%$	41.5% ± 23.9%
(95% CI)	(29.7% - 53.3%)	(42.3% - 56.4%)	(34.8% - 45.6%)	(36.1% - 46.9%)
P-Value	•	0.502	<0.99	0.443
Average number of General Snus® pouches used every day	s used every day			
*Z	250	209	190	165
$Mean \pm Std Dev$	10.1 ± 7.0	6.9 ± 6.9	9.9 ± 6.4	10.4 ± 6.4
(95% CI)	(9.2 - 11.0)	(9.0 - 10.8)	(9.0 - 10.8)	(9.4 - 11.4)
P-Value	•	0.410	0.177	0.958
Average number of General Snus® pouches	s® pouches used on some days			
*Z	31	23	09	<i>LL</i>
$Mean \pm Std Dev$	5.0 ± 2.8	5.8 ± 4.7	6.3 ± 5.5	6.4 ± 4.8
(95% CI)	(4.0 - 6.0)	(4.5 - 7.1)	(4.9 - 7.7)	(5.3 - 7.5)
P-Value	•	0.214	0.371	0.673
Std Dev: Standard Deviation.				

Std Dev: Standard Deviation.

CI: Confidence Interval.

N*: Number of non-missing responses.

Average number of pouches used every day and on some days is taken as the average number of pouches used on days with non-missing data in the P30D.

P-Value from paired T-test of means.

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study - Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

Table 6b: Percent of Days Cigarettes Were Smoked in the Past 30 Days and Quantity of Cigarettes Smoked on Days Smoked at Each Wave

		Respondents Completing All Waves	pleting All Waves	
	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)
Percent of days that cigarettes are smoked				
*Z	19	28	34	28
Mean ± Std Dev	39.1% ± 27.7%	26.1% ± 22.5%	$30.0\% \pm 27.6\%$	$23.1\% \pm 21.5\%$
(95% CI)	(25.8% - 52.5%)	(17.4% - 34.8%)	(20.4% - 39.6%)	(14.8% - 31.4%)
P-Value	ı	0.086	0.176	0.216
Average number of cigarettes smoked every day	day			
*Z	18	15	6	12
$Mean \pm Std Dev$	9.2 ± 6.4	9.9 ± 5.6	10.9 ± 5.7	12.7 ± 8.6
(95% CI)	(6.0 - 12.4)	(6.8 - 13.0)	(6.5 - 15.3)	(7.2 - 18.1)
P-Value	-	0.572	0.585	0.336
Average number of cigarettes smoked on some days	ne days			
*Z	19	28	34	28
$Mean \pm Std Dev$	3.5 ± 2.3	2.2 ± 1.6	3.1 ± 2.6	3.1 ± 2.1
(95% CI)	(2.4 - 4.6)	(1.6 - 2.8)	(2.2 - 4.0)	(2.3 - 3.9)
P-Value		0.443	0.438	>0.99

Std Dev: Standard Deviation.

CI: Confidence Interval.

N*: Number of non-missing responses.

Average number of of cigarettes smoked every day and on some days is taken as the average number of of cigarettes smoked on days with non-missing data in the P30D.

P-Value from paired T-test of means.

6.2.5 CHANGES IN PATTERNS OF USE OF GENERAL SNUS® AND CIGARETTES FROM WAVE 1 TO WAVE 4

Patterns of use for *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes were measured at each wave by asking respondents whether they had used the products every day, some days, or not at all in the P30D. Wave 1 (Baseline) and Wave 4 (Year 2) patterns of use for *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes were compared to understand changes over the course of the study. Changes in patterns of use from Wave 1 to Wave 4 are presented in Table 7 below.

All N=281 respondents – among those who completed all four waves – used *General* Snus® at Wave 1 because using *General* Snus® was an inclusion criterion to participate in the study.⁶ Most respondents who used the product every day at Wave 1 also used the product every day at Wave 4 (56.2%, n=158), while some had switched from every day use to some day use (22.4%, n=63). Others who were every day users at Wave 1 had quit use of *General* Snus® by Wave 4 (11.4%; n=32). Fewer respondents were some day users at both Wave 1 and Wave 4 (5.0%, n=14), while some had switched from some day use to every day use (2.5%, n=7). Some respondents who were some day users at Wave 1 had quit use of *General* Snus® by Wave 4 (1.8%; n=5) (<u>Table 7</u>).

There were n=37 respondents – among those who completed all four waves – who smoked cigarettes at Wave 1.⁷ Most respondents who smoked every day at Wave 1 also smoked every day at Wave 4 (62.2%, n=23), while some had switched from smoking every day to smoking some days (18.9%, n=7). Others who were every day smokers at Wave 1 had quit smoking by Wave 4 (5.4%, n=2). Fewer respondents were some day smokers at both Wave 1 and Wave 4 (8.1%, n=3), while some had switched from smoking some days to smoking every day (5.4%, n=2). No respondents who were some day smokers at Wave 1 had quit smoking by Wave 4 (0.0%, n=0) (<u>Table 7</u>).

Swedish Match North America

⁶ Percentages in this section are calculated based on the N=281 *General* Snus[®] users at Wave 1 (Baseline). There were n=242 respondents – among those who completed all four waves – who used *General* Snus[®] at Wave 4 (Year 2).

⁷ Percentages in this section are calculated based on the n=37 cigarette smokers at Wave 1 (Baseline). There were n=40 respondents – among those who completed all four waves – who smoked cigarettes at Wave 4 (Year 2).

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study – Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

Table 7: Changes in Patterns of Use of General Snus $^{\circledR}$ and Cigarettes from Wave 1 to Wave 4

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

		Patte		eral Snus® or Ciga 4 (Year 2)	rettes	Total
		Every Day	Some Days	Not at All	Don't Know	
Patterns of Use for General Snus®	Every Day	158 (56.2%)	63 (22.4%)	32 (11.4%)	2 (0.7%)	255 (90.7%)
at Wave 1 (Baseline)	Some Days	7 (2.5%)	14 (5.0%)	5 (1.8%)	0 (0.0%)	26 (9.3%)
Total		165 (58.7%)	77 (27.4%)	37 (13.2%)	2 (0.7%)	281 (100.0%)
	Every Day	23 (62.2%)	7 (18.9%)	2 (5.4%)	0 (0.0%)	32 (86.5%)
Patterns of Use for Cigarettes at Wave 1 (Baseline)	Some Days	2 (5.4%)	3 (8.1%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	5 (13.5%)
	Not at All	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (100.0%)
Total		25 (67.6%)	10 (27.0%)	2 (5.4%)	0 (0.0%)	37 (100.0%)

^{*}A change in patterns of use for either *General* Snus® or cigarettes is represented by a given respondent having a different pattern of use at Wave 4 (Year 2) than at Wave 1 (Baseline). For example, a respondent using *General* Snus® every day at Wave 1 and every day at Wave 4 did not change their pattern of use [here, 56.2% (n=158) of respondents who completed all waves used *General* Snus® every day at Wave 1 and Wave 4], but a respondent using *General* Snus® every day at Wave 1 and some days at Wave 4 did change their pattern of use [here, 22.4% (n=63) of respondents who completed all waves used *General* Snus® every day at Wave 1 and some days at Wave 4].

6.2.6 INCREMENTAL, SUPPLEMENTAL, OR COMPLETE SUBSTITUTION OF CIGARETTES FOR GENERAL SNUS® AMONG DUAL USERS OF BOTH CIGARETTES AND GENERAL SNUS® AT EACH FOLLOW-UP WAVE

Incremental and supplemental use of cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] and complete substitution of cigarettes for *General* Snus[®] was evaluated among dual users of both cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] at follow-up. Results were calculated by comparing frequency of use of both cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] at Wave 1 (Baseline) and subtracting frequency of use of the respective products at follow-up. Frequency of use was measured by asking respondents the quantity of cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] used on days used. Respondents included in analyses measuring incremental and supplemental use were those that did not switch their pattern of use for either product between Wave 1 and a given follow-up – meaning, every day users of either cigarettes or *General* Snus[®] at Wave 1 who also reported every day use at follow-up and some day users of either cigarettes or *General* Snus[®] at Wave 1 who also reported some day use at follow-up.

Incremental use was defined as using a greater or equal number of cigarettes or *General* Snus[®] at follow-up than at Wave 1; a difference in frequency of use between Wave 1 and follow-up resulting in a value that is positive or equal to zero was considered incremental use. Supplemental use was defined as using fewer cigarettes or *General* Snus[®] at follow-up than at Wave 1; a difference in frequency of use between Wave 1 and follow-up that is negative was considered supplemental use. Complete substitution was defined as fully replacing cigarette use and only using *General* Snus[®] or completely quitting use of both products. Results for incremental and supplemental use for both cigarettes and *General* Snus[®] are presented below in <u>Table 8a</u> and results for complete substitution are presented in <u>Table 8b</u>.

There were **no significant differences** in use behavior among dual users of cigarettes or *General* Snus® – either incremental or supplemental – at any follow-up wave (p>0.05 at Waves 2, 3, and 4 vs. Wave 1). Additionally, there were only slight changes in use of either product among these respondents, as the change in magnitude of *General* Snus® pouches used from Wave 1 to any follow-up wave was less than 1.0 pouch on for both every day and some day users, while the change in magnitude for cigarettes used was less than 3 cigarettes among every day smokers and less than 1 cigarette among some day smokers.

Results presented in <u>Table 8b</u> for complete substitution of cigarettes for *General* Snus[®] indicate that nearly all respondents who had quit smoking at any follow-up wave reported that they completely substituted cigarette use with *General* Snus[®] products. For example, at Wave 2, n=9 respondents had quit smoking and n=8 of those respondents reported exclusively using *General* Snus[®] instead.

General Snus[®] Patterns of Use Study – Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Table 8a: Incremental or Supplemental Use of Cigarettes and *General* Snus® at Each Follow-Up Wave

		R	espondents Com	pleting All Waves		
	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Change From Wave 1 (Baseline) at Wave 2	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Change From Wave 1 (Baseline) at Wave 3	Wave 4 (Year 2)	Change From Wave 1 (Baseline) at Wave 4
Reported General Snu	s® use					
Every day						
N*	209	201	190	181	165	155
Mean ± Std Dev	9.9 ± 6.3	-0.2 ± 4.2	9.9 ± 6.4	-0.4 ± 4.1	10.4 ± 6.4	0.0 ± 4.5
95% CI	(9.0 - 10.8)	(-0.8 - 0.3)	(9.0 - 10.8)	(-1.0 - 0.2)	(9.4 - 11.4)	(-0.7 - 0.7)
P-value		0.41		0.18		0.96
Some days						
N*	53	16	60	15	77	16
Mean ± Std Dev	5.8 ± 4.7	-0.6 ± 1.9	6.3 ± 5.5	-0.7 ± 2.8	6.4 ± 4.8	0.3 ± 2.3
95% CI	(4.5 - 7.1)	(-1.7 - 0.4)	(4.9 - 7.7)	(-2.2 - 0.9)	(5.3 - 7.5)	(-1.0 - 1.5)
P-value		0.21		0.37		0.67
Reported cigarette use	2					
Every day						
N*	15	11	9	8	12	7
Mean ± Std Dev	9.9 ± 5.6	-0.4 ± 2.1	10.9 ± 5.7	-0.9 ± 4.3	12.7 ± 8.6	3.0 ± 7.6
95% CI	(6.8 - 13.0)	(-1.8 - 1.0)	(6.5 - 15.3)	(-4.5 - 2.7)	(7.2 - 18.1)	(-4.0 - 10.0)
P-value		0.57		0.59		0.34
Some days						
N*	28	10	34	9	28	8
Mean ± Std Dev	2.2 ± 1.6	-0.4 ± 1.6	3.1 ± 2.6	-0.3 ± 1.2	3.1 ± 2.1	0.0 ± 1.4
95% CI	(1.6 - 2.8)	(-1.5 - 0.7)	(2.2 - 4.0)	(-1.3 - 0.6)	(2.3 - 3.9)	(-1.2 - 1.2)
P-value		0.44		0.44		>0.99

Average daily reported TNP use is calculated based on the number of non-missing days over the past 30 days. Std Dev: Standard Deviation.

CI: Confidence Interval.

N*: Number of non-missing responses.

General Snus[®] Patterns of Use Study – Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

Table 8b: Complete Substitution of Cigarettes for $\mathit{General}$ Snus® at Each Follow-Up Wave

	Respondents Completing All Waves
	N*=281
Respondents quitting cigarettes as of W	vave 2 (Month 6)
n (%)	9 (3.2%)
95% CI	(1.5% - 6.0%)
Respondents completely substituting G	eneral Snus® in place of cigarettes at Wave 2 (Month 6)
n (%)	8 (2.8%)
95% CI	(1.2% - 5.5%)
Respondents quitting cigarettes as of W	vave 3 (Year 1)
n (%)	12 (4.3%)
95 % CI	(2.2% - 7.3%)
Respondents completely substituting G	eneral Snus® in place of cigarettes at Wave 3 (Year 1)
n (%)	11 (3.9%)
95% CI	(2.0% - 6.9%)
Respondents quitting cigarettes as of W	/ave 4 (Year 2)
n (%)	14 (5.0%)
95% CI	(2.8% - 8.2%)
Respondents completely substituting G	eneral Snus® in place of cigarettes at Wave 4 (Year 2)
n (%)	13 (4.6%)
95% CI	(2.5% - 7.8%)

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

6.3 LONGITUDINAL RESULTS FOR SECONDARY OBJECTIVES

6.3.1 PERCEPTIONS OF ABSOLUTE RISK FOR USE OF ONLY GENERAL SNUS® EVERY DAY AND USE OF ONLY CIGARETTES EVERY DAY AT EACH WAVE

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

All respondents evaluated the absolute risk of developing three diseases – mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer – from use of only *General* Snus® every day or from use of only cigarettes every day. This assessment was completed for each study wave. Perceptions of absolute risk were measured using a 5-point scale ranging from 1 ("Very low chance") to 5 ("Very high chance"); "Don't know" was also an available response option. These results are presented in Table 9a below.

General Snus[®] and other snus products contain markedly lower levels of harmful and potentially harmful constituents (HPHCs) compared to traditional smokeless tobacco. Numerous scientific publications have found no associations between use of snus products and development of mouth cancer^{8,9,10} or heart disease^{11,12,13}; this differs from use of traditional smokeless tobacco (e.g., moist snuff and chewing tobacco) for which associations with these diseases have been found.

⁸ Luo J, Ye W, Zendehdel K, *et al.* **Oral use of Swedish moist snuff (snus) and risk for cancer of the mouth, lung, and pancreas in male construction workers: a retrospective cohort study.** *The Lancet.* **Volume 369 (2007).**

⁹ Smita A, Labani S, Kailash U, *et al.* **Association of smokeless tobacco use and oral cancer: a systematic global review and meta-analysis**. *Nicotine & Tobacco Research*. Volume 21, Issue 9 (2019).

¹⁰ Araghi M, Galanti MR, Lundberg M, et al. **No association between moist oral snuff (snus) use and oral cancer: pooled analysis of nine prospective observational studies.** *Scandinavian Journal of Public Health.* Volume 28, Issue 8 (2021).

¹¹ Lee P. Summary of the epidemiological evidence relating snus to health: an updated review based on recent publications. *Harm Reduction Journal*. Volume 10, Issue 36 (2013).

¹² Hansson J, Galanti MR, Hergens MP, et al. **Use of snus and acute myocardial infarction: pooled analysis of eight prospective observational studies**. *European Journal of Epidemiology*. Volume 27 (2012).

¹³ Wennberg P, Eliasson M, Hallmans G, et al. **The risk of myocardial infarction and sudden cardiac death amongst snuff users with or without a previous history of smoking**. Journal of Internal Medicine. Volume 262, Issue 3 (2007).

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study – Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

Findings at all four study waves suggest that some *General* Snus[®] users are misinformed about the risk of developing mouth cancer from using the product. Just over half of the respondents who completed all four waves perceived use of *General* Snus[®] every day (and using no other TNP) to be associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing mouth cancer (50.2%, 50.2%, 52.7%, and 51.6% at Waves 1-4, respectively). Perceived risk of developing mouth cancer **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 for any follow-up wave (p>0.05 at Wave 2, 3, and 4 vs. Wave 1).

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Comparatively, respondents correctly perceived smoking cigarettes every day (and using no other TNP) to be associated with a higher risk of mouth cancer than using only *General* Snus® every day – higher proportions of respondents perceived smoking cigarettes every day with a moderate to very high chance of developing mouth cancer (77.2%, 78.6%, 81.9%, and 79.0% at Waves 1-4, respectively). Perceived risk of developing mouth cancer from smoking cigarettes every day **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 for any follow-up wave (p>0.05 at Wave 2, 3, and 4 vs. Wave 1).

Findings at all four study waves also suggest that some *General* Snus[®] users are misinformed about the risk of developing heart disease from using the product. Less than half of the respondents who completed all four waves perceived use of only *General* Snus[®] every day to be associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing heart disease (40.6%, 42.0%, 48.0%, 47.0% at Waves 1 – 4, respectively). Perceived risk of developing heart disease was **significantly higher** than Wave 1 at Wave 3 (p=0.017) and Wave 4 (p=0.019).

Again, respondents correctly perceived smoking cigarettes every day (and using no other TNP) to be associated with a higher risk of developing heart disease than using only *General* Snus[®] every day – nearly all respondents perceived smoking cigarettes every day with a moderate to very high chance of developing heart disease (95.3%, 96.4%, 94.6%, 93.2% at Waves 1 – 4, respectively). Perceived risk of developing heart disease was **significantly lower** than Wave 1 at Wave 4, (p=0.005), but nearly all respondents still perceived cigarette smoking with significant risk of heart disease (93.2%, n=262). Thus, this finding is likely not meaningful.

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study – Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

Most respondents who completed all four waves correctly perceived use of only *General* Snus[®] every day to be associated with a low to very low chance of developing lung cancer (91.1%, 89.7%, 86.8%, 89.7% at Waves 1-4, respectively). The opposite was true for smoking cigarettes every day, as nearly all respondents reported smoking cigarettes was associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing lung cancer (96.8%, 93.2%, 93.9%, 92.2% at Waves 1-4, respectively).

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

General Snus® products can be marketed in the U.S. with the following modified risk messaging: "Using General Snus® instead of cigarettes puts you at a lower risk of mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stroke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis. 15" Risk perceptions among respondents who completed all four waves provide evidence that current and former General Snus® users generally understood the product is reduced risk compared to cigarettes, but that use of General Snus® is not without risks to health. Findings also provide evidence that respondents correctly attribute use of only General Snus® to reductions in risk of developing the specific diseases stated in the modified risk messaging and that cigarette smoking contributes very high risks to health and to the development of mouth cancer, heart disease, and lung cancer.

¹⁴ Clarke E., Thompson K., Weaver S., *et al.* **Snus: a compelling harm reduction alternative to cigarettes**. *Harm Reduction Journal*. Volume 16, Issue 62 (2019).

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¹⁵ U.S. Food and Drug Administration. **FDA grants first-ever modified risk orders to eight smokeless tobacco products.** Press Release (2019).

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study – Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

Table 9a: Perceptions of Absolute Risk for Use of Only General Snus® Every Day and Use of Only Cigarettes Every Day at Each

	Risk to a persor	Risk to a person who uses <i>General</i> Snus® every day but uses no other TNP	us® every day but use	s no other TNP	Risk to a perso	Risk to a person who smokes cigarettes every day but uses no other TNP	ttes every day but use	s no other TNP
		(%) u	%)) u	n (%)	
		(95% CI)	, CI)			%56)	(95% CI)	
	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)
Absolute risk	Absolute risk of <u>mouth cancer</u>							
*2	281	281	281	281	281	281	281	281
Very low	36 (12.8%)	35 (12.5%)	29 (10.3%)	25 (8.9%)	10 (3.6%)	7 (2.5%)	10 (3.6%)	13 (4.6%)
chance (%)	(9.1% - 17.3%)	(8.8% - 16.9%)	(7% - 14.5%)	(5.8% - 12.9%)	(1.7% - 6.4%)	(1% - 5.1%)	(1.7% - 6.4%)	(2.5% - 7.8%)
Low	104 (37.0%)	104 (37.0%)	103 (36.7%)	110 (39.1%)	53 (18.9%)	53 (18.9%)	41 (14.6%)	44 (15.7%)
chance (%)	(31.4% - 42.9%)	(31.4% - 42.9%)	(31% - 42.6%)	(33.4% - 45.1%)	(14.5% - 23.9%)	(14.5% - 23.9%)	(10.7% - 19.3%)	(11.6% - 20.4%)
Moderate	99 (35.2%)	100 (35.6%)	106 (37.7%)	106 (37.7%)	119 (42.3%)	117 (41.6%)	119 (42.3%)	109 (38.8%)
chance (%)	(29.7% - 41.1%)	(30% - 41.5%)	(32% - 43.7%)	(32% - 43.7%)	(36.5% - 48.4%)	(35.8% - 47.6%)	(36.5% - 48.4%)	(33.1% - 44.8%)
High	35 (12.5%)	32 (11.4%)	30 (10.7%)	27 (9.6%)	79 (28.1%)	82 (29.2%)	85 (30.2%)	84 (29.9%)
chance (%)	(8.8% - 16.9%)	(7.9% - 15.7%)	(7.3% - 14.9%)	(6.4% - 13.7%)	(22.9% - 33.8%)	(23.9% - 34.9%)	(24.9% - 36%)	(24.6% - 35.6%)
Very high	7 (2.5%)	9 (3.2%)	12 (4.3%)	12 (4.3%)	19 (6.8%)	22 (7.8%)	26 (9.3%)	29 (10.3%)
chance (%)	(1% - 5.1%)	(1.5% - 6%)	(2.2% - 7.3%)	(2.2% - 7.3%)	(4.1% - 10.4%)	(5% - 11.6%)	(6.1% - 13.3%)	(7% - 14.5%)
Don't know	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)	1 (0.4%)	1 (0.4%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.7%)
(%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)
Decline to	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
answer (%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value	-	0.786*	0.167*	0.241*	1	0.286*	0.234	0.150

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study – Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

	Risk to a person	Risk to a person who uses <i>General</i> Snus® every day but uses no other TNP	us® every day but uso	es no other TNP	Risk to a perso	Risk to a person who smokes cigarettes every day but uses no other TNP	tes every day but use	s no other TNP
		,) u	(%) u			n ()	n (%)	
		%56)	(95% CI)			%56)	(95% CI)	
	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)
Absolute risk	Absolute risk of <u>heart disease</u>							
*2	281	281	281	281	281	281	281	281
Very low	49 (17.4%)	47 (16.7%)	35 (12.5%)	34 (12.1%)	5 (1.8%)	1 (0.4%)	7 (2.5%)	4 (1.4%)
chance (%)	(13.2% - 22.4%)	(12.6% - 21.6%)	(8.8% - 16.9%)	(8.5% - 16.5%)	(0.6% - 4.1%)	(0% - 2%)	(1% - 5.1%)	(0.4% - 3.6%)
Low	116 (41.3%)	115 (40.9%)	109 (38.8%)	113 (40.2%)	7 (2.5%)	9 (3.2%)	7 (2.5%)	15 (5.3%)
chance (%)	(35.5% - 47.3%)	(35.1% - 46.9%)	(33.1% - 44.8%)	(34.4% - 46.2%)	(1% - 5.1%)	(1.5% - 6%)	(1% - 5.1%)	(3% - 8.7%)
Moderate	97 (34.5%)	92 (32.7%)	114 (40.6%)	113 (40.2%)	61 (21.7%)	66 (23.5%)	73 (26.0%)	73 (26.0%)
chance (%)	(29% - 40.4%)	(27.3% - 38.6%)	(34.8% - 46.6%)	(34.4% - 46.2%)	(17% - 27%)	(18.7% - 28.9%)	(21% - 31.5%)	(21% - 31.5%)
High	14 (5.0%)	24 (8.5%)	18 (6.4%)	15 (5.3%)	140 (49.8%)	159 (56.6%)	131 (46.6%)	138 (49.1%)
chance (%)	(2.8% - 8.2%)	(5.5% - 12.4%)	(3.8% - 9.9%)	(3% - 8.7%)	(43.8% - 55.8%)	(50.6% - 62.5%)	(40.7% - 52.6%)	(43.1% - 55.1%)
Very high	3 (1.1%)	2 (0.7%)	3 (1.1%)	4 (1.4%)	67 (23.8%)	46 (16.4%)	62 (22.1%)	51 (18.1%)
chance (%)	(0.2% - 3.1%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0.2% - 3.1%)	(0.4% - 3.6%)	(19% - 29.3%)	(12.2% - 21.2%)	(17.4% - 27.4%)	(13.8% - 23.2%)
Don't know	2 (0.7%)	1 (0.4%)	2 (0.7%)	2 (0.7%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)
(%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0% - 2%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)
Decline to	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
answer (%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value	ı	0.397*	0.017*	0.019*	•	0.231*	0.620	0.005*

 $General~Snus^{\oplus}$ Patterns of Use Study — Longitudinal Technical Report Final — Version 1.0 — Issue Date: 10APR2023

	Risk to a person	Risk to a person who uses $\mathit{General}$ Snus $^{\circledast}$ every day but uses no other TNP	us® every day but use	s no other TNP	Risk to a perso	n who smokes cigaret	Risk to a person who smokes cigarettes every day but uses no other TNP	s no other TNP
		(%) u	(%)) u	(%) u	
		(95% CI)	; CI)			626)	(95% CI)	
	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)
Absolute risk of <u>lung cancer</u>	f lung cancer							
*2	281	281	281	281	281	281	281	281
Very low	146 (52.0%)	131 (46.6%)	125 (44.5%)	125 (44.5%)	4 (1.4%)	5 (1.8%)	8 (2.8%)	8 (2.8%)
chance (%)	(45.9% - 57.9%)	(40.7% - 52.6%)	(38.6% - 50.5%)	(38.6% - 50.5%)	(0.4% - 3.6%)	(0.6% - 4.1%)	(1.2% - 5.5%)	(1.2% - 5.5%)
Low	110 (39.1%)	121 (43.1%)	119 (42.3%)	127 (45.2%)	5 (1.8%)	13 (4.6%)	9 (3.2%)	14 (5.0%)
chance (%)	(33.4% - 45.1%)	(37.2% - 49.1%)	(36.5% - 48.4%)	(39.3% - 51.2%)	(0.6% - 4.1%)	(2.5% - 7.8%)	(1.5% - 6%)	(2.8% - 8.2%)
Moderate	20 (7.1%)	25 (8.9%)	30 (10.7%)	24 (8.5%)	42 (14.9%)	46 (16.4%)	41 (14.6%)	36 (12.8%)
chance (%)	(4.4% - 10.8%)	(5.8% - 12.9%)	(7.3% - 14.9%)	(5.5% - 12.4%)	(11% - 19.7%)	(12.2% - 21.2%)	(10.7% - 19.3%)	(9.1% - 17.3%)
High	4 (1.4%)	4 (1.4%)	3 (1.1%)	3 (1.1%)	121 (43.1%)	115 (40.9%)	126 (44.8%)	123 (43.8%)
chance (%)	(0.4% - 3.6%)	(0.4% - 3.6%)	(0.2% - 3.1%)	(0.2% - 3.1%)	(37.2% - 49.1%)	(35.1% - 46.9%)	(38.9% - 50.9%)	(37.9% - 49.8%)
Very high	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (1.1%)	2 (0.7%)	109 (38.8%)	101 (35.9%)	97 (34.5%)	100 (35.6%)
chance (%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0.2% - 3.1%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(33.1% - 44.8%)	(30.3% - 41.9%)	(29% - 40.4%)	(30% - 41.5%)
Don't know	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
(%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
Decline to	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
answer (%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value	1	0.128	0.014*	0.053*	1	0.085*	0.101*	*0.070

6.3.2 PERCEPTIONS OF ABSOLUTE RISK FOR USE OF BOTH GENERAL SNUS® AND CIGARETTES EVERY DAY AND NEVER HAVING USED ANY TOBACCO AND NICOTINE PRODUCTS AT EACH WAVE

All respondents evaluated the absolute risk of developing three diseases—mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer—from use of both *General* Snus® and cigarettes every day or from never having used any TNP. Perceptions of absolute risk were measured using a 5-point scale ranging from 1 ("Very low chance") to 5 ("Very high chance"); "Don't know" was also an available response option. These results are presented in <u>Table 9b</u>.

Findings at all four study waves suggest that *General* Snus® users correctly understand that any cigarette smoking – regardless of whether the tobacco users also uses *General* Snus® – is of significant risks to health. High proportions of the respondents who completed all four waves perceived use of both cigarettes and *General* Snus® every day to be associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing mouth cancer (86.5%, 87.5%, 86.1%, and 86.5% at Waves 1 – 4, respectively). Perceived risk of developing mouth cancer **significantly higher** from Wave 1 at Wave 4 (p=0.042), but not at Wave 2 and Wave 3. Though the same proportion of respondents reported moderate to very high chances of developing mouth cancer at Wave 1 and Wave 4, the number reporting high and very high chances was higher at Wave 4 than at Wave 1.

Comparatively, respondents correctly perceived using no TNP at all to be associated with a lower risk of mouth cancer than using cigarettes or *General* Snus[®] alone or in combination – high proportions of respondents perceived using no TNP at all with low or very low chances of developing mouth cancer (87.2%, 87.9%, 87.2%, and 91.1% at Waves 1 – 4, respectively). Perceived risk of developing mouth cancer from using no TNP at all **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 for any follow-up wave (p>0.05 at Wave 2, 3, and 4 vs. Wave 1).

Findings at all four study waves also suggest that General Snus® users correctly understand that any cigarette smoking – regardless of whether the tobacco users also uses General Snus® – is of significant risk to developing heart disease. Nearly all respondents who completed all four waves perceived use of both cigarettes and General Snus® every day to be associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing heart disease (94.0%, 95.0%, 94.0%, 92.5% at Waves 1 – 4, respectively). Perceived risk of developing heart disease **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 at any follow-up wave (p>0.05 at Waves 2, 3, and 4 vs. Wave 1).

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study – Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

Respondents perceived using no TNP at all to be associated with a lower risk of developing heart disease than using cigarettes or *General* Snus[®] alone or in combination, but that using no TNP at all was still associated with significant risk of developing heart disease – over half of respondents perceived using no TNP at all with a moderate to very high chance of developing heart disease (67.6%, 64.8%, 59.7%, 54.1% at Waves 1-4, respectively). Perceived risk of developing heart disease was **significantly lower** than Wave 1 at Wave 3 (p=0.003) and Wave 4 (p<0.001).

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

Nearly all respondents who completed all four waves correctly perceived use of both cigarettes and *General* Snus® every day to be associated with a moderate to very high chance of developing lung cancer (93.6%, 94.7%, 94.3%, 93.6% at Waves 1 – 4, respectively). The opposite was true for using no TNP at all, as high proportions of respondents perceived using no TNP at all with a low to very low chance of developing lung cancer (78.6%, 80.4%, 85.4%, 86.8% at Waves 1 – 4, respectively). Perceived risk of developing lung cancer from using no TNP at all was **significantly lower** than Wave 1 at Wave 3 (p=0.26) and Wave 4 (p=0.013).

As *General* Snus[®] is a modified risk tobacco product (MRTP) and carries a modified risk message¹⁷, this finding provides evidence that respondents do not perceive that supplementing cigarette use with *General* Snus[®] (dual use) reduces risks for developing diseases from cigarette use – perceived risks associated with dual use of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes every day were similar in magnitude to perceived risks associated with use of only cigarettes every day (<u>Table 9a</u>). Thus, these results do not provide evidence of a "halo effect" related to use of *General* Snus[®], a concern that has recently been raised by both public health researchers and FDA.¹⁸

Swedish Match North America Page 47 of 57

¹⁶ Clarke E., Thompson K., Weaver S., *et al.* **Snus: a compelling harm reduction alternative to cigarettes**. *Harm Reduction Journal*. Volume 16, Issue 62 (2019).

¹⁷ The modified risk messaging approved for *General* Snus® states the following: "Using *General* Snus® instead of cigarettes puts you at a lower risk of mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stroke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis." U.S. Food and Drug Administration. **FDA grants first-ever modified risk orders to eight smokeless tobacco products.** Press Release (2019).

¹⁸ Seidenberg AB, Popova L, Ashley DL, et al. Inferences beyond a claim: a typology of potential halo effects related to modified risk tobacco product claims. *Tobacco Control*. Volume 30 (2021).

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study - Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

Table 9b: Perceptions of Absolute Risk for Use of Both General Snus® and Cigarettes Every Day and Never Having Used Any Tobacco and Nicotine Products at Each Wave

	Risk to a person w	Risk to a person who uses dual <i>General</i> Snus [®] and but uses no other TN	ual <i>General</i> Snus [®] and smokes cigarettes every day but uses no other TNP	garettes every day	Ris	Risk to a person who has never used any TNP	s never used any TN	Ь
) u	n (%)			(%) u	(9)	
		%56)	(95% CI)			(95% CI)	CI)	
	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)
Absolute risk	Absolute risk of mouth cancer							
*X	281	281	281	281	281	281	281	281
Very low	5 (1.8%)	8 (2.8%)	7 (2.5%)	6 (2.1%)	132 (47.0%)	121 (43.1%)	129 (45.9%)	127 (45.2%)
chance (%)	(0.6% - 4.1%)	(1.2% - 5.5%)	(1% - 5.1%)	(0.8% - 4.6%)	(41% - 53%)	(37.2% - 49.1%)	(40% - 51.9%)	(39.3% - 51.2%)
Low chance	33 (11.7%)	27 (9.6%)	32 (11.4%)	30 (10.7%)	113 (40.2%)	126 (44.8%)	116 (41.3%)	129 (45.9%)
(%)	(8.2% - 16.1%)	(6.4% - 13.7%)	(7.9% - 15.7%)	(7.3% - 14.9%)	(34.4% - 46.2%)	(38.9% - 50.9%)	(35.5% - 47.3%)	(40% - 51.9%)
Moderate	100 (35.6%)	93 (33.1%)	98 (34.9%)	80 (28.5%)	26 (9.3%)	27 (9.6%)	30 (10.7%)	20 (7.1%)
chance (%)	(30% - 41.5%)	(27.6% - 38.9%)	(29.3% - 40.8%)	(23.3% - 34.1%)	(6.1% - 13.3%)	(6.4% - 13.7%)	(7.3% - 14.9%)	(4.4% - 10.8%)
High chance	81 (28.8%)	94 (33.5%)	80 (28.5%)	96 (34.2%)	7 (2.5%)	4 (1.4%)	3 (1.1%)	4 (1.4%)
(%)	(23.6% - 34.5%)	(28% - 39.3%)	(23.3% - 34.1%)	(28.6% - 40%)	(1% - 5.1%)	(0.4% - 3.6%)	(0.2% - 3.1%)	(0.4% - 3.6%)
Very high	62 (22.1%)	59 (21.0%)	64 (22.8%)	67 (23.8%)	1 (0.4%)	2 (0.7%)	3 (1.1%)	0 (0.0%)
chance (%)	(17.4% - 27.4%)	(16.4% - 26.2%)	(18% - 28.1%)	(19% - 29.3%)	(0% - 2%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0.2% - 3.1%)	(0% - 1.3%)
Don't know	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.7%)	2 (0.7%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)
(%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 2%)
Decline to	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
answer (%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value	-	0.512	0.933	0.042*	ı	0.524*	0.855*	0.555*

General Snus $^{\oplus}$ Patterns of Use Study — Longitudinal Technical Report Final — Version 1.0 — Issue Date: 10APR2023

	Risk to a person w	Risk to a person who uses dual <i>General</i> Snus [®] and but uses no other TNP	Snus® and smokes ci; other TNP	d smokes cigarettes every day P	Ris	Risk to a person who has never used any TNP	s never used any TN	<u>a</u>
		(%) u	(%)			(%) u	(6	
		(95% CI)	, CI)			(95% CI)	CI)	
	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)
Absolute risk	Absolute risk of <u>heart disease</u>							
*2	281	281	281	281	281	281	281	281
Very low	3 (1.1%)	4 (1.4%)	5 (1.8%)	5 (1.8%)	29 (10.3%)	28 (10.0%)	34 (12.1%)	41 (14.6%)
chance (%)	(0.2% - 3.1%)	(0.4% - 3.6%)	(0.6% - 4.1%)	(0.6% - 4.1%)	(7% - 14.5%)	(6.7% - 14.1%)	(8.5% - 16.5%)	(10.7% - 19.3%)
Low chance	13 (4.6%)	9 (3.2%)	10 (3.6%)	16 (5.7%)	57 (20.3%)	66 (23.5%)	78 (27.8%)	86 (30.6%)
(%)	(2.5% - 7.8%)	(1.5% - 6%)	(1.7% - 6.4%)	(3.3% - 9.1%)	(15.7% - 25.5%)	(18.7% - 28.9%)	(22.6% - 33.4%)	(25.3% - 36.4%)
Moderate	75 (26.7%)	76 (27.0%)	76 (27.0%)	65 (23.1%)	153 (54.4%)	156 (55.5%)	143 (50.9%)	133 (47.3%)
chance (%)	(21.6% - 32.3%)	(21.9% - 32.6%)	(21.9% - 32.6%)	(18.3% - 28.5%)	(48.4% - 60.4%)	(49.5% - 61.4%)	(44.9% - 56.9%)	(41.4% - 53.3%)
High chance	109 (38.8%)	121 (43.1%)	110 (39.1%)	117 (41.6%)	33 (11.7%)	23 (8.2%)	23 (8.2%)	18 (6.4%)
(%)	(33.1% - 44.8%)	(37.2% - 49.1%)	(33.4% - 45.1%)	(35.8% - 47.6%)	(8.2% - 16.1%)	(5.3% - 12%)	(5.3% - 12%)	(3.8% - 9.9%)
Very high	80 (28.5%)	70 (24.9%)	78 (27.8%)	78 (27.8%)	4 (1.4%)	3 (1.1%)	2 (0.7%)	1 (0.4%)
chance (%)	(23.3% - 34.1%)	(20% - 30.4%)	(22.6% - 33.4%)	(22.6% - 33.4%)	(0.4% - 3.6%)	(0.2% - 3.1%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0% - 2%)
Don't know	1 (0.4%)	1 (0.4%)	2 (0.7%)	0 (0.0%)	5 (1.8%)	5 (1.8%)	1 (0.4%)	2 (0.7%)
(%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 2%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0.6% - 4.1%)	(0.6% - 4.1%)	(0% - 2%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)
Decline to	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
answer (%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value		0.464*	0.855	0.692*	ī	0.211*	0.003*	<0.001*

 $General~Snus^{\oplus}$ Patterns of Use Study — Longitudinal Technical Report Final — Version 1.0 — Issue Date: 10APR2023

	Risk to a person w	Risk to a person who uses dual <i>General</i> Snus [®] an but uses no other TN	ual <i>General</i> Snus® and smokes cig but uses no other TNP	d smokes cigarettes every day P	Ris	Risk to a person who has never used any TNP	s never used any TN	Ь
		,) u	n (%)			(%) u	(9)	
		%56)	(95% CI)			(95% CI)	CI)	
	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)
Absolute risk	Absolute risk of <u>lung cancer</u>							
*Z	281	281	281	281	281	281	281	281
Very low	7 (2.5%)	6 (2.1%)	4 (1.4%)	7 (2.5%)	81 (28.8%)	92 (32.7%)	97 (34.5%)	94 (33.5%)
chance (%)	(1% - 5.1%)	(0.8% - 4.6%)	(0.4% - 3.6%)	(1% - 5.1%)	(23.6% - 34.5%)	(27.3% - 38.6%)	(29% - 40.4%)	(28% - 39.3%)
Low chance	10 (3.6%)	9 (3.2%)	12 (4.3%)	11 (3.9%)	140 (49.8%)	134 (47.7%)	143 (50.9%)	150 (53.4%)
(%)	(1.7% - 6.4%)	(1.5% - 6%)	(2.2% - 7.3%)	(2% - 6.9%)	(43.8% - 55.8%)	(41.7% - 53.7%)	(44.9% - 56.9%)	(47.4% - 59.3%)
Moderate	54 (19.2%)	58 (20.6%)	58 (20.6%)	44 (15.7%)	55 (19.6%)	49 (17.4%)	36 (12.8%)	31 (11.0%)
chance (%)	(14.8% - 24.3%)	(16.1% - 25.8%)	(16.1% - 25.8%)	(11.6% - 20.4%)	(15.1% - 24.7%)	(13.2% - 22.4%)	(9.1% - 17.3%)	(7.6% - 15.3%)
High chance	120 (42.7%)	115 (40.9%)	107 (38.1%)	127 (45.2%)	3 (1.1%)	2 (0.7%)	2 (0.7%)	4 (1.4%)
(%)	(36.8% - 48.7%)	(35.1% - 46.9%)	(32.4% - 44%)	(39.3% - 51.2%)	(0.2% - 3.1%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0.4% - 3.6%)
Very high	89 (31.7%)	93 (33.1%)	100 (35.6%)	92 (32.7%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (1.1%)	0 (0.0%)
chance (%)	(26.3% - 37.5%)	(27.6% - 38.9%)	(30% - 41.5%)	(27.3% - 38.6%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0.2% - 3.1%)	(0% - 1.3%)
Don't know	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.7%)	4 (1.4%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.7%)
(%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0.4% - 3.6%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0.1% - 2.5%)
Decline to	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
answer (%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)
P-Value	•	0.556	0.945	0.400	ı	0.189*	0.026*	0.013*

Page 50 of 57

6.3.3 UNDERSTANDING OF THE MODIFIED RISK CLAIM FOR GENERAL SNUS®

Understanding of the modified risk claim for *General* Snus® was assessed at all four study waves. Two questions were asked. The first asked respondents to correctly identify the language used in the modified risk claim. Response options included "lower risk," "higher risk," or "the same risk" of developing certain diseases from using *General* Snus® compared to smoking cigarettes.¹⁹

Respondents who correctly answered this question (i.e., endorsed "lower risk") were presented with a second question asking how many cigarettes that can be smoked per day while using *General* Snus® and still benefit from the reduction in risk of developing the diseases stated in the modified risk claim. Response options included "Zero cigarettes," "Up to 5 cigarettes," Up to 20 cigarettes," and "As many as you want to smoke." "Don't know" and "Decline to answer" were also available response options. The correct response option, based on language used in the modified risk claim, is "Zero cigarettes," as the claim states a user must use *General* Snus® instead of cigarettes.

Results are presented in <u>Table 10</u> below and are separated between *General* Snus[®] users overall and new *General* Snus[®] users (defined as first using *General* Snus[®] in the 30 days prior to the Baseline survey). Only results for the overall group of *General* Snus[®] users are described here given the small sample size of new *General* Snus[®] users.

Most respondents correctly reported that use of *General* Snus[®] instead of cigarettes presents a lower risk of developing the diseases stated in the modified risk claim (77.2%, 72.6%, 79.0%, and 79.4% at Waves 1-4, respectively). Also, most respondents who correctly responded to the modified risk claim messaging then correctly reported that cigarettes could not be smoked (i.e., endorsed "Zero cigarettes") and still benefit from the reduction in risk of developing the diseases stated in the modified risk claim (84.3%, 85.8%, 84.2%, 81.2% at Waves 1-4, respectively).

These findings suggest that respondents understood that use of *General* Snus[®] instead of cigarettes puts them at a lower risk of developing various tobacco-related diseases and that this reduction in risk is predicated on not smoking cigarettes ("Using *General* Snus[®] instead of cigarette[s]").

Swedish Match North America Page 51 of 57

¹⁹ Diseases included on the modified risk claim are the following: mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stroke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis.

General Snus® Patterns of Use Study – Longitudinal Technical Report Final – Version 1.0 – Issue Date: 10APR2023

Table 10: Understanding of the MRTP Claim Related to Reduced Risk Among General Snus® Users and New General Snus® Users at Each Wave

	A	VII Respondents Co	All Respondents Completing All Waves	s	New G	New <i>General</i> Snus® Users¹ Completing All Waves	s ¹ Completing All V	Waves
) u	n (%)			(%) u	(%)	
		656)	(95% CI)			(95% CI)	CI)	
	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)	Wave 1 (Baseline)	Wave 2 (Month 6)	Wave 3 (Year 1)	Wave 4 (Year 2)
Understanding of the MRTP claim for risk of diseases ² from	RTP claim for risk		using General Snus® instead of cigarettes:	instead of cigaret	:sa:			
*X	281	281	281	281	7	7	7	7
Lower risk of	217 (77.2%)	204 (72.6%)	222 (79.0%)	223 (79.4%)	4 (57.1%)	6 (85.7%)	4 (57.1%)	5 (71.4%)
developing diseases (%)	(71.9% - 82%)	(67% - 77.7%)	(73.8% - 83.6%)	(74.2% - 83.9%)	(18.4% - 90.1%)	(42.1% - 99.6%)	(18.4% - 90.1%)	(29% - 96.3%)
The same risk of	21 (7.5%)	28 (10.0%)	17 (6.0%)	16 (5.7%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (28.6%)	1 (14.3%)
developing diseases (%)	(4.7% - 11.2%)	(6.7% - 14.1%)	(3.6% - 9.5%)	(3.3% - 9.1%)	(0% - 41%)	(0% - 41%)	(3.7% - 71%)	(0.4% - 57.9%)
Higher risk of	13 (4.6%)	14 (5.0%)	24 (8.5%)	10 (3.6%)	1 (14.3%)	1 (14.3%)	1 (14.3%)	0 (0.0%)
developing diseases (%)	(2.5% - 7.8%)	(2.8% - 8.2%)	(5.5% - 12.4%)	(1.7% - 6.4%)	(0.4% - 57.9%)	(0.4% - 57.9%)	(0.4% - 57.9%)	(0% - 41%)
(%) Cmc(N	15 (5.3%)	17 (6.0%)	11 (3.9%)	17 (6.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
100HC (70)	(3% - 8.7%)	(3.6% - 9.5%)	(2% - 6.9%)	(3.6% - 9.5%)	(0% - 41%)	(0% - 41%)	(0% - 41%)	(0% - 41%)
Doubt 120 cm (0/)	13 (4.6%)	18 (6.4%)	7 (2.5%)	14 (5.0%)	2 (28.6%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (14.3%)
DOII t KIIOW (70)	(2.5% - 7.8%)	(%6.6 - %8.5)	(1% - 5.1%)	(2.8% - 8.2%)	(3.7% - 71%)	(0% - 41%)	(0% - 41%)	(0.4% - 57.9%)
Dooling to 2000000	2 (0.7%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (70)	(0.1% - 2.5%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 1.3%)	(0% - 2%)	(0% - 41%)	(0% - 41%)	(0% - 41%)	(0% - 41%)
P-Value	1	*672.0	0.292*	0.818	-	0.392	-	0.713*
								_

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Understanding the MRTP claim for number of cigarettes that	P claim for number o		can be smoked in addition to using $General\mathrm{Snus}^{\circledast}$ to maintain a lower risk of diseases^2	lition to using <i>Gene</i>	ral Snus® to maint	ain a lower risk of	diseases ²	
*X	217	204	222	223	4	9	4	5
(/0)	183 (84.3%)	175 (85.8%)	187 (84.2%)	181 (81.2%)	4 (100.0%)	6 (100.0%)	4 (100.0%)	5 (100.0%)
zero cigarenes (%)	(%6.88 - %8.87)	(80.2% - 90.3%)	(%8.8% - %8.8%)	(75.4% - 86.1%)	(39.8% - 100%)	(54.1% - 100%)	(39.8% - 100%)	(47.8% - 100%)
(/0/	15 (6.9%)	11 (5.4%)	16 (7.2%)	16 (7.2%)	0 (0.0%)	0.00%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Up to 3 eigarettes (%)	(3.9% - 11.1%)	(2.7% - 9.4%)	(4.2% - 11.4%)	(4.2% - 11.4%)	(0% - 60.2%)	(0% - 45.9%)	(0% - 60.2%)	(0% - 52.2%)
(/0) ==++=================================	3 (1.4%)	5 (2.5%)	7 (3.2%)	8 (3.6%)	0 (0.0%)	0.00%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Up to 20 digarettes (%)	(0.3% - 4%)	(0.8% - 5.6%)	(1.3% - 6.4%)	(1.6% - 6.9%)	(0% - 60.2%)	(0% - 45.9%)	(0% - 60.2%)	(0% - 52.2%)
As many as you want to	0 (0.0%)	3 (1.5%)	3 (1.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
smoke (%)	(0% - 1.7%)	(0.3% - 4.2%)	(0.3% - 3.9%)	(0% - 1.6%)	(0% - 60.2%)	(0% - 45.9%)	(0% - 60.2%)	(0% - 52.2%)
Doubt 10000	16 (7.4%)	9 (4.4%)	9 (4.1%)	17 (7.6%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
DOIL UKIIOW (70)	(4.3% - 11.7%)	(2% - 8.2%)	(1.9% - 7.6%)	(4.5% - 11.9%)	(0% - 60.2%)	(0% - 45.9%)	(0% - 60.2%)	(0% - 52.2%)
Pooling to on 1907	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.5%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
Decime to answer (70)	(0% - 1.7%)	(0% - 2.7%)	(0% - 1.6%)	(0% - 2.5%)	(0% - 60.2%)	(0% - 45.9%)	(0% - 60.2%)	(0% - 52.2%)
P-Value	-	0.111*	0.512*	0.875*	-	-	-	ı

¹ New *General* Snus[®] users defined as respondents who reported they had begun using *General* Snus[®] in the P30D at Wave 1 (Baseline).
² Diseases listed on the MRTP claim are the following: mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stroke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis.
CI: Confidence Interval.
N*: Number of non-missing responses.
P-Value from McNemar's test of respondents to baseline responses.
* Wilcoxon rank-sum test of paired values used because McNemar's test was undefined.

Page **53** of **57**

7.

7.1 PATTERNS OF TOBACCO AND NICOTINE PRODUCT USE

SUMMARY OF LONGITUDINAL RESULTS

Patterns of *General* Snus[®] use at each follow-up wave were **significantly different** than Wave 1.

■ The proportion of every day users decreased from 89.0% at Wave 1 to 58.7% at Wave 4, and the proportion of some day users increased from 11.0% at Wave 1 to 27.4% at Wave 4.

Protocol Number: SMU 19-01 GENS

- The number of days in the P30D that some day users reported they used *General* Snus[®] did not significantly differ from Wave 1 at any follow-up wave.
- Every day and some day users reported they used, on average, about 10 and about 6
 General Snus® pouches/day, respectively, at each follow-up wave, which did not
 significantly differ from Wave 1.

Patterns of <u>cigarette smoking</u> at Waves 3 and 4 **did not significantly differ** from Wave 1 among the overall group of respondents who completed all four waves.

• There were also **no significant differences** in patterns of cigarette smoking at any follow-up wave among the subset of respondents who had quit use of *General* Snus® during the study.

Compared to Wave 1, use of <u>nicotine pouches</u> **significantly increased** at Waves 3 and 4; use of <u>aids</u> to help stop smoking²⁰ also **significantly increased** from Wave 1 at each follow-up wave.

Overall, these results suggest that, while there were fewer *General* Snus[®] users at each follow-up wave, use of *General* Snus[®] was **not replaced with more harmful products**, such as cigarettes.

• Instead, respondents who quit use of General Snus® during the study transitioned to potentially lower risk products, such as nicotine pouches and/or aids to help stop smoking.

Swedish Match North America Page 54 of 57

²⁰ Aids to help stop smoking asked in the survey were all non-prescription, nicotine-containing commercial products, such as NicoDerm[®] CQ and Nicorette[®] Gum or Lozenge.

7.2 RISK PERCEPTIONS OF GENERAL SNUS® AND CIGARETTE USE

Overall findings suggest that some respondents are **misinformed about risks from using** *General* **Snus**[®] for development of certain diseases.

- About half of respondents at each study wave perceived using *General* Snus® is associated with a **moderate to very high chance** of developing <u>mouth cancer and</u> heart disease.
- However, nearly 90% of respondents at each study wave correctly perceived using General Snus[®] is associated with a low to very low chance of developing <u>lung</u> cancer.

At each study wave, respondents correctly perceived cigarette smoking is associated with **significant health risks**, as nearly all reported smoking contributes a **high to very high chance** of developing mouth cancer, lung cancer, and heart disease.

<u>Dual use</u> of *General* Snus[®] and cigarettes was perceived to be associated with **about the same health risks as using only cigarettes**, suggesting respondents understand that any amount of cigarette smoking is associated with significant disease risk.

■ This result does not provide evidence of a "halo effect"²¹ related to using *General* Snus® products, given they carry a modified risk claim.

Swedish Match North America Page 55 of 57

²¹ Seidenberg AB, Popova L, Ashley DL, et al. Inferences beyond a claim: a typology of potential halo effects related to modified risk tobacco product claims. *Tobacco Control*. Volume 30 (2021).

7.3 Understanding of the General Snus® Modified Risk Tobacco Product Claim

Respondents generally understood the claim that using *General* Snus® instead of smoking cigarettes puts users at a lower risk of developing certain diseases.

- About 80% of respondents at each study wave correctly responded that <u>using General</u>
 <u>Snus® instead of cigarettes</u> presents a **lower risk** of developing the diseases stated in the modified risk claim.²²
- About 85% of those who understood the modified risk messaging also correctly responded that cigarette smokers must switch completely to General Snus® (answered "zero cigarettes") in order to reduce risks of developing certain diseases.

Swedish Match North America Page 56 of 57

²² Diseases included on the modified risk claim are the following: mouth cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, stroke, emphysema, and chronic bronchitis.

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